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**RICHARD NELSON FRYE**  
*on his Seventieth Birthday*  
*by his Colleagues and Students*

Managing Editor  
Carolyn I. Cross

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## AHMEDİ'S HISTORY OF THE OTTOMAN DYNASTY

Kemal Silay

### Introduction

#### 1. Ahmedî and His İskndernâme

Tâcü'd-dîn İbrâhîm bin Hîdr, better known by his pen name Ahmedî, is the greatest poet of fourteenth century Turkish divan literature. Even though his place and date of birth are not certain, since some historical sources mention that he died in 815/1412, scholars generally have accepted his date of birth as approximately 735/1334 or 736/1335.<sup>1</sup> The information from historical sources about Ahmedî's place of birth is also disputable. According to some accounts, Ahmedî is from Sivas, and according to others, from Germiyân or Amasya.<sup>2</sup>

The known historical sources do not provide us with satisfactory information about his education. What these documents do indicate is that he went to Cairo to study under Şeyh Ekmelü'd-dîn and made friends with Hâcî Paşa and Molla Fenârî. Some of these sources tell that, upon his return home, he entered into the service of Süleymân Şâh, the beg of Germiyân. Neither is it known exactly when Ahmedî started to gain access to the Ottoman court.<sup>3</sup>

Ahmedî, who is the most prolific poet of 14th century Anatolia, is the author of the following works: (1) *Dîvân*, (2) *İskndernâme*, (3) *Cemşîd ü Hûrsîd*, (4) *Tervîhu'l-ervâh*, (5) the translation of *Esrârnâme*, (6) *Bedâyî'u's-sîhr fi Sanâyi'iş-sî'r*, (7) *Mirkâtu'l-edeb*, (8) *Mîzânu'l-edeb* and *Mî'yâru'l-edeb*, (9) and the commentary of *Kaşide-i Şarşârî*.<sup>4</sup>

Since the "Tevârîh-i Mülük-i âl-i 'Oşmân," which is the main topic of my study here, is a part of the *İskndernâme*, at this point, it is necessary to give some information about this famous Turkish *meşnevî*.

We have, here, the first versified Alexander story in Turkish literature.<sup>5</sup> The *İskndernâme*, Ahmedî's largest *meşnevî*, is over 8,000 couplets long.<sup>6</sup> Here, he used the Alexander legend as a vehicle for delivering a series of discourses on theology, mysticism, philosophy, medicine, geography, astronomy, and other topics.

A large portion of this work consists of an account of world history. However, it cannot be considered as separate from the whole *İskndernâme*.<sup>7</sup> The "Tevârîh-i Mülük-i âl-i 'Oşmân" is the last chapter of Ahmedî's "world history," which tells the story of the Ottoman dynasty from Ertuğrul to Emîr Süleymân in 334 couplets. However, the source of Ahmedî's "Tevârîh-i Mülük-i âl-i 'Oşmân," just like the other chapters of this "world history," has not yet been ascertained. The source that Ahmedî must have consulted in his Ottoman history was also used by later historians separately and more extensively.<sup>8</sup> In addition, Ahmed-i Rîdvân, a 15th century Turkish poet, based his versified *İskndernâme* on Ahmedî's

<sup>1</sup>M. Fuad Köprülü, "Ahmadî," *İslam Ansiklopedisi*, I (İstanbul: Millî Eğitim Basımevi, 1950), p. 216; İsmail Ünver, Ahmedî, *İskender-nâme: İnceleme-Tipkîbasım*, Türk Dil Kurumu Yayınları 504 (Ankara: Türk Tarih Kurumu Basımevi, 1983), p. 3.

<sup>2</sup>See Ünver, Ahmedî, p. 3.

<sup>3</sup>For more information about him, see Köprülü, "Ahmadî," pp. 216-218; and Ünver, Ahmedî, pp. 3-4.

<sup>4</sup>For the descriptions of these works see Ünver, Ahmedî, pp. 5-7.

<sup>5</sup>For further information about the versified Alexander stories in classical Turkish literature, one should consult İsmail Ünver's outstanding work, "Türk Edebiyatında Manzum İskndernâmeler" (unpublished doctoral dissertation, Ankara Üniversitesi, Dil ve Tarih-Coğrafya Fakültesi, Eski Türk Edebiyatı Kürsüsü, 1975).

<sup>6</sup>Istanbul University Library MS, TY 921 is the longest copy among the known *İskndernâme* manuscripts and consists of 8754 couplets.

<sup>7</sup>Ünver, Ahmedî, p. 18.

<sup>8</sup>Halil İnalçık, "The Rise of Ottoman Historiography" in B. Lewis and P. M. Holt, eds., *Historians of the Middle East* (London: Oxford University Press, 1962), p. 161.

## Kemal Silay

work. The chapter on the Ottomans also shows the main plot of Ahmedi's "Tevârih-i Mülük-i äl-i 'Oşmân" in 465 couplets.<sup>9</sup> It was written with the same class of 'arûz meter (*bâhr-i remel: fâ'ilâtün/ fâ'ilâtün/ fâ'ilün*) that Ahmedi employed in his *İskndernâme*.<sup>10</sup>

Even though, starting in the 16th century, it was severely criticized by some *tezkire* writers, like Latifi and Hasan Çelebi,<sup>11</sup> the *İskndernâme* is of great value, not only for Turkish history, but for the Turkish language and its literature. In spite of their disparaging remarks that it is nothing but a translation, the following statements of Gibb clearly support the idea that it is not a direct adaptation of Nizâmî's work:

Ahmedi's poem is not, like many Turkish romances, a translation from the Persian. It has little beyond the name and the general subject in common with Nizâmî's celebrated poems. The story as given by Ahmedi follows generally on the lines of the history of Alexander as this is detailed in the Shâh-nâme of Firdausî. But the Turkish poet frequently modifies, sometimes quite alters, the incidents of the romance, and very often changes their order. The numerous digressions, scientific and didactic, are entirely his own.<sup>12</sup>

### 2. The Importance of the "Tevârih-i Mülük-i äl-i 'Oşmân" to Ottoman History and the Studies Done on This Work

One can find references to Ahmedi's versified Ottoman history in almost every historical work which is concerned with the foundation of the Ottoman Empire.<sup>13</sup> Although, naturally enough, it only recounts a limited period of the Ottoman dynastic history, from Ertuğrul to Emîr Süleymân, its importance derives from the fact that it is the oldest account of Ottoman history that has come down to us.

Ahmedi's epic has been the inspiration of many interpretations concerning the social structure of the earliest Ottomans, who have left no accounts of themselves. Especially in the context of the controversy among the Western and Turkish scholars about the *gâzî* concept, the "Tevârih-i Mülük-i äl-i 'Oşmân" has been mentioned and interpreted in many different ways. For both those who maintain that the fighting and the political expansion of the Ottomans was the outcome of a Holy War against the "infidels," a war which constituted an act of worship; and for those who consider the conduct of the Ottomans as contrary to a religious ideology, Ahmedi has become the first step towards understanding this debate.<sup>14</sup>

<sup>9</sup>See İsmail Ünver, "Ahmed Rıdvan'ın İskender-nâmesindeki Osmanlı Tarihi (Nusret-nâme-i Osmân) Bölümü," *Türkoloji Dergisi* VIII-1 (1979), pp. 345-402.

<sup>10</sup>However, some Orientalists, like József Thúry and Franz Babinger, thought that Ahmedi employed a syllabic meter in his *mesnevî* (see Ünver, "Türk Edebiyatında Manzum İskender-nâmeler," p. 139).

<sup>11</sup>Hasan Çelebi's following remarks would give a great idea about this criticism: "Egerçi mezbûruñ İskndernâmesi meşhûrdur; lâkin ne makûle idügi ma'lûm-ı cumhûrdur. Hattâ rivâyet olnur ki Ahmedi kitâb-ı mezbûrı a'yân-ı 'aşrina 'arz eyledükde, anlar dahi 'bu makûle kitâbdan bir iyice kaşîde yegdür' dirler." [İbrahim Kutluk, *Kinalî-zâde Hasan Çelebi, Tezkiretü's-şuarâ*, I, Türk Tarih Kurumu Yayımları XVIII. Dizi-Sa. 4<sup>1</sup> (Ankara: Türk Tarih Kurumu Basimevi, 1978), p. 148.]

<sup>12</sup>E. J. W. Gibb, *A History of Ottoman Poetry*, I (London, 1900), pp. 268-269.

<sup>13</sup>E.g., Paul Wittek, *The Rise of the Ottoman Empire* (London: Luzac, 1938), pp. 12-15; Mehmed Fuad Köprülü, *Les origines de l'empire ottoman*, Études orientales, III (Paris: E. de Boccard, 1935), p. 26; Rudi Paul Lindner, *Nomads and Ottomans in Medieval Anatolia*, Indiana University, Uralic and Altaic Series, Volume 144 (Bloomington: Research Institute for Inner Asian Studies, Indiana University, 1983), pp. 3, 7; Colin Imber, "The Ottoman Dynastic Myth," *Turcica*, XIX (1987), pp. 10, 11, 12, 17.

<sup>14</sup>At this point we should mention Wittek, who strongly believes that "from the first appearance of the Ottomans, the principal factor in this political tradition was the struggle against their Christian neighbours, and this struggle never ceased to be of vital importance to the Ottoman Empire" (*The Rise of the Ottoman Empire*, p. 2). However, many years after Wittek had presented his ideas about this supposed Holy War, Lindner comes forth with a new hypothesis maintaining that "... the Holy War played no role in early Ottoman history, despite the later claims of Muslim propagandists" (*Nomads and Ottomans in Medieval Anatolia*, p. 6). More or less the same ideas were presented on the earliest period of the Ottoman Empire by Pál Fodor, using Ahmedi's history as his basic source. He believes that "... the *Dâsitân* contains concrete references to the effect that the ideas of *gazâ* and *gâzî* are the products of later interpretations" ("Ahmedi's *Dâsitân* as a Source of Early Ottoman History," *Acta Orientalia Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae*, XXXVIII, 1-2 [1984], p. 52).

### Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

Were I to give my ideas about the essence of the “Tevārīḥ-i Mülük-i āl-i ‘Oṣmān,” I would say that what Aḥmedī has written in these 334 couplets is a religious epic. In other words, no matter what some historical and anthropological studies maintain, what we find in this historical source is a religious picture of the first Ottoman Sultans. However, the religious appearance created by Aḥmedī does not necessarily mean that the idea of that “Holy War” can easily be accepted as a definite historical fact.

It is obvious that the “Tevārīḥ-i Mülük-i āl-i ‘Oṣmān” is of great value to Ottoman history. For this reason, many scholars have turned their attention to this work: it was Necib ‘Āşim who first published some parts of this work in 1329/1911.<sup>15</sup> After this, Nihad Sami Banarlı’s “édition critique,” with an important historical investigation of the text, came out in 1939.<sup>16</sup> Finally, Çiftçioğlu Nihal Atsız published the same text in 1949.<sup>17</sup> These different editions of Aḥmedī’s Ottoman history have been used by Turkish and Western historians mainly because no better one has been available.

Among these attempts, Banarlı’s edition made a significant impact in Turkey and in Europe because of his successful treatment of the text from a historical point of view. Some Turkish historians, however, confused the success of this historical analysis with the quality of the édition critique.”<sup>18</sup> Ahmed Ateş, on the other hand, was the first scholar who thoroughly criticized the “édition critique” of Nihad Sami Banarlı.<sup>19</sup> Ateş, in his article, first deals with the critical methods which have been used in the West for the publication of the classics from Antiquity. Then he comes to Banarlı’s edition of the text, which the latter himself called “the perfect édition critique,” and severely criticizes his endeavor. The most important criticism that he makes, with which I completely agree, is that Banarlı has not repaired or reconstructed the text, but has unconsciously mixed the copies he chose to use without any kind of critical method.

Therefore, the text Banarlı has come out with hardly represents the Ottoman history which was written by Aḥmedī. Secondly, he mentions the fact that Banarlı has not shown all of the textual variants in his apparatuses. He has given only the variants that he believes “the most important” without giving any scholarly reason for his value judgements. Ateş goes on to say that Banarlı usually has not made sound decisions in choosing the right elements from the copies. He notes that it is hard to determine which heading was taken from which copy, and on top of everything else, he has sometimes chosen semantically incorrect elements from other copies: for example, some headings which, as he presents them, are incorrect in Persian.<sup>20</sup> Thus, what Ahmed Ateş essentially means in this significant article is that this “perfect édition critique” does not belong to Aḥmedī but is the production of Nihat Sami Banarlı himself. As Ateş has already proved in his critical article,<sup>21</sup> Banarlı’s text is hardly a scholarly edition of this significant historical account.

Apart from the fact that his “édition critique” is neither the reconstruction of the text, nor the repair of any known copy of the “Tevārīḥ-i Mülük-i āl-i ‘Oṣmān,” its basic weakness comes from a great amount

<sup>15</sup>“‘Oṣmānlı Tārīḥ-nüvisleri ve Müverrihleri,’ Tārīḥ-i ‘Oṣmāni Encümeni Mecmū’ası, 1-2 (1329/1911), pp. 41-52.

<sup>16</sup>“Ahmedī ve Dâsitân-ı Tevârîh-i Mülük-i Âl-i Osman,” Türkîyat Mecmuası, VI (1939), pp. 49-176.

<sup>17</sup>“Ahmedî Dâstân ve Tevârîh-i Mülük-i Âl-i Osman,” Osmanlı Tarihleri, I (İstanbul: Türkiye Yaynevi, 1949), pp. 1-35.

<sup>18</sup>For the eulogy of his so-called “mükemmeliédition critique,” see Fevziye Abdullah [Tansel], “Nihad Semî Banarlı, Dâsitân-ı tevârîh-i Mülük-i Âl-i Osman ve Cemşid-ü Hurşid mesnevîsi, İstanbul: Bürhaneddin Matbaası, 939” [Review Article], Ülkü Halkevleri Dergisi, XIII-76 (Haziran 1939), pp. 374-377; H. Adnan Erzi, “Tahlil ve Tenkitler, Nihad Sami Banarlı, XIV üncü asır Anadolu şairlerinden Ahmedînin Osmanlı Tarihi: Dâsitân-ı tevarîh-i mülük-i âl-i Osman ve Cemşid ve Hurşid mesnevîsi, Türkîyat Mec. Cilt VI dan ayrı basım. İst. 1939, 128 sahife,” Belleten, IV-13, pp. 267-285.

<sup>19</sup>“Metin Tenkidi Hakkında (Dasitân-ı tevârîh-i mülük-i âl-i Osman münasebeti ile),” Türkîyat Mecmuası, VII-VIII, 1 (1942), pp. 253-267.

<sup>20</sup>For one such glaring mistake, see Ateş “Metin Tenkidi Hakkında (Dasitân-ı tevârîh-i mülük-i âl-i Osman münasebeti ile),” p. 265.

<sup>21</sup>This is still the best article in Turkey about the methods of critical edition.

Kemal Silay

of reading mistakes.<sup>22</sup> Now, I would like to show some of the mistakes that we find in Banarlı's "édition critique" (B) along with the forms provided in the present edition (P):

- B: Bu tevârîhî çün eyledün beyân  
Gönlüme bir nesne düşdi nâgehân  
P: Bu tevârîhi çün eyledüm beyân  
Gönlüme bir nesne düşdi nâgehân (couplet 1)
- B: در بیان استعداد تأخیر قصه غازیان  
P: İstî'zâr- Te'bîr-i Kazîyye-i Gâziyân (heading b)
- B: Hak katinde rızk içinde dür olar  
Ölmediler bil ki zinde dür olar  
P: Hak katında rızk içindedür olar  
Ölmediler belki zindedür olar (couplet 31)
- B: Yürüdü Sögüt iline geldi ol  
Kılıçıyla ol yurayı aldı ol  
P: Yürüdü Sögüt iline geldi ol  
Kılıçıyla ol yöreni aldı ol (couplet 48)
- B: Ol ölicek aldı yirin O r h a n  
Ana didi ehl-i keramet اورخان  
P: Ol ölicek aldı yirin Orhân  
Aña didi ' ehl-i kerâmet ki 'ur hân!' (couplet 57)
- B: Dir iken كه الفقر کاد ان يکون  
Baht oldu ana gına da rehnümûn  
P: Dir iken ki ' el fâkru kâde en yekûn  
Baht oldu 'aña 'anâda rehnümûn (couplet 84)
- B: Çünkü adı yır dürür ne bulsa yır  
Unmagl anı nice gerekse yır  
P: Çünkü adı yır durur ne bulsa yır  
Öñimegil anı niçe gerekse yır (couplet 122)
- B: Şâh olanun işi böyle gerek  
Ki olımıya levh i keremden adı حك  
P: Şah olanuñ işi ھوڈ böyle gerek  
Ki ' olmaya levh-i keremden adı hak (couplet 147)
- B: Hakdan ayrışı gönülden sürdürüş  
Dilerisen kim yavuz olmaya iş  
P: Hâkdan ayrışı gönülden sür, düriş  
Dilerisen kim yavuz olmaya iş (couplet 181)
- B: Şâh-ı Osmânî ki 'adliydi Ömer  
Bildi ki olur kadilar bî dâdger  
P: Şâh-ı 'Osmânî ki 'adleydi 'Ömer  
Bildi ki ' olur қâdîler bîdâdger (couplet 273)

Besides all of these reading mistakes, the number of typographical errors is annoying in Banarlı's text. In addition, I would like to point out that he has not shown all textual variants. He has given, on the average, one or two variants for each couplet from the manuscripts he "compared." Before I deal with the edition of Atsız, I would like to quote the following remarks of Ateş about Banarlı's "Dâsitan-ı Tevârîh-i Mülük-i Âl-i Osman":

- Bir filolog için, Necib Asım neşri, bütün kusurlarına rağmen, kabil-i istifadedir. Çünkü onda müstensihin yanlış bir nüshadan istinsah etmiş olması ve bizzat yanlışlar yapması mümkündür. Bunlar bir dereceye kadar dil tarihi, zamanın tarihi, diğer menbâlarla karşılaştırma, müstensihin

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<sup>22</sup>For some of the most striking reading mistakes of this edition, see Ateş, "Metin Tenkidi Hakkında (Dasitan-ı tevârîh-i mülük-i âl-i Osman münasebeti ile)," pp. 262, 264, 266, 267.

### Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

memleketi hakkındaki bâzı mâtûmat v.s. ile tashih olunabilir. Fakat nushaları, bu nesirdeki gibi, birbirine karıştırarak, meydana getirilmiş metinden, dil tarihi ve umumiyetle tarih bakımından istifade için filologlar henüz müsbet bir usûl tesbit edememişlerdir.<sup>23</sup>

Atsız essentially repeated Banarlı's mistakes, even though his edition, in terms of the amount of reading mistakes, is much better than the previous one. Just like in Banarlı's text, there is no definitive transcription system in the Atsız edition. He did not even consider it necessary to mention which copy or copies he used. Also "nusha farklıları tarih bakımından hiçbir ehemmiyeti haiz olmadığı için,"<sup>24</sup> he did not indicate any textual variants in this "Dâstân ve Tevârîh-i Mülük-i Âl-i Osman." Another important point that should be made concerning the Atsız edition is that the headings were given with only the Turkish translation. Therefore, the reader of this text has no idea as to what the Persian headings originally said.

### 3. The Manuscripts Used

The number of known manuscripts of Aḥmedī's *İskendernâme* has reached 75, according to the studies done by Ünver.<sup>25</sup> As he has already mentioned, a careful search done in Turkish libraries and private collections will probably provide more copies of this *meşnevî*. Some of these manuscripts were described in published catalogues, in some articles on *İskendernâme*, and in Ünver's *Aḥmedī, İskender-nâme: İnceleme-Tipkibâsim*.<sup>26</sup>

Since it was not feasible to use all the copies of *İskendernâme* existing in Turkish and European libraries,<sup>27</sup> only 10 manuscripts were selected for the present study.<sup>28</sup> Their list is as follows:

- A. İstanbul University Library MS, TY 921: copied in 847/1444 by Nebî bin Resûl bin Ya'kûb.<sup>29</sup>
- B. Paris, Bibliothèque Nationale MS, Turc 309: copied in 819/1416-17.<sup>30</sup>
- C. Konya Mevlâna Museum MS, Müzelik Yazmalar 97: copied in 864/1459-60 by 'Aṭā'u'llâh ibni 'Abdu'lâh.
- D. Turkish Linguistic Society Library MS, A 151: copied in 865/1460-61 by Emînî'd-dîn Muhammed.
- E. Turkish Historical Society Library MS, Y 137: copied in 888/1483 by Süleymân bin Hüseyin.
- F. İstanbul Süleymaniye Library MS, Çelebi 'Abdu'lâh 240: copied in 892/1486-87 by Hâlit bin Hâfiż el-Mar'aşî.
- G. İstanbul University Library MS, TY 6044: undated.

<sup>23</sup>"For a philologist, the Necib Asım edition can be used, despite its defects which may be due to the fact that, in that text, the copyist might have copied from a bad manuscript or he himself might have made some mistakes. These, to some extent, can be corrected by the help of the history of the language, history of the time [in which the manuscript was copied], the comparison with other sources, and some information about the place of birth of the copyist, etc. However, in terms of the history of language and especially of history, to be able to profit from a text which was composed by a mixing of the copies - like this edition - philologists have not yet established any positive method" (Ateş, "Metin Tekidi Hakkında," p. 267).

<sup>24</sup>"Aḥmedī, Dâstân ve Tevârîh-i Mülük-i Âl-i Osman," p. 5.

<sup>25</sup>Aḥmedī, p. 24.

<sup>26</sup>Pp. 25-27.

<sup>27</sup>It should, however, be mentioned that some of these manuscripts do not include the "Tevârîh-i Mülük-i âl-i 'Osman."

<sup>28</sup>I am grateful to my teacher, İsmail Ünver, who helped me choose these copies.

<sup>29</sup>This is the oldest known manuscript of *İskendernâme* in Turkey, and it includes all of the additions made by Aḥmedī himself. It consists of 8754 couplets; it is the longest one among the known manuscripts. For these reasons, it is of great value and was used as the main manuscript in preparing the present text, even though the Paris manuscript is the oldest known *İskendernâme* copy in the world (see Ünver, Aḥmedī, p. 27).

<sup>30</sup>This manuscript is one of the most valuable ones because it was copied in Amasya, the city where Aḥmedī had died four years earlier (see Ünver, Aḥmedī, p. 26). [I have used the photocopies of this manuscript available in İstanbul Süleymaniye Library (Fotokopi No. 161, Arşiv No. 1842; Süleymaniye Kütüphanesi Mikrofilm ve Fotokopi Servisi, Mayıs 1970).]

Kemal Silay

- H. Turkish Linguistic Society Library MS, A 531: undated.  
I. İstanbul University Library MS, TY 166: undated.  
J. Turkish Historical Society Library MS, Y 402: undated.

**4. The Principles Followed in the Present Study**

In preparing the text of the “Tevârih-i Mülük-i äl-i ‘Osmân,” I have used MS A (İstanbul University Library, TY 921) as the basic copy because of the reasons which have already been mentioned in the preceding section of this Introduction (notes 29 and 30). I have not tried to reconstruct the text in the classical sense of this notion, reconstructing an “ideal” text. I have rather based my text primarily on the MS which I consider to be the most reliable one among those that I have used, supplying to that text, where I saw it necessary, certain corrections or reparations.

I determined the “correct” or “repaired” forms judging according to the textual variations between the MSS used. I have noted all textual variants, including spelling mistakes,<sup>31</sup> in the apparatus. The critical comparison of these textual variants with the text of MS A allowed me to replace some elements of the following heading and couplets: (n), 14, 21, 23, 30, 31, 62, 68, 78, 87, 118, 134, 144, 146, 149, 182, 199, 223, 249, 254, 274, 308, 322, 325, 328.

About the transcription of the text, I would like to point out a few linguistic problems that we actually find in every Old Anatolian Turkish text: under the influence of the Uighur writing system, the consonants /ç/ and /p/ in Turkish words sometimes were written with /چ/ and /پ/; for example, üç: چى (18,116); olup: اولۇپ (309), etc. These kinds of /چ/ and /پ/ consonants were transcribed as /ç/ and /p/ in my study.<sup>32</sup> A second major linguistic problem is the transcription of the putative “closed e” (= /é/) in Old Anatolian Turkish texts. This is in fact the case not only for Turkish (=Turkic of Turkey), but also for the common Türk dili. Since there is no orthographical indication in this text to distinguish between /é/ and /e/, and since there has been a great controversy among the linguists about this matter, I have preferred to transcribe this “/é/” as /i/ in the present text; e.g. yir: يىر (243, 269); biş: بېش (65), etc.<sup>33</sup>

The last point I would like to make, concerning my transcription, is about the indication of long vowels. Although I have noted the length of vowels using - (as in ā, ī, and ū) in all Arabic and Persian words, I have not attempted to show any possible primary or secondary length in Turkish words. Since the hypothesis about “long vowels in Turkic” is still in dispute, I did not take /ı/, /و/, and /ى/ in Turkish words into consideration as a definitive sign of length.<sup>34</sup>

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<sup>31</sup>These kinds of minor variants which, at the beginning, seem unimportant to many scholars, might be very useful for some future linguistic and literary investigations.

<sup>32</sup>See Mecdut Mansuroğlu, “The Rise and Development of Written Turkish in Anatolia,” *Oriens*, 7-2 (1954), pp. 250-264; Zeynep Korkmaz, “Eski Osmanlı Kaynaklarının Yayınında Transkripsiyonla İlgili Değerlendirmeler,” *Türkoloji Dergisi*, VIII (1979), p. 74.

<sup>33</sup>For more information about this problem in the studies of Turkic linguistics, see R. Rahmatî Arat, “Türkçe Metinlerde e/i meselesine dair,” *Rocznik Orientalistyczny*, XVII (1951-1952), pp. 306-313; K. Thomsen, “The Closed ‘E’ in Turkish,” *Acta Orientalia*, XXII (1955), pp. 150-153; Talât Tekin, *A Grammar of Orkhon Turkic*, Indiana University Publications, Uralic and Altaic Series, Volume 69 (Bloomington: Indiana University, 1968), p. 53; Faruk K. Timurtaş, *Şeyhî'nin Harnâme'si*, İkinci Baskı, Edebiyat Fakültesi Yayınlarından No 1629, Türk Dili ve Edebiyatı Bölümü (İstanbul: Edebiyat Fakültesi Basımevi, 1981), p. 51.

<sup>34</sup>Since O. Böhtlingk’s indication of long vowels in his famous Über die Sprache der Jakuten, “long vowels in Turkic” has become one of the most fascinating topics of Turkology. See Ligeti Lajos, “Türkçede Uzun Vokaller,” *Türkiyat Mecmuası*, VII-VIII (1940-1942) [Translated by Tayyip Gökbilgin], pp. 82-94; Talât Tekin, *Ana Türkçede Aslı Uzun Ünlüler* (Ankara: Hacettepe Üniversitesi, 1975); Talât Tekin, “Determination of Middle-Turkic Long Vowels through ‘Arûd,’ ” *Acta Orientalia Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae*, XX-2 (1967), pp. 151-170; Zeynep Korkmaz, “Eski Anadolu Türkçesinde Aslı Ünlü (Vokal) Uzunlukları,” *Ankara Üniversitesi, Dil ve Tarih-Coğrafya Fakültesi Dergisi*, XXVI, 3-4 (1968), pp. 49-66.

### Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

As for the translation, while devoting great attention to giving a meaningful rendition into English, I have been mostly concerned with respecting the meaning of the Turkish text. Where the original text did not allow an understandable, literal translation, I have added my own elements in square brackets, which complete or enhance the meaning in English. It should also be mentioned that, in the Translation I have employed the proper names as they appear in the Transcription, e.g., İskender, Rûm, Kastamoniyye, Lâz, and so on. A final transcriptional note: the representation of the vowels in the Persian headings reflects not the actual Persian pronunciation but the assumed Turkish way of pronouncing the Persian words. This is also true for all the other Persian and Arabic words and expressions that appear in the text.

In the Textual Variants, for some geographical and proper names, I have listed only the Arabic characters, copying them exactly from their manuscripts. I have assumed that these words, which, to the best of my knowledge, do not appear in any existing dictionaries, must be either mistakes made by the copyists, proper or geographical names which were misspelled or words which have been completely lost to us.

Finally, I should note that, in the Bibliography, I have given only those sources which were used in this Introduction, with the exceptions of Brockelmann's, Pantůčková's and Kortantamer's works, and only those dictionaries consulted in preparing the Index Verborum. This list, however, in no way includes everything written on Ahmedî.

### Text in English Translation

#### (a) History of the Ottoman Sultans and Their Campaigns Against the Infidels

1. When an inspiration suddenly appeared in my heart, I wrote this history.<sup>35</sup>
2. All [those] remarks [were just] a preoccupation; they were an inspiration. The [only] solution for [this story] is that it be finished.
3. I mentioned the situations and characters of the rulers.
4. Some of them were infidels, and some were cruel. They had more tyranny than kindness.
5. Now listen to the interpretation of how the justice of the Mongol rulers was.
6. They did not mention the fact that Cingîz Hân openly oppressed the people.
7. Without making their hands bloody, they oppressed the people by means of law.
8. If oppression takes place by law and seizure, it seems facile, like justice, to the people.
9. Those remarks [sound full of] so many deficiencies to us. Now, let us tell [the story] which has no defects.
10. Because all of the cruel people have been mentioned, [now] let us come to those who were just.
11. Let us tell of those begs, from the first to the last, who were not only Muslim but just.
12. The duty of all of them is to fight against the infidels. Whatever they wear and eat is lawful.
13. We will make it the conclusion to this book so that the story will finish there.
14. I will write a gâzâvet-nâme<sup>36</sup> for you. Listen but don't interrupt me.
15. Do not say "why have the gâzîs<sup>37</sup> been mentioned late, [and] why have they appeared at the end?"

#### (b) Apology for the Delay in Gâzî Affairs

16. What comes at the end is better than what comes at the beginning. Those who have intelligence understand what I say.
17. God - through His generosity - has bestowed power, intelligence, life, and existence upon the human being.
18. Intelligence, undoubtedly, was more important than the other three; that is why it appeared after the others.

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<sup>35</sup>The first nine couplets of this text are about the history of the Mongol rulers, which is continued here from the previous chapter entitled “Zikr-i İnkıraç-ı Hilâfet ve Hürûc-ı Cingîz Hân ve Tevârih-i Mülük-i Mogol.” These couplets, then, constitute a transition from Mongolian to Ottoman history.

<sup>36</sup>Heroic poem of military exploits.

<sup>37</sup>One who fights on behalf of Islam, champion of Islam.

Kemal Silay

19. The Prophet [Mohammed] came after the others. He became the definitive [prophet], and was honored more than all the rest.
20. *Kur'ān* is the last of the four revealed books. It has canceled the validity of the others with [its] superiority.
21. Because the human being came [into the world] later than everything else, he became the leader of all.
22. The Padishah is the banner everywhere. Can the sovereign become less [valuable] than that banner?
23. The resplendent pearl is formed in the depths of the sea; the thorn, straw, and chip are all on the surface.
24. *Tebbet*<sup>38</sup> and *Kul huva'llāhu ahad*<sup>39</sup> are the irrefutable proofs of this judgment.

(c) The Beginning of the Story

25. One day the auspicious Sultān 'Alā'ü'd-dīn asked: "What is the situation of the *gāzis* and the martyrs?"
26. He knew that campaign was the best way. For a *gāzī* it was easy to rally people around him.
27. The *gāzi* is the instrument of the true religion [=Islam]. Doubtlessly, his position will be pleasant.
28. The *gāzi* is the servant of God, who purifies this world from the filth of polytheism.
29. The *gāzī* is surely the sword of God. He is the protector and the refuge of the true believers.
30. If he becomes a martyr on behalf of God, do not think that he has died; this auspicious one is [still] alive.
31. They are [now] in the midst of plenty in the presence of God. They did not die, they are certainly alive.
32. For this reason, he had a desire to go on a campaign, so that they would bestow the name *gāzī* upon him.
33. Levying his troops, he set out together with Gündüz Alp [and] Erüğrul.
34. In addition, Gök Alp and several people from the Oğuz [tribe] had become his comrades in that campaign.
35. He came to Sultān Yügi from Konya. There the people came into his presence, kneeling down before him.
36. He honored and entertained the rich; he granted presents and bestowed gifts upon the poor.
37. He sent an army from there to the infidel regions, so that they would attack the cities [and] kill the unbelievers.
38. There, Erüğrul battled for a long time. Finally he became world-famous.
39. He attacked cities endlessly, and took booty and captives. The army destroyed the land of the infidels.
40. The Sultan stayed in that region for a period of time, until the infidels were defeated.
41. The Tatars were at peace with him when they heard that he was going against the infidels.
42. Having gotten an opportunity, [the Tatars] again pillaged cities. Breaking the oath, they again became hostile [to Sultān 'Alā'ü'd-dīn].
43. Because of this news, he had so many difficulties. He had to return.
44. The Sultan gave those regions to Erüğrul, so that he would expel the infidel year after year.
45. He went back to Konya, after several conquests were bestowed upon him.
46. There, numerous people joined Erüğrul. Their affairs could only be improved through intelligence.
47. Opening his heart, he became one with those who joined him. He devoted his life to the way of God.
48. He marched and arrived in the region of Sögüt. He conquered that land by sword.
49. Shortly after that event, this world turned its face from him.
50. Erüğrul left this world for his proper place. His son, 'Osmān, took his position.

(d) The Emirate of 'Osmān, the Attributes of His Service and His Character

51. 'Osmān had become such a great *gāzī* that wherever he went, he succeeded.

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<sup>38</sup>One of the names of the 111th *sûre* of the *Kur'ān*.

<sup>39</sup>"Say, God is one" [*Kur'ān*: *Süretü'l-ihlâs* (112), 1].

### Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

52. He sent companies of soldiers everywhere, so that they would attack the cities and kill the infidel.
53. That illustrious one conquered Bilecük, as well as Eynegöl and Köprihisar.
54. He did not stop; he sent soldiers everywhere. He conquered numerous provinces in a short time.
55. That famous one annihilated the infidel. He besieged Bursa and İznik.
56. Because God - may He be honored and glorified - had preordained it, before conquering these two, the appointed hour of death came.

#### (e) The Sultanate of Orhān, the Son of 'Osmān

57. When he died Orhān took his place. The saints said to him: "Conquer Khan!"
58. The army coming from all sides, he plundered the infidel day and night.
59. He enslaved the women [and] children, whoever he found; they crushed the rest, old and young.
60. The servants of faith flooded the infidel and after that, they changed the name from ġazā<sup>40</sup> to akın.<sup>41</sup>
61. They drove the infidel out from their own land. They eradicated the blasphemy.
62. The learned men came from everywhere; they constituted the law of God.
63. Wherever there were [any] remains of polytheism, [this] monotheism cleaned them up, [and] there was no longer [any] rust [in their hearts].
64. Since then, ġazā has become a sacred obligation. In short, no one was as successful as them in war.
65. The great ġazı conquered a few forts. They took many villages, cities and countries.
66. Having been a Padishah [by the help of] God, Orhān became a supporter of and refuge to the true believers.
67. The flag of Islam became exalted [and] eternal. The verses of Kur'ān became manifest forever.
68. Orhān was just and merciful. The justice of 'Ömer was forgotten after that of Orhān.
69. Where there is the equity of the Ottomans, how can the justice of 'Ömer be mentioned.
70. He built up [many] mosques and mihrābs,<sup>42</sup> [and] he established a number of shelters.
71. Wherever he sent an army, they burned the infidel.
72. Whatever he did became good; whatever he undertook hit the target.
73. Much silver and gold money came to him from everywhere, [along with] beautiful servants and fair-breasted concubines.
74. The flag of blasphemy fell down. They exhausted the begs of the infidel.
75. Those people became sovereigns in a very short time, even though they had been poor in the past.
76. That illustrious one, by the help of God, took Bursa [after] besieging it.
77. There, demolishing [all the] churches, he built up mosques, buildings, and shelters.
78. Now, there is prosperity in that region [and] abundance in the home.
79. After demanding İznik, he conquered [this city] with great difficulty.
80. He took it, and destroyed the infidel. Now, that land is a region that belongs to the true believers.
81. Look at how she [= İznik] has become a part of the Islamic world. Look at how she has become [a land] which is full of scientists and scholars.
82. Orhān was a devout Muslim [and] a true believer. The scientists and scholars obtained support from him.
83. Sinān, who was in poverty, came before him.
84. While he was saying "el-fakru kāde en yekūn,"<sup>43</sup> fortune became a guide to him in difficulty.
85. He [= Orhān] made him "Paşa Sinān" for the sake of science and scholarship. [Sinān] acquired wealth, a high position, and dignity.
86. Orhān was a brave leader. They used to call him Nerīmān-ı Zamān (= the Nerīmān of the time).
87. When he shot an arrow, destiny was changed. The dragon used to be afraid of his spear.
88. His sword was a depiction of death. You would think that it was [as fast as] wind, and the bodies were motionless.
89. When he took his iron club, Sām-ı Süvār used to be afraid of him.

<sup>40</sup>Holy war on behalf of Islam.

<sup>41</sup>Flood; raid.

<sup>42</sup>Niche of a mosque indicating the direction of Mecca.

<sup>43</sup>Poverty is close to blasphemy.

## Kemal Silay

90. He had generosity, but Hātemī...; he had endeavor, but Rüstemī...
  91. He was compassionate to the true believer, a calamity to the infidel. He bestowed a thousand fears unto the infidel.
  92. His compassion was a healing [power] to the true believer. His oppression was perdition to the infidel.
  93. He caused clamor among the Lāz, [and] earthquakes in the cities of Ungurus.
- (f) Orhān's Sending of Süleymān Paşa to the Opposite Shore in Order to Fight on Behalf of Islam
94. Süleymān Paşa was the elder son [of Orhān]; he had all the qualities to be a leader.
  95. He had both bravery and munificence; he had both governing and ruling [ability].
  96. He had been endowed with good quality, to the extent that he was renowned for his kindness.
  97. He always did his best, fighting on behalf of Islam until he died.
  98. When he was giving an idea, he was like Asāf; when he was fighting in the theater of war, he was the embellisher of the ranks.
  99. What a virtue! He knew how to fight on behalf of Islam. He sacrificed his life for the sake of God.
  100. He was both a şırgır<sup>44</sup> and a şımsır-zen<sup>45</sup>; he was both a hasm-bend<sup>46</sup> and a leşker-şiken.<sup>47</sup>
  101. Orhān sent him to the opposite shore, so that he would fight there for some time on behalf of Islam...
  102. ... march with the soldier, [and] conquer countries, cities, and [other] lands.
  103. Whatever he found in [the regions] of the infidel, he would destroy, [and] he would burn their homes.
  104. He would kill those who did not accept [Islam] at his invitation, and would make the army of Islam victorious.
  105. By the order of God and his father's judgment, he arrived in the region of infidels with the army.
  106. There, he made several gazıs for the faith [and] his name became suitable to be a gazi.
  107. Wherever he went, he became the victor; he conquered countries, cities, and fortresses.
  108. There, he fought in such a manner that, in the west, the Fireng used to be routed.
  109. Wherever that illustrious one reached, he conquered cities and countries.
  110. Whatever he demanded, he obtained. Of course [finally], he became a great Sultan.
  111. He was given fortresses, properties, and tribute. He took many taxes from the begs of the infidel.
  112. Wherever he found a church, he demolished it. He destroyed the church-bell and burned the rope girdle.
  113. He threw the blasphemy to the ground, [and] made it invisible, vivifying the "Lā ilāhe illā'llah."<sup>48</sup>
  114. He demolished many churches, and turned them into mosques; there was no polytheism [for him], he worshiped monotheism.
  115. Several times he went on campaigns; he routed a great number of infidels.
  116. He conquered these three, too: Vize, Migalkara, and Ipsala.
  117. There, the infidel soldier was exhausted; there, the banner of blasphemy fell down.
  118. Months and years passed quickly; cities and countries were full of "Allāh[u] Ekber"<sup>49</sup> [sounds].
  119. Now, Mohammed is being thought of where Jesus used to be worshiped.
  120. One day, the claw[s] of ecel<sup>50</sup> reached him; there is nothing we can do against the command of God, may He be honored and glorified.
  121. Indeed, this world is a transient place; whoever comes here, [some day] must leave!
  122. Her name is "Earth"; whatever she finds, she eats. Do not object to her; whatever she needs, she eats.

<sup>44</sup>One who captures lions; brave.

<sup>45</sup>Swordsman; warrior.

<sup>46</sup>One who squeezes the enemy.

<sup>47</sup>One who breaks up armies.

<sup>48</sup>There is no god, but God.

<sup>49</sup>God is most great.

<sup>50</sup>The appointed hour of death.

### Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

123. Remove the desire for this world from your heart. Ambition stays, [but then] disappears, from this station.
124. Why did you sin, putting a lot of desire [into your heart]? You do know that your life span is too short!
125. Think of those whom this world has destroyed; many disappeared under the earth.
126. If you [want to] examine every mote of the soil, you will find thousands of zūl̄,<sup>51</sup> bāl̄,<sup>52</sup> bāṭ,<sup>53</sup> and leb.<sup>54</sup>
127. [God] adorns beautifully, embellishes beautifully, and creates beautifully. He builds [this world] up, and demolishes later.
128. This world was created by the command of God in order to show His kindness and His oppression.
129. He [=God] helps and elevates when kemāl<sup>55</sup> begins; it is [only] the deficiency and adversity which bring [you] to kemāl.
130. Orḥān moaned for his son; [however], sighs and wailing cannot do anything to bring the dead's life back.
131. This blue sky is sometimes uplifting, sometimes oppressive.
132. The sun and the moon moved day and night; days, weeks, months, and years came and passed.
133. Sometimes there was autumn, sometimes fresh spring; sometimes there was dark night, sometimes bright day.
134. When the hour of death had come from God, Orḥān left for the garden of heaven.
135. Holding the crown and the throne for thirty-nine years, he made [his] horse's trappings reach towards the rose garden of paradise.

#### (g) The Sultanate of Murād Beg Ğāzī which Lasted Thirty Years

136. Ğāzī Murād took his position. His aim was to fight on behalf of Islam.
137. He was a perfect Padishah and a wise [person]. He had precaution and intelligence.
138. He was modest, and he had a lot of endeavor. He was not harmful, but useful.
139. Even when he felt sorrow, he was glad. He was happy like a rose surrounded by the thorn.
140. Poor or abandoned, whoever came to him used to obtain a portion from his benefaction.
141. He became a protector of many destitute [people]; he made many poor people commanders.
142. He cut many people's heads off [and] threw them from the ground to the sky.
143. Leaving Çender because of destitution, Halil-i Çenderī entered into his presence.
144. [Halil-i Çenderī] was an ignorant [person]; he was deprived of any talent.
145. [Murād], seeing his difficult situation and poverty, made him a state officer with great kindness.
146. Ultimately, he made [Halil-i Çenderī] a vizier. What a vizierate! He became a great ruler.
147. What is called Sultan should be like this, so that his name will not be erased from the tablet of benevolence.
148. The Padishah should have such an understanding that, in his presence, there should be both dust and gold together.
149. The Sultan should have the goodness of hūmāy,<sup>56</sup> so that when a mendicant comes to him, the latter will be treated as a sovereign.
150. Because of the fact that fortune came to Ğāzī Murād, he was the adornment of the crown and throne.
151. He devoted himself to fighting on behalf of Islam forever; he gave merited punishment to the infidel.
152. He had strength, power and might; he was both young and heroic.
153. He was quite well known for his valiancy. He had also made a great effort in fighting on behalf of Islam.

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<sup>51</sup>Side lock of hair, lovelock.

<sup>52</sup>Mole on the body.

<sup>53</sup>Youthful beginnings of a beard.

<sup>54</sup>Lip.

<sup>55</sup>Perfection.

<sup>56</sup>A mythical bird, bird of paradise.

### Kemal Silay

154. His brothers became his enemies. All of them were put out of action by him.  
155. They were all devastated by his sword [because] the kindness of God had become a refuge to him.  
156. It was he who first extended his hand to Rūm. He gave much trouble to Kaysar.  
157. He took Engüriye in battle [and] invaded Sultān Yugi through force.
- (h) **The Battle of the Ḳaramāns with Murād Beg and the Crushing Defeat of the Army of Karamān**
158. The Shah of Ḳaramān fought with him; nevertheless, [Murād Beg] made [the Shah's] life unbearable for him.  
159. He asked for help and support from everywhere. Those who had power became a refuge for him.  
160. Every hero among the Tatars was a soldier and friend to him.  
161. The Varsak, Turğud, Türk, Rūm, and Şām were for him without exception.  
162. Having heard the news, Gāzī Murād marched in splendor to become famous.  
163. He did not ask for help from anybody; it was God who bestowed the conquest upon [Murād] because of his tevekkül.<sup>57</sup>  
164. He was [like] lightning; he flashed when he was fighting. He fought like a lion with the enemy.  
165. Lances were broken, sharp swords were turned into pieces. You would think that the Day of Resurrection had come.  
166. Both the Turks and Tatars, being destroyed became fodder for his sword.  
167. The Shah of Ḳaramān ran away from him. [Gāzī Murād] became the owner of the sun, sky, and moon.  
168. Leaving all their belongings, they fled to save their dear lives.  
169. You know what the Ḳaramānlı have! All were destroyed there.  
170. Many begs were killed there. Many young men fell [and] passed away.  
171. Because of the fact that this conquest was facilitated by God, he made his determination a definite resolution towards the infidel.
- (i) **The Departure of Murād Beg Gāzī to the Opposite Shore for the Service of the Military Expedition on Behalf of Islam and for the Conquest of Countries**
172. Wherever he went, he obtained victory. His sword worked on the shield.  
173. His arrow's spearhead became death. Wherever it fell, it brought annihilation.  
174. This adequate, illustrious one took [many] countries, just like Sām-ı Süvār had conquered the Kāf.<sup>58</sup>  
175. He had no expectations from fighting except to obtain God's pleasure.  
176. Finally he attained victory against the infidel. He turned the land of infidels upside-down.  
177. Showing humility is a devotion to the worship of God. The virtue of obedience to God is useless without it.  
178. The person finds prosperity from his obedience to God. May he not have anything in his heart except God.  
179. If you have [any] trace of worldly desires in your heart, don't think that [your] worship is blessed; it has become evil!  
180. He who has thought about worldly desires has not found anything useful. Destroy the desires for this world in your heart, so that [your] affairs will go well.  
181. Strive, take everything against God away from the heart, if you don't want [your] affairs to be inauspicious.  
182. Let me tell a story on these remarks; let me read verses from the Kur'ān for you.
- (j) **The Story about the Inauspiciousness of Deficient Belief<sup>59</sup>**
183. The holy war became an obligatory act for the Jews. This is a loan that will be paid [dearly].  
184. The army of İmliķ was their adversary. All of them were infidels and atheists.  
185. However, all were brave swordsmen, archers, and leskersiken.  
186. They did not go on that campaign because of fear; they did not sacrifice themselves for the sake of God's command.

<sup>57</sup>A putting one's trust in God.

<sup>58</sup>Mythical mountain.

<sup>59</sup>This story, told in couplets 183-222, was adapted from the Kur'ān: Sūretü'l-bakara (2), 246-251.

### Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

187. God made them weak in face of the enemy. They all became contemptible and depressed.
188. They decimated them by fighting; they enslaved all the women and children.
189. They didn't leave a thing. They pillaged everything. They also drove all of them away from their lands.
190. Because that calamity had come to the children of Israel, [the Jews] suffered many troubles.
191. They realized that the divine wrath called down upon them was the result of their unfaithfulness to God.
192. The women and children were taken captive. There was no longer anyone to be their chief.
193. They were without a leader. They were all feeble and debilitated.
194. There was a messenger among them whom they used to call by the name of Urmīyā.
195. They said to him: "Help us! Appoint someone as leader..."
196. ...so that we will gather together around him when we [want] to take revenge on the adversary!"
197. Urmīyā said: "Should there be a leader, you will probably fight."
198. They said: "Why shouldn't we fight? The children and women are lost, the land was taken!"
199. He who says he is for war should not be happy; because [of it], the land, children, and women have been taken away.
200. If any desire other than believing in God comes to [one's mind], it becomes polytheism; how can it be good [in the presence of] God?
201. They did not say: "Let us sacrifice our lives in battle for the sake of God's order!..."
202. ...Life belongs to Him, let us give it up in His way; let us strengthen the love for Him in our hearts!"
203. Life is so prosperous, life is so happy, because they are going to sacrifice it for the sake of God.
204. According to true belief, there should be only God in the heart. Whatever is there other than God should be destroyed.
205. For he who does not believe in God, in his eyes, let this world look like a thorn. One who mentions God should not have any inclination towards worldly desires.
206. God made Tālūt their leader, so that they would fight with the enemy.
207. They marched towards them in order to attack, hurling themselves at the enemy.
208. On a hot day, they stopped off at a river. All of them [were] afflicted and extremely thirsty.
209. Getting endurance from God, they became accustomed to not having water.
210. A divine inspiration proclaimed that no one should drink that water; [everybody] should stop [but] pass by that river.
211. Whoever [wants] to drink, should only have a handful [of water]. One who behaves in that way will be a true believer.
212. One who does not go there will be an advantage in the struggle.
213. However, all were not entirely sincere believers; children [and] adults took [and] drank the water.
214. There, all of them became sick, unwell, wretched and miserable.
215. Those who drank too much withered away; those who had a little stayed healthy.
216. There was no sincerity in their belief; necessarily, they suffered calamity.
217. In all, three hundred and thirteen persons stayed [alive], but all of them [were] sincere and true believers.
218. They marched, wishing for victory from God. By all means their affairs became good.
219. There, Tālūt killed Cālūt; the 'Imlīkīs were destroyed one by one.
220. The belief of those who drank too much was deficient; necessarily, their sorrow became great.
221. The belief of those who drank little was not weak; that is why their affairs went well.
222. In this manner, I have told you [the story]. [How about the Ottoman house?] The behavior of the Ottomans is well known!
223. Because the sincere belief of the Ottomans became distinguished, they found a special attachment in the presence of God.
224. Wherever they went, they found the way. They conquered countries, defeated peoples.
225. Had there been [any] defect in their belief, their affairs would have been beleaguered by damage.
226. Oh ye who knows the history, tell me if you know rightly!
227. Ever since the community of Moḥammed [=the Muslims] emerged, they have been the people of Halil.

### Kemal Silay

228. Since war on behalf of Islam has been the sacred duty to this people, who has fought like them?  
229. Taking a number of the infidels' countries and cities, they killed their rulers.  
230. Keep in mind that the One who said "Ümmetî ta'lû velâ tu'lâ"<sup>60</sup> declared that for this people!  
231. In short, Gâzî Murâd was a true and devout believer.  
232. He has built up shelters, mosques, and mausoleums; [after all these], there is no grief for him to die.  
233. While he was in this world, he prepared himself for the next world, where everybody [=the elite, and the common people] will be tranquil.  
234. While he was alive he used to help people. He passed away, [but] his benefaction still reaches [us]!  
235. He conquered the land of Rûm. He made their begs his servants.  
236. Finally, he coveted the Lâz; necessarily, a battle began between them.  
237. The fire-worshippers and the Christians, everyone between here and the west, sent innumerable soldiers to the Lâz [as auxiliaries]...

#### (k) The Battle of Auspicious Sultan Murâd Beg with the Lâz Unbelievers, and His Martyrdom, and the Defeat of the Infidel

238. ...so that, they would fight with Gâzî Murâd, and destroy his existence.  
239. Gâzî Hân fought with them, to the extent that they could find no way out.  
240. Such a battle had broken out between [them] that it went down in history with time.  
241. Wherever one looked, there were [only] heads; wherever one went, there were [only] bodies!  
242. The soil and the stone had been mixed with blood; every dried tear had become ruby-colored.  
243. The theater [of the battle] was full of heads and bodies in layers; the horse was walking on the corpses.  
244. Becoming worn out in that battle from violence, the infidel miserably ran away.  
245. The cavalry ran after the enemy. The Sultan stayed behind with some slaves.  
246. That leader waited there, so that when the army came back they would be able to find him.  
247. Apparently, there was an infidel lying with [his body] covered with blood from head to toe.  
248. He had hidden himself among the bodies, but was seeing Gâzî Murâd clearly.  
249. As fate would have it, he was lying, he [suddenly] stood up, [and] leaping, stabbed the Sultan with a khanjar.  
250. At the same time, the auspicious Sultan - who was a gâzî - certainly became a martyr.  
251. There is no prevention, that is the way of destiny. The human cannot be eternal!  
252. He was a gâzî, he sacrificed himself for the sake of God. He is certainly a martyr!  
253. Ask for help from his spirit, so that you will be able to meet the conquest by the help of his victories.

#### (l) The Sultanate of the Auspicious Sultan Bâyezîd, the Son of Gâzî Murâd

254. Because the martyr Sultan passed away [in the holy war], Sultan Bâyezîd took his position.  
255. He became just like [his] father and ancestors; he became perfectly successful in all affairs.  
256. That famous one used to like the scholars and scientists; he used to bestow [gifts] abundantly, respect heartily.  
257. He used to tolerate those who were religious. He used to treat those who were devout with warmth.  
258. He made Şeyh Efendi, who was poor when he had come to him, a leader to all people.  
259. That sovereign gave him an important rank, countries, fortresses, cities, and lands.  
260. He took Sîvâs and Toğat from the Rûm. Conquering Cânik he arrived in Sâmsûn.  
261. Since that one was also conquered by him, he returned to his country.  
262. That Sultan conquered all the cities and regions as far as the frontiers of Anâlîye.  
263. He also took Alaşar, Şaruhân, Aydin, Menteşe, and Germiyân.  
264. Even Kastamonîye was conquered by him, because that is the way the state affairs should be, according to him.  
265. Because he arrived in the cities of Karamân, he took Konya and Lârende, too.

<sup>60</sup>My people will ascend, and nothing can rise above them.

### Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

266. There was no city or land in that region which he did not take. That illustrious one conquered all of them.
267. He arrived in the country and established his authority. He greatly constituted, in the state, justice and equity.
268. Because the people obtained that justice from him, they were all, children and adults, busy with working.
269. There was not any place in all of Rūm which was not developed with his justice.
270. In the country, there was no desert or mountain left which was not turned into either a sown field, a garden, or an orchard.
271. For some time, he was openly ascetic; his [only] action was to worship night and day.
272. He never handled a glass of wine; he listened to neither *çeng*<sup>61</sup> nor *ney*.<sup>62</sup>
273. The Ottoman Sultan was the 'Ömer of justice; he knew that the *kādīs*<sup>63</sup> are tyrannic.
274. They are the takers of bribes, [and] abusers of the Islamic law; they don't know what "cause and effect" is.
275. For him it was not necessary to be interested in this world; [however the *kādīs*] say "wrong" to the right, [and] "right" to the wrong!
276. Gathering them all together, he called them to account; whatever they had taken, he made them return.
277. He punished them with whatever was necessary; badness is the convenient [way] to the one who acts badly.
278. He made [them] straighten up, to some extent, by the struggle; [but] how can they have honesty?

#### (m) The Announcement of Sultān Berkük's Death to Bāyezīd Beg

279. After this, some time passed; night and day went and came back again.
280. With the command of God - may He be honored and glorified - the appointed hour of death came to the Sultan of Miṣr.
281. Hearing this, he attempted to go to Şām; he said that Miṣr belonged to him.
282. He did not say, 'He died, I am going to die, too; I am going to die, just like he died!'
283. If you need [any] clue about your mortality, look at the death of your neighbors.
284. They said to Nūşirvān: "Oh Shah, we've got some good news for you. The enemy, 'such and such', died, becoming devastated."
285. He said: "If I don't die, it is going to be good news for me; I don't want to die, just like he died..."
286. ...The good news is for what? I will die, too; like he died, I will be annihilated, too!"
287. The death of the enemy is a messenger for you; you will go there too!
288. Saying "that is the opportunity," he set out. He arrived in Mildenī with the army.
289. After besieging for some time, he conquered it; and then he turned his rein to the country.
290. He arrived in order to stay during the winter, [and then] in summer, equipped with arms, to go to the conquest of Şām.
291. What he had done was [just] a precaution; he could not realize that it was a predestination.
292. Human precaution does not work where there is God's predestination.
293. Whatever is predestined, it necessarily happens. Therefore, take this precaution no matter what happens!
294. In the meantime, Temür marched towards Rūm. The state became full of instigation, fear, and languor.
295. Because Temür did not have any justice, necessarily, he had a lot of cruelty and oppression.
296. It was certainly such a savagery that, even to mention it is a kind of wildness; the only solution is not to talk about it!

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<sup>61</sup>The simple form of the present-day harp which goes back to primitive times; although it was very popular among the Turks, it was abandoned in the eighteenth century.

<sup>62</sup>A reed flute played especially in Mevlevi music; today it is still one of the fundamental instruments of classical Turkish music.

<sup>63</sup>Judge of Islamic canon law and, in Ottoman history, governor of a *qażā*.

### Kemal Silay

297. That sovereign passed away among this languor. Many cities and countries were annihilated and burned.

#### (n) The Sultanate of Auspicious Martyr Sultan Emīr Süleymān -May God Glorify His Tomb-

298. Mīr Süleymān became the Sultan after him. It is clear like the sun; no need for evidence!
299. There, he will be the doer of justice. He will be either Nūşinrevān or 'Ömer.
300. You should clearly keep in mind that Cevne and Hindūstān have a grain [of value] compared to his grace.
301. If his ring seals the wax, he enslaves a hundred Hātim to a poor man.
302. There is no end to his character's beauty. There is never a limit to his goodness.
303. Hearing of his beauty's quality, Jupiter (=Müşteri) became desirous (=müşteri) for his love by sacrificing himself.
304. When the sun sees his horse's shoe, envyingly, he says: "Yā leytenī kūntū türāb."<sup>64</sup>
305. Although [he has] an army, wealth, treasure, and power, he does not desire to conquer a country.
306. Compared to his grace, the world is only as big as a mosquito's wing.
307. If he had desired to conquer a country without having a battle, the east and west would have been taken by him.
308. He is generous [and] compassionate. He is the owner of big-heartedness; "ni'me'l-fetā."<sup>65</sup>
309. His personality is free from haughtiness; as well, he is far from immorality.
310. There is no limit to his beautiful characteristics; therefore, [I don't know] how to describe him.
311. Nobody knows who the limitless one is, or is able to relate his description fully.
312. If the life span shows mercy to [us], - by the grace of God - in the future...
313. ...we are going to write a book [and] explain in it what Mīr Süleymān has done.
314. I have mentioned those sultans to you, from beginning to end, [saying] their names, [and describing] their characteristics.
315. It does not matter if this Sultan's name has appeared last, because he is earlier than all of them for his degree.
316. First came thousands of prophets; finally Mohammed arrived, the crown of saints!
317. Necessarily, He became the Hātem<sup>66</sup> of all [the predecessors], because God has created the universe for the sake of Him!
318. Even though the tree [grows] first and later [comes] the fruit, in terms of degree, the fruit is more profitable than the tree.
319. The existence came from God to those trees, so that the abundance of munificence would be able to give the fruit.
320. First the Torah, the Psalms, and the Gospels came down; and then the Kur'ān, which is entirely a spiritual light.
321. Undoubtedly, the Rose [=Prophet Mohammed] has become better than the Violet [=all the other prophets]; necessarily, [the Rose] comes after [the Violet].
322. Listen, let me tell you why the Tebbet was written before the Sūre-i İhlāş.
323. For this reason, the people of the world should know that, undoubtedly, the last one is better than the first.
324. Since the reason of existence was this Sultan, he obtained fame coming after all the others.
325. I have completed this poem for his sake, with praise.
326. Ahmedī has been in the service of him, [and] has devoted himself and the universe to his way.
327. Necessarily, he [=Ahmedī] has attained felicity and greatness. What a beautiful sultanate, what a noble Sultan!
328. One who acts without thinking is stupid; one who esteems [worldly] things is astray.
329. Whoever is a protector and an enlightened one in this world, may languor not enter into his good fortune.

<sup>64</sup>Would that I were dust [Kur'ān: Sūretü'n-nebe' (78), 40].

<sup>5</sup>He is the most generous one.

<sup>6</sup>The last.

### Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

330. May his protection always turn up in the world. May his sublimity's degree reach to the sky.
331. Let the autumn not come to his life span's garden. Let the world not bring anybody to his position.
332. This world does need him; he is the soul of this universe.
333. We have told the history in this manner. One who hears about it will clearly understand.
334. Let us again talk about the story of İskender; let us tell what happened at the end.

#### Text in Transcription

A 65b, B 288b, C 265b, D 209a, E 240a, F 259a, G 234b, H 251a, I 268a, J256a

#### (a) Tevârih-i Mülük-i ăl-i 'Oşmân ve Ğazv-i İşân bâ-Küffâr

1. Bu tevârihi çün eyledüm beyân  
Göflüme bir nesne düşdi nâgehân
2. Dahı sözler vesvese ' ol ilhâmdur  
Çâresi nedür anuň itmâmdur
3. Ol melikler ki ' anları zikr eyledüm  
Hâletin ü sıretini söyledüm
4. Kimi kâfirdi kimi ehl-i sitem  
Kâhrîdi anlarda bîş u luğ kem
5. Ol Moğol sultânlarınıñ 'adlini  
Niceyidi işit imdi şerhini
6. İtmediler anı kim Cingiz Hân  
Zulmden hâlka ider idî 'ayân
7. Zulm itdiler veli kânûnila  
Ellerin boyamadilar hûnila
8. Zulm kim kânûn u žabtîla ola  
'Adl gibi hâlka ol âsân gele
9. Vardur ol sözlerde bize çok zelel  
İdelüm şimdî ' anı ki ' anda yok hâlel
10. Çün añildi ol kamu ehl-i sitem  
Zikre getürelüm ehl-i 'adli hem
11. Añalum ol begleri kim serteser  
Hem Müsülmân idiler hem dâdger
12. Kamusunuñ işi kâfirle cidâl  
Geydugi vü yidügi mâlı hâlât
13. Bu kitâba idelüm anı hâtâm  
Ki ' anuñila ola bu nâme tamâm
14. Bir ǵazâvet-nâme düzeyim saña  
İşid illâ i'tirâz itme baña
15. Ǵâziler şoñra nişe ' añildi dime  
Anlar aşağı neçün geldi dime

#### (b) İsti'zâr-i Te'þîr-i Қâziyye-i Ǵâziyân

16. Şoñra gelen öñ gelenden yig olur  
Fikri olan buni kim direm bilür
17. Virdi Haķ insâna feyz itdükde cûd  
Kudret ü 'akl u hayatı hem vücûd
18. 'Akl ol üçden yigrekdi bigümân  
Lâcirem şoñra 'oldı añlardan 'ayân
19. Şoñra geldi enbiyâdan ol Resûl  
Hâtım oldı vü kamudan eşref ol
20. Dört kitâbuñ soñri Kur'ândur gelen  
Fażlila 'oldur anlara nâsih olan
21. Kamudan çün şoñra geldi ădemî  
Fażlila oldı ķamunuñ hâtimi

Kemal Sılay

22. Pāzişeh aşağı yukarı 'alem  
Ol 'alemden pāzişeh olur mı kem
23. Dürr-i meknün bahr ka'rında olur  
Hār u has hāşāk yukarı kalur
24. Tebbet ile Kul huva'llāhu aħad  
Bu söze hüccet ki yokdur aña red
- (c) Āgāz-ı Dāsitān
- I 269a, J257a
25. Bir gün ol Sultān 'Alā'ü'd-dīn sa'īd  
Şordı nolur hāl-i gāzī vü şehid
26. Bildi anı kim gāzā key iş olur  
Gāzī 'olanuñ haşrı bîteşvīs olur
27. Gāzī olan hāk dīmündür āleti  
Lācirem hoş olasıdır hāleti
28. Gāzī olan Tangrunuñ ferrāsider  
Şirk çirkinden bu yiri arndur
29. Gāzī olan Hāk kılıcidur yakın  
Gāzī 'olur püşt ü penāh-ı ehl-i dīn
30. Anı ki ' ola Tangrı yolunda şehid  
Öldi sanma kim diridür ol sa'īd
31. Hāk katında rizk içindedür olar  
Olmediler belki zindedür olar
32. Pes heves itdi ki ' ide ol bir cihād  
Ola kim gāzī uralar aña ad
33. Leşkerini cem' idüp girdi yola  
Gündüz Alp Ertuğrul anuňla bile
34. Dağı Gök Alp ü Oğuzdan çok kişi  
Olmuşdı ' ol yolda anuñ yoldaşı
35. Konyadan çün geldi Sultān Yügine  
Katına geldi ḥalāyık yükine
36. Baylara i'zāz u ikrām eyledi  
Yohsula ihsān u in'ām eyledi
37. Dār-ı küfre saldı oradan čeri  
Ki ' iller urup öldüreler kāfiri
38. Anda Ertuğrul çok itdi kārizār  
Lācirem oldı cihānda nāmdār
39. Urdı bīhad il ü aldı genc ü māl  
İtdi leşker dār-ı kūfri pāyimāl
40. Ol yörenede durdu bir kaç vakt sāh  
Tā kim ola kāfirün işi tebāh
41. Şulħidi Tatar anuňla ol zamān  
İşidicek kāfere ' olduğun revān
42. Buliban furşat girü il urdilar  
'Ahdi bozup girü kīne durdilar
43. Bu ħaberden irdi çok teşvīs aña  
Lābüd oldı girü dönmek iş aña
44. Virdi ol etrāfi Ertuğrula sāh  
Ki ' ide def'in ehl-i kūfrün sāl u māh
45. Bu kadar fetħ oliban rūzī aña  
Döndi gitdi girü Konyadin yaňa
46. Uydı anda çok kişi Ertuğrla  
Oldur iş kim dāniş ile toğrila
47. Ol gelenlerle göñül berkitdi ol  
Hāk yolna cānunu terk itdi ol
- E 241a, G235b
- B290a
- D210a
- C267a
- H252b
- F260b
- J257b
- G 236a, I269b
- B290b
- E241b
- D210b
- C267b
- F261a

Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

- |   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| 48. Yûridi Sögüt iline geldi ol<br>Kılıcila ol yörenyi aldı ol                  | H253a                |
| 49. Bunuñ üstine çü geçdi az zamân<br>Yüzini dönderdi andan bu cihân            | J258a                |
| 50. Gitdi Ertuğrul cihândan yirine<br>Oğlu 'Oşmân ķaldı anuñ yirine             |                      |
| (d) İmâret-i 'Oşmân ve Şifat-ı Kâr ve Sîret-i Ü                                 |                      |
| 51. Oldı 'Oşmân bir ulu ǵâzî kim ol<br>Nireye kim vardiyisa buldu yol           | B 291a, I270a        |
| 52. Her yaña virbidi bir bôlük çeri<br>Ki ' il uralar katlı ideler kâferi       |                      |
| 53. Bilecügi feth itdi ' ol nâmđâr<br>Eynegöl ile dahu Köprîhişâr               |                      |
| 54. Durmadı her yaña leşker saldı ol<br>Az zamânda çok vilâyet aldı ol          |                      |
| 55. Kâferi yüksüp yakup ol nâmđâr<br>Bursa vü İznikî eyledi hîşâr               | E242a                |
| 56. Eyle taķzîr itdi Hâk 'azze ve cel<br>Ki ' almadın ol ikisin irdi ecel       |                      |
| (e) Pâzişâhî-i Orhân bin 'Oşmân   |                      |
| 57. Ol ölicek aldı yirin Orhân<br>Aña didi ' ehl-i kerâmet ki ' "ur hân!"       | G 236b               |
| 58. Her yañadan yürüyiben bir çeri<br>Rûz u şeb târac itdi kâferi               | A 66a, F 261b, J258b |
| 59. 'Avret oğlan bulduğun itdi esîr<br>Kurdilar bâkî ne var bernâ vü pîr        | C268a                |
| 60. Kâfer üzre akdilar a'vân-ı dîn<br>Andan itdiler ǵazâ adın aķın              | D211a                |
| 61. Kâferi karşı yirinden sürdürüler<br>Küfri yire sokiban yitürdüler           | H253b                |
| 62. Her yañadın 'ilm ehli yitdiler<br>Dîn ne durur şer' taķrîr itdiler          |                      |
| 63. Nirede kim varındı aşâr-ı şirk<br>Yudi tevhîd anı vü ķalmadı çirk           | I270b                |
| 64. Ol zamândan kim fârižâ ' oldı ǵazâ<br>Bâri anlar bigi kim ķıldı ǵazâ        | B291b                |
| 65. Key ulu ǵâzî ' aldı biş altı hîşâr<br>Bunlar aldı bunca ' il ü şehr ü diyâr |                      |
| 66. Çünkü Hâk Orhânu itdi pâzişâh<br>Oldı ol dîn ehlîne püşt ü penâh            |                      |
| 67. Oldı 'alî câvîzân râyât-ı dîn<br>Oldı zâhir tâ ebed âyât-ı dîn              |                      |
| 68. Munşîfidî Orhân u dâdger<br>Unidildi ' anuñila 'adl-i 'Ömer                 |                      |
| 69. Kanda kim 'Oşmânîler 'adli ola<br>Orada 'adl-i 'Ömer nişe ' añaña           | E242b                |
| 70. Mescid ü mihrâb bünyâd eyledi<br>Niçe dâr-ı hayr âbâd eyledi                |                      |
| 71. Her yaña kim virbidi ol bir çeri<br>Yıkiban yaķdilar oda kâferi             | F262a                |
| 72. Toğru geldi her ne ki ' işledise ol<br>Yirine yitdi ne başladisa ol         | G 237a, J259a        |

Kemal Silay

73. Geldi her yirden aña çok sūm ü zer  
    Kul u ƙaravaş laṭif ü sīmber
74. Rāyet-i kūfr oldı anda sernigūn  
    Kāferüñ beglerin itdiler zebūn
75. Az zamānuñ arasında ol bölük  
    Yohsul iken cümlesi oldı mülük
76. Çünkü nuşret buldu ḥakdan nāmdār  
    Bursayı aldı idiben hisār
77. Yıkıban anda kelisayla deyr  
    Mescid eyledi binā vü dār-i ḥayr
78. Var durur şimdi ḥayr ol dārda  
    Toludur ni'met der ü dīvārda
79. İzniki daļı çeküp renc ü ta'ab  
    Aldı cün fethini eyledi ṭaleb
80. Aldı anı kāfirin kıldı helāk  
    Şimdi mü'min yiridür ol āb ü ḥāk
81. Gör ki nice dār-i İslām oldı ol  
    Gör nice 'ilm ehliyle ṭoldı ol
82. Pāk-dīn idi Orḥān pāk-i'tikād  
    'Ilm ehli buldilar andan murād
83. Geldi katına Sinān kim ol fakīr  
    Olmuşdı fakr elinde esīr
84. Dir iken ki 'el-fakru kāde en yekūn  
    Baht oldı 'aña 'anāda rehnümūn
85. 'Ilm adına itdi 'anı Paşa Sinān  
    Buldu andan māl u cāh u nām u nān
86. Bir bahādur server idi Orḥān  
    Ki 'aña dirlerdi Nerīmān-i Zamān
87. Atduğrı oğdan uşanurdu kader  
    Ejdehā rūmhinden iderdi ḥazer
88. Kılıcı 'anuñ bir muşavver merg idi  
    Şanasın ol bād, cānlar berk idi
89. Gürzin aldukdā ele ol nāmdār  
    Düser idi korkuya Sām-i Süvār
90. Bahşışı varıldı līkin Hātemī  
    Küşişı varıldı līkin Rüstemi
91. Mü'mine rāḥmetdi ḫef kāfīre  
    Şalmışdı biñ muḥāfet kāfīre
92. Mihriyidi mü'mine anuñ şīfā  
    Kahriyidi kāfīre anuñ şekā
93. Lāza düşmiş idi andan velvele  
    Ungurusuñ illerine zelzele
- (f) Fırıstāzen-i Orḥān Süleymān Paşa-rā be-isreyaķa ez-berā-yı Ğazā ve Cihād
94. Ulu oğlyidi Süleymān Paşa nām  
    Andaydı şart-i serverlik tamām
95. Hem şecā'at hem seḥāvet ehlidi  
    Hem siyāset hem riyāset ehlidi
96. Ḫüb evşāfila ol mevşūfidı  
    Şöyle kim elṭāfila ma'rūfidı
97. Dāyimā iderdi cehd ü ictihād  
    Kim ölince dīn yolunda 'ide cihād
98. Fikre düşdükde ol Āṣaf-rāyndı

C268b

D 211b, H 254a, I271a

B292a

F262b

J259b

E243a

G237b

B 292b, C 269a, I 271b

H254b

D212a

F263a

**Aḥmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty**

Cenge girdüğinde şaf-ārāyıdı	
99. Ne fażiletdür ḡazā bilür idi Haḳ yolında terk-i cān ḳılurıldı	
100. Şir-gür idi vü hem şimşır-zən Haṣm-bend idi vü hem leşker-şiken	
101. Virbidi isregeçeye ' anı Orḥān Kim ḡazā ide orada bir zamān	B 293a, G 238a I 272a, J 260a
102. Kim yürüye leşker ile ' ol nāmdār Memleket feth ide vü şehr ü diyār	E243b
103. Ne ki kāfirde bulurisa yıka Hānumānların ḳamu oda yaḳa	C269b
104. Da'vet ile gelmeyeni öldüre Leşker-i İslāmī gālib oldura	
105. Tangrı emri vü atası rāyla Vardı kāfir iline leşker bile	H255a
106. Dīn içün itdi orada çok ḡazā Oldı ḡazı olmağa adı sezā	
107. Nireye kim vardı gālib oldı ol Çoḳ diyār u şehr ü ḫal'a aldı ol	D212b
108. Ol arada ol ḳadar eyledi ceng Ki ' andan uşanurdu maḡribde Fireng	
109. Қanda kim irdiyise ol nāmdār Feth idüp iller aldı vü diyār	F263b
110. Her murādı kim diledi buldı ol Lacirem bir ulu sultān oldı ol	
111. Қal'alar virdiler aña māl u bāc Aldı kāfir beglerinden çok ḫarāc	
112. Қanda kim buldı kelīsā yıḳdı ol Nākūs u zünnārı oda yakdı ol	
113. Yire sokup eyledi kūfri nihān Lā ilāhe illā'llāhi ḳıldı 'ayān	J260b
114. Çok kelīsā yıḳdı mescid yaptı ol İkilik yoḡıdı bire ṭapdı ol	I272b
115. Niçe kez eyledi anda ol ḳitāl Niçe kūfr ehlini itdi pāyimāl	B293b
116. Vize vü Mīgalkara vü Ipsala Feth oldı aña bu üçi bile	G238b
117. Anda kāfir leşkeri oldı zebün Rāyet-i kūfr anda düṣdi sernigün	
118. Az zamāndan çünki geçdi ay u yıl Toldı Allāh Ekber ile şehr ü il	C 270a, E244a
119. ȏsı tapılduğu yirde ol zamān Şimdi añılan Muḥammeddür hemān	A66b
120. Bir zamāndan irdi ' aña çeng-i ecel Çāre ne Haḳ emrine 'azze ve cel	H255b
121. Fi'l-mesel nedür cihān bir rehgüzer Bunda uğrayan kişi lābūd gider	
122. Çünki adı yir durur ne bulsa yir Öñmegil anı niçe gerekse yir	F264a
123. Dünyenüñ mührini göñlüñden gider İşbu menzilden ki ' emel durur gider	D213a
124. Çok emel dutup saña kim didi az Çün bilürsin 'ömrüñi kim olur az	

Kemal Sılay

125. Fikr it kimleri kahr itdi cihān  
Kimler olmışdur yir altında nihān
126. Toprağuñ her zerresin itseñ taleb  
Bulına biñ zülf ü häl ü haft u leb
127. Hüb yazar hüb naş urur düzer  
Çün tamām ider anı girü bozar
128. Luñf u kahri Hañkuñ olmaç-cün 'ayān  
Emr ile geldi vücüda bu cihān
129. Bisler ü arturur irdükde kemāl  
Ol kemāle irgürür naş u zevāl
130. Oğlyiçün itdi nāle Orhān  
Ölüye nef<sup>c</sup> eylemez ah u fiğān
131. Bir zamān çünküm bu çarh-i ābgün  
Geh serefrāz oldı vü geh sernigün
132. Gündüz ü gice yürüdi mihr ü māh  
Geldi gitdi rüz u hefte sāl u māh
133. Geh hazān itdi vü geh tāze bahār  
Gāh tīre şeb gehī rūşen nehār
134. Tangridan va'de iriben Orhān  
Oldı bundan huld bāgına revān
135. Dutıban otuz ṭokuz yıl tāc u taht  
Cennetüñ gülzärına iletidi raht
- I273a
- B294a
- G239a
- E244b
- F 264b, H256a
- J261a

(g) Pāzışāhī-i Murād Beg Gāzī Sī Sāl Büd

136. Aldı anuñ yirini Gāzī Murād  
Kim cihād u gāzy idi aña murād
137. Pāzışāh-i kāmil ü dānāyıdı  
Şāhib-i tedbīr ü ehl-i rāyıdı
138. Göñli pest ü himmetiyidi bülend  
Nef<sup>i</sup> çog u yoğdı anda güzend
139. Kaygusu daňı ' olsa ol şādānidı  
Hār içinde gül gibi ħandānidı
140. Her ki ' aña irse fakīr ü yā garīb  
Ni'metinden bulurdı çok naşıb
141. Niçe düşmişlere oldı destgīr  
Niçeleri itdi yoħsulken emīr
142. Niçelerüñ başını götürdü ol  
Yirden ü pes göklere yitürdü ol
143. Bīnevālkandan koyuban Çenderi  
Katına geldi Halil-i Çenderī
144. Bu kamusila ki 'ilmī azıdı  
Her hünerde 'ārī vü nāsāzıdı
145. Gürbet ü hālin ü fağrin bildi ol  
Luñfila ' anı ehl-i manṣib kıldı ol
146. Ākībet mülke anı itdi vezīr  
Ne vizāret ki ' oldı bir ulu emīr
147. Şāh olanuñ işi hōd böyle gerek  
Ki ' olmaya levh-i keremden adı hak
148. Pāzışāha söyle gerekdür nażar  
Kim katında ' ola beräber hāk ü zer
149. Şāhda gerek ki ola yumn-i hümāy  
Kim melik ola irerse ' aña gedāy
150. Çünkü ol Gāzī Murāda irdi baht
- D213b
- I273b
- B294b
- C 271a, F265a, G239b
- H256b
- J261b

Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

Buldu ārāyiş anuñla tāc u taht	
151. Nez̄r itdi kim ide dāyim ǵazā Anı ide kāfīre ki ' oldur sezā	I274a
152. Vardı anda ķuvvet ü tāb u tüvān Nevcūvānıdı vü hem nevpehlevān	
153. Ol bahādurlıkdā key ma'rūfidı Hem ǵazāya himmeti maşrūfidı	E245a
154. Oldilar yağı aña ķardeşleri Ķamunuñ yitdi elinde işleri	B 295a, D214a
155. Қılıcından oldilar cümle tebāh Olmuşdı aña Haқ luftı penāh	
156. Evvel oldı ki Rūma şundi el Kaysara irürdi çok dürlü zelel	
157. Aldı Engüriyyeyi ol ḥarb ile Tutdı Sultān Yūgini hem ḫarb ile	
(h) Meşāf ve Ceng-i Karamaniyān bā-Murād Beg ve Hezīmet-i Leşker-i Karaman	
158. İtdi anuñla Karaman şahı ceng Līkin oldı yır yüzü gözine teng	F265b
159. Her yañadan istedi ' ol 'avn ü meded Ol penāh oldı aña ki ' oldur şamed	
160. Her bahādur kim Tatarda varıldı Ķamu aña leşker ü hem yāridi	J262a
161. Varsaķ u Turgūd u Türk ü Rūm u Şām Anuñla bileyidi ' anda tamām	C 271b, G240a
162. Çün işitdi bu sözi Gāzī Murād Germ yüridi ' edem diyü bir ad	
163. İstemedi kimseneden ol meded Feth virdi ' aña tevekkül-çün Şamed	H257a
164. Berk idi vü irişiben urdı ḫarb Düşmen ile eyledi şirāne ḫarb	
165. Cıdalar sindı uşandi tīğ-i tiz Şanayıduñ ķopdı rūz-ı rüsteħbz	I274b
166. Hem Tatar hem Türk olıban telef Kılıcına oldilar anuñ 'alef	B295b
167. Kaçdı öñinden Karamān şah anuñ Oldı mihr ile sipihr ü māh anuñ	E245b
168. Raḥt u büngāhı ķamu terk itdiler Cān 'aziz olur olıban gitdiler	
169. Çün Karamanluda bilürsin ne var Varı daħħi anda oldı tārumār	
170. Niçe begler anda oldilar helāk Niçe yigitler düşiben oldı hāk	D214b
171. Çün müyesser oldı işbu feth aña Kıldı 'azmin cezm, kāfirden yaña	
	F 266a, J262b
(i) Reften-i Murād Beg Gāzī be-isreyaka Cihet-i Gāzā ve Feth-i Bilād	
172. Nireye yüz dutdusa buldu żäfer Kılıci sindāna oldı kārger	B296a
173. Oldı peykāni ' oķinuñ peyk-i ķazā İrdügi yire irişdürüd fenā	
174. Mülki şayd itdi bu kāfi nāmdār Şöyle kim Kāfi ' eyledi Sām-ı Süvār	

Kemal Silay

175. Çün ǵazādan yoǵdı anda ǵaraz  
Cüz rızā-yı Haǵ ki ' ola aña 'ıvaǵ B 296b, C 272a, G240b
176. Lācirem kim kāfere buldı ǵafer  
Kıldı dār-i kūfri ol zīr ü zeber
177. Tā'ate ihlasdur şart-i kabūl  
Tā'atūn fažlı olur ansuz fužūl H257b
178. Tā'atinden kişi anda bula һayr  
Haǵ ola gönlünde pes olmaya ǵayr A 67a, I275a
179. ǵayrdan gönlünde varısa eger  
Hayr dime tā'ate kim oldı şer
180. Bulmamışdur һayr her kim didi ǵayr  
Gayrı cāndan mahv it ki ' iş ola һayr
181. Haǵdan ayruǵı göñilden sür, düriş  
Dileriseň kim yavuz olmaya iş E246a
182. Bu söz üzre bir hikäyet eydeyim  
Saña Kur'āndan rivâyet ideyim
- (j) Hikäyet der-Beyān-ı Şümī-i 'Adem-i İblās
183. Çün Benī Isrā'ile ǵazv oldı farż  
Ki ' ödenecık nesnedür söyle ki karż F266b
184. Haşm olara leşker-i 'İmlık idi  
Kāfir idi cümle vü zindik idi
185. Liki mecmū'i bahādur tīg-zen  
Tīrendāz idi vü leşker-şiken D215a
186. Ol ǵazāya korkudan varmadılar  
Haǵkuń emrine boyun virmediler
187. Düşmene kıldı Haǵ anları zebün  
Oldılar cümle zelil ü ser-nigün B297a
188. Kirdilar anları idüp dār u gīr  
'Avret ü oğlan ǵamu' itdiler esīr
189. Komadilar nesne ǵamu urdilar  
İllerinden dağı cümle sürdiler C 272b, G241a
190. Çün Benī Isrā'ile irdi ' ol belā  
Oldılar mihnet elinde mübtelā I275b
191. Bildiler kim terk-i emr idi sebeb  
Kim bulara irdi Tangrıdan ǵazab H258a
192. 'Avret ü oğlanlar oldılar esīr  
Kalmadı ' anlara kişi ki ' ola emır
193. Oldılar bıserver ü biser ǵamu  
Kaldılar bıkvvet ü bifer ǵamu
194. İçlerinde bir peyember varıdı  
Ki 'adila aña ' Urmiyā dirler idi
195. Didiler aña ki bize destgīr  
Oliban bir kişiyi itgil emır E246b
196. Kim biz anuń ǵatına cem' olavuz  
Haşmdan ola ki bir kın alavuz F267a
197. Urmiyā didi ki ' emır olursa siz  
Girü şayed kim ǵazā itmeyesiz
198. Didiler nice 'itmeyevüz kārzār  
Gitdi oğul u kız alındı diyār
199. Çün diyār u oğul u kız oldı yad  
Gazvden olam diyen olmaya şād
200. Haǵdan artuk çün ǵaraǵ düse ' araya  
Şirk olur ol Haǵka nice yaraya B297b

Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

- |   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| 201. Dimediler kim idiben kārzār<br>Cān virelüm çün buyurdu Kirdgār         | D215b                |
| 202. Cān anuñdur yolna terk idelüm<br>Göñlümüze 'ışķını berkidelüm          |                      |
| 203. Zī sa'ādetlü vü zī devletlü cān<br>Ki ' ideler Ḥaḳ yolna anı revān     |                      |
| 204. Ol durur iħlās kim ol Ḥaḳ kala<br>Daħu ne varsa gōñülden maħv ola      | C 273a,G241b         |
| 205. Ḫār görine gözine kāyināt<br>Haķķi diyen ġayra ķilmaz iltifāt          |                      |
| 206. İtdi Tālütü olara Ḥaḳ emīr<br>Kim ideler düşmen ile dār u gīr          | H 258b,I276a         |
| 207. Yüridiler haşm üzre varmaġa<br>Düşmene kendülerini urmaġa              |                      |
| 208. Issı günde bir suya uğradilar<br>Kamusı dil-sūħte teşne-ciger          |                      |
| 209. Haķdan iriṣdi olara ibtilā<br>Oldılar su içmemäge mübtelā              | F267b                |
| 210. Vaḥy oldu ki ' ol şuyi ' içmeye kişi<br>Uğrayup geçmek ola andan işi   | E247a                |
| 211. Her ki içe bir avuç içe hemīn<br>Eyle iden kişi ola pāk-dīn            |                      |
| 212. Bu ġazāya ol durur kim yaraya<br>Girmeye dahi kişi ol araya            | B298a                |
| 213. Ol ki iħlās ehli degüldi kamū<br>Aldılar şu içdiler kiçi ulu           |                      |
| 214. Orada mecmū'i bīmār oldılar<br>Haste vü bīċāre vü zār oldılar          |                      |
| 215. Çok içenlerün oliban cānı süst<br>Az içenler oldu cümle tendürüst      |                      |
| 216. Yoġħidi ' iħlāsından anlaruň şafā<br>Lābūd oldılar belāya mübtelā      |                      |
| 217. Üç yüz on üç kişi қalmışdı hemīn<br>Liki cümle muħlis ü pākīze-dīn     | D216a                |
| 218. Yüridiler Tangrıdan fetħ isdeyü<br>Lācirem kim oldu işleri eyü         |                      |
| 219. Anda Tālüt itdi Cālütü helāk<br>Oldı 'İmlikiler uçdan uca ħāk          | C 273b, G 242a,I276b |
| 220. Çoġ içenüň çünki iħlāsdı kem<br>Kayġuları bīs oldu lācirem             |                      |
| 221. Az içenüň çün degüldi ' iħlāşı süst<br>Lābūd oldu işleri cümle dürüst  | H259a                |
| 222. İşbu sözden kim saña itdüm beyān<br>Bilinür 'Oṣmāniler hāli 'ayān      |                      |
| 223. Āl-i 'Oṣmānuň çün iħlāşı ' oldu ħās<br>Buldilar Ḥaḳ hāzretinde iħtişās | F268a                |
| 224. Қanda vardılarisa yol buldilar<br>İller alıp ħalqa ġālib oldılar       |                      |
| 225. Olsa iħlāsında anlaruň zelel<br>Düseyidi ' işlerine bir kez ħalel      | B 298b,E247b         |
| 226. İy tevārihi bilen kişi 'ayān<br>Bilüriseň eylegil baña beyān           |                      |
| 227. Kim қopalıdan Muhammed ümmeti  |                      |

Kemal Silay

- Kim olar durur Ḥalilüñ milleti  
 228. Farż olalı bu ḥalḳ üzre cihād  
     Bunlaruñ gibi kim itdi ictihād  
 229. Kāfir elinden bu miḳdār il ü şehr  
     Ahban kıldı mülükün cümle ḳahr  
 230. Ümmetī ta'lū velā tu'lā diyen  
     Bunlaruñ-çün didi ' ola fikr eyle sen  
 231. Söz öküsdür çünkü ol Ĝazı Murād  
     Pāk-iħlāşıdu vü pāk-i'tikād  
 232. Yapdı dāru'l-ḥayr u cāmi' türbe hem  
     Bari ölmekden aña dahı ne ġam  
 233. Ukbīyicün yapdı dünyāda maķām  
     Ki ' anda āsüde olurlar hās u 'ām  
 234. Diriyiken ḥalqa ' irerdi rāhatı  
     Öldi hem girü irisür ni'meti  
 235. Rūm ilini çün musahħar eyledi  
     Beglerin kendüye çäker eyledi  
 236. Lāza daħu ' itdi ṭama' encām-ı kār  
     Ara yirde düṣdi lābüd għi' ü dār  
 237. Gebr ü tersā ġarba degin her ne var  
     Lāza leşker virbidiler bīšumār
- I277a
- (k) Ceng-i Sultān-ı Sa'īd Murād Beg bā-Lāz-ı Gebr ve Şehādet-i Ū ve İnhizām-ı Küffār  
 238. Ki ' ideler Ĝazı Murād ile neberd  
     Kılalar anuñ vücüdün hāk ü gerd  
 239. İtdi Ĝazı Hān olaruñila ceng  
     Şöyle ki ' oldu yir yüzü anlara teng  
 240. Kopdi bir ceng arada kim rūzigār  
     İtdi tāriħini anuñ yādigār  
 241. Başdı her yaña kim itseñ nazar  
     Gevdeyidi nireye ķilsañ güzer  
 242. Kana ġark olmuşdı topraklı taş  
     La'l-reng olmuşdı her kuru yaş  
 243. Yir tolu baş u ten idi kat kat  
     Küsteler üstinde yürüür idı at  
 244. Darbden ol ḥarbde olup zebūn  
     Kaçdilar küffār oradan sernigün  
 245. Kova gitdi düşmeni ḥayl ü sipāh  
     Kaldı bir kaç ķuhla bir yirde şāh  
 246. Durdu ' orada kim dönicegez čeri  
     Ol arada bulalar ol serveri
- A 67b
- E248a
- I277b
- J263b
247. Kana ālūze olup tā pā vü ser  
     Yatırılmış anda bir kāfir meger  
 248. Gevdeler içinde olmuşdı nihān  
     Liki Ĝazı Hāni görürdi 'ayān  
 249. Çün ġazā irdi yaturken durdu ol  
     Siçrayup ḥançerle şahı urdu ol  
 250. Ol arada ' ol demde sultān-ı sa'īd  
     Ĝāzīyidi muṭlaqā oldu şehīd  
 251. Çāre neçün böyledür čarħuñ işi  
     Bākī olmaz dāyimā zinde kişi  
 252. Gāziyidi vü għażāda ber ḥaġġ ol  
     Çün şehīd oldu şehīd-i muṭlaq ol
- D 217a,F269a
- C 274b,G243a
- B 299b,H260a

Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

253. İsti'ānet dile rühündan anūn  
Ki 'iresin fethe fütühinden anuñ

E248b

- (I) Pâzîşâhî-i Sultân-ı Pîrûz Bâyezîd bin Gâzî Murâd
254. Cün şehâdet buldu sultân-ı şehîd  
Yirine oturdu Sultân Bâyezîd
255. Ata dede gibi 'âdil oldu ol  
Dükeli işlerde kâmil oldu ol
256. 'İlm ehlini severdi ' ol niknâm  
Kilurûdi ' in'am iderdi ihtirâm
257. Hoş görürdü anı kim 'âbid ola  
Hoş dutardı anı kim zâhid ola
258. Şeyh Efendi geldi aña bînevâ  
İtdi ' anı mecmû'-ı halqa pîşvâ
259. Çok menâşîb virdi ' aña ol şehriyâr  
İl ü gün ü kal'a vü şehr ü diyâr
260. Rûmdan Sîvâs u Tôkâtı ' aldı ol  
Câniki ' alup Sâmsûna geldi ol
261. Çünkü oldu fetâ ol dağlı aña  
Döndi girü dâr-i mülkinden yaña
262. Tâ be-hadd-i ' Ançâliye şehr ü diyâr  
Kamusunu fetâ itdi ' ol şehriyâr
263. Ne Alaşar kodı vü ne Saruhân  
Ne ' Aydin u ne Menteşe ne Germiyân
264. Kastamoniyye dağlı fetâ oldu ' aña  
Böyle olur devlet işi cün oña
265. Cün Karaman illerine geldi ol  
Konya vü Lârendeyi dağlı ' aldı ol
266. Komadı ol yörede şehr ü diyâr  
Kamusunu fetâ itdi ' ol nâmîdâr
267. Geldi dârû'l-mülke vü oturdu şâh  
Memleketde kıldı gâyet 'adl ü dâd
268. Halâk ol 'adli cün andan buldular  
Ulu kişi işe meşgûl oldilar
269. Bu kamu Rûm içre bir yır ķalmadı  
Kim anuñ 'adliyle ma'mûr olmadı
270. Ķalmadı kişerde ne şâhrâ ne tagName  
Ki ' olmadı ol kişit ü yâ bustân u bâg
271. Bir zamândan zühd itdi ' ol âşikâr  
İsi tâ'at oldu ' anuñ leyî ü nehâr
272. Almadı hîrgiz eline câm-i mey  
Diâlemedi dağlı hîrgiz çeng ü ney
273. Şâh-i 'Oşmânî ki 'adleydi 'Ömer  
Bildi ki ' olur kâğıdler bîdâdger
274. İşleri rişvet durur taqyîr-i şer'  
Hîç añmazlar ne durur aşl u fer'
275. Dünneyiçün ki ' aña gerekmez nazar  
Hâkki bâtil bâtili hâk dir bular
276. Cem' itdi kamusunu sordı ol  
Ne ki aldilar girü virdürdi ol
277. Geregince itdi anlara cezâ  
Yavuz işlûye yavuzlıkdur sezâ
278. Cehd ile bir zerre getürdi yola
- I278a
- J264a
- F269b
- G 243b,B300a
- C275a
- D 217b,H260b
- E 249a, J 264b
- I278b
- F270a
- B300b
- G244a
- C275b

Rāstrūlik hod olardan nice ' ola

H261a

(m) Ḥaber Āmeden ez-vefāt-ı Sulṭān Berkūk be-Bāyezīd Beg

279. Bunuñ üstine çü bir kaç rūzīgār  
    Gitdi vü geldi girü leyl ü nehār
280. Emriyile Ḥālikuñ 'azze ve cel  
    Mışr sultānına iriṣdi ecel
281. Buni ' iṣidüp Şāma ol ḳaṣd eyledi  
    Mışr binüm oldu diyü söyledi
282. Dimedi ol öldi ben daḥı ' ölürem  
    Şöyle kim ol öldi ben daḥı ' ölürem
283. Öldüğüñden saña gerekse ḥaber  
    Koṇṣılar öldüğine eyle nazar
284. Nūşīrvāna didiler müjde iy şāh  
    Kim fulān düşmen ölüp oldu tebāh
285. Didi oldur müjde kim ben ölmeyem  
    Şöyle kim ol öldi ben daḥı ' ölmeyem
286. Müjde neçün ben daḥı oliserem  
    Şöyle kim ol öldi hāk olıṣaram
287. Düşmen öldüğü ḥabercidür saña  
    Kim varursın sen daḥı hem ol yaña
288. Furşatidur diyibenüñ dutdı yol  
    Leşker ile Mildeniye vardi ol
289. Feth itdi ' anı egirdüp bir zamān  
    Girü dāru'l-mülke döndürdi 'inān
290. Geldi kim kış otura yarak ide  
    Girü yazın Şām fethine gide
291. Bu ḫamu itdiği ' anuñ tedbīr idi  
    Bilemedi anı kim taqdır idi
292. Ādemī tedbīri gelmez hīc işe  
    Orada kim Tangrı takzīri ' iriṣe
293. Her ne kim taqdır ise nācār olur  
    Pes bu tedbīri eyit nişe gelür
294. Bu arada Rūma yürüdi Temūr  
    Mūlk təldi fitne vü ḥavf u fütür
295. Çün Temūruñ hīc 'adlı yoğdı  
    Lācirem kim zulm ü cevri çoğdı
296. Zikri vahşet, çünkü vahşetdür yakın  
    Anı aňmamaň durur hīle hemīn
297. Ol fütür içinde gitdi şehriyār  
    Yıkılıp yakıldı çok şehr ü diyār

A 68a, E 250a, F271a

(n) Pādişāhī-i Sulṭānu's-sa'īdi's-şehirīd Emīr Süleymān  
-Nevvera'llāhu Ḳabrehu-

298. Mīr Süleymān oldu ' anuñ yirine şāh  
    Gün gibi rüṣen ne hācetdür güvāh
299. Ol arada kim ola ol dādger  
    Kim olur Nūşīrevān u yā 'Ömer
300. Himmeti katında ' anuñ bilgil 'ayān  
    Bir cevedür Cevne vü Hindūstān
301. Mühr urduğında mūma hātemi  
    Bir gedāya ḳul ider yüz Ḥātimi
302. Ḫulkunuñ hüsnine ḡāyet yoṄ durur

Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

- Luftına hırgız nihāyet yok durur*
303. *Hüsünün vaşfin işidüp Müşteri*  
*'İşkına' oldu cān viriben müşteri*
304. *Atunuñ na'lin görüp dir āfitāb*  
*İmrenüp yā leyteni kūntü tūrāb*
305. *Gerçi leşker var u genc ü destres*  
*Likin itmez mülk almağa heves*
306. *Himmeti katında' anuñ mülk-i zemīn*  
*Bir üvezüñ ḫanadıncadur hemīn*
307. *Mulk isdese' olmadın arada ḫarb*  
*Fetḥ olayıda aña şarķ u garb*
308. *Ol mürüvvetlü durur ehl-i 'atā*  
*Ol fütüvvet issidür ni'me'l-fetā*
309. *Kibrden olup durur nefsi beri*  
*Hem yavuz ahlakdandur ol ari*
310. *Ḥüb efşafina' anuñ yoķdur kerān*  
*Pes anı ben nice ideyim beyān*
311. *Bikerān nesneyi kimdür kim bile*  
*Yā anuñ şerhın tamām idibile*
312. *Ömrden ger virilür ise amān*  
*Tangrunuñ fazlıyla bir kaç zamān*
313. *Bir kitābe dahı bünyād ideyüz*  
*Mīr Süleymān nitdi anda eydeyüz*
314. *Ol meliklerden ki zikr itdüm saña*  
*Adların evşafıla öñden şoñña*
315. *Bu melik adı nola geldise şoñ*  
*Çün kamudan rütbet ile oldur öñ*
316. *Geldiler evvel hezārān enbiyā*  
*Pes Muhammed geldi tāc-i evliyā*
317. *Lābüd oldu kamusunuñ Ḥātemi*  
*Kim Haķ anuñ-çün yaratdı 'ālemi*
318. *Gerçi āhirdür şemer evvel şecer*  
*Liki rütbetde şecerdən yig şemer*
319. *Kim şemer getürmek içün feyz-i cūd*  
*Haķdan irürdi bu eşcāra vücūd*
320. *Evvel İncıl indi Tevrīl ü Zebür*  
*Şoñra Kur'an ki' ol durur yikpäre nūr*
321. *Gül benefşeden yig oldı bīgümān*  
*Lābüd andan şoñra gelür ol 'ayān*
322. *Tebbet öñdin Süre-i İblāşdan*  
*Nişe yazıldı diyeyim diñile sen*
323. *Anuñ içün kim bile ḫaľk-i cihān*  
*Kim şoñ öñden yigrek olur bīgümān*
324. *Çün bu şāhidi' āferinişden murād*  
*Kamudan şoñra geliben buldı ad*
325. *Ben dahı anuñ adına' idüp hītām*  
*Eyledüm bu nazmı vaşfila tamām*
326. *Aḥmedī hem hīdmetine irdi' anuñ*  
*Yolına cān u cihāni virdi' anuñ*
327. *İrdi bu iğbāl ü 'izze lācirem*  
*Zī ḥudāvendī vü sultān-i kerem*
328. *Nesneye naķdin viren eyle olur*  
*Fikrsüz iş işleyen gümreh olur*

G245a

H262a

I280a

B 302a, D 219a,F271b

E250b

G245b

C 277a, I280b

H262b

B 302b, F 272a,J266a

D219b

329. Niçe kim 'âlemde sâyevâr u nûr  
Devletine irmesün anuñ fûtür
330. Eksük olmasun cihândan sâyesi  
Çarlı olsun rîf'atinüñ pâyesi
331. 'Ömr bâgınairişmesün hâzân  
Yirine kimse getürmesün cihân
332. Bu cihâna ol gereklidür yakîn  
Kim cihânuñ câni ol durur hemîn
333. Cün tevârîhi bu resme ' itdük beyân  
Kim işiden kişi ' anı añañ 'ayân
334. Girü İskender sözini eydelüm  
'Âkîbet noldı anı şerh idelüm

E251a

F 272b,I281a

## Textual Variants

(a) Tevârîh-i...bâ-küffâr: B Zikr-i mülük-i âl-i 'Oşmâniyân, CF Dâstân-ı tevârîh-i mülük-i âl-i 'Oşmân ve gâzv-i İşân bâ-küffâr, D Dâstân-ı tevârîh-i âl-i 'Oşmân ve gâzâhum bi'l-küffâr, E Dâstân-ı tevârîh-i âl-i 'Oşmân ve gâzv-i İşân bâ-küffâr, G Muqaddime-i sîret-i 'Oşmâniyân, H Dâstân-ı tevârîh-i mülük-i âl-i 'Oşmân ve gâzâ'-i İşân bâ-küffâr, I Dâstân-ı tevârîh-i mülük-i âl-i 'Oşmân ve gâzâ-yı İşân bâ-küffâr, J Tevârîh-i mülük-i âl-i 'Oşmân//

1. **bu:** B ben/ **çün:** BGJ çü/ **göñlüme:** I göñline//
2. **dahı sözler vesvese:** E vesvese dahı sözler/ ol: FGİJ om./ **ilhâmdur:** J ilhâm durur/ **çaresi nedür anuñ:** BEG çaresi anuñ nedür//
3. **melikler:** J mülük/ **ki anlan zîkr** eyledüm: E kim anı şerh eyledüm/ **häletin ü sîretini:** DEFH häletini sîretini, G häleti vü sîretini//
4. **kâfiridi:** E kâfiridi/ **bîş u luþf:** F bîş luþf/ luþf: EFGJ mihr//
5. **'adlini:** F hälini/ **niceyidi:** E nicedur/ **işit imdi şerhini:** B işit eydeym anı, CH işit ideym şerhini, E işit idesin şerhini, F işit ideym şerh anı, G işideym şerhini, D işit idem şerh anı, I işit diyeyim fazlını/ J om. couplet 5//
7. **zulm:** I zulüm/ **ellerin boyamadilar:** DI ellerini yumadilar/ F om. couplet 7//
8. **zulm:** I zulüm/ **żabâla:** E żabdila/ gibi: CEHBIF bigi/ **äsân gele:** B äsân ola/ GJ om. couplet 8//
9. **vardur:** F var durur/ bize çok zelel: F çok dürlü zelel/ **çoþ:** B þoh/ zelel: D zelel, B þalel/ idelüm: CH eydelüm/ **şimdi:** I om./ **ki anda yok:** E kim yok/ idelüm...þalel: B eydelüm şimdi ki ' anı yohdur zelel/ J om. couplet 9//
10. **çün:** H çünki/ **ol þamu:** J þamu ol/ F om. couplet 10//
11. **begleri:** I begleriñ/ **kim:** I om./ **Mûsûlmân idiler:** F Mûsûlmân idi/ **dâdger:** B dâzger/ hem dâdger: F vü hem dâdger//
12. **þamusunuñ:** E þamunuñ/ **iþi:** F om./ **cidâl:** B cizâl/ **vû:** B om./ **mâl:** G mäl, J þamu//
13. **kitâba:** E kitâbda/ **ola:** F oldu/ **ki...tamâm:** E kim ola bu nâme anuñla tamâm/ J om. couplet 13.
14. **gazâvet-nâme:** F gazâvet-nâmedür, J gazâvetdür/ **düzyâim:** E düzeyin, F idem/ **saña:** J men saña/ i'tirâz: J **عراضاً / itme:** ACGIJ idüp, F idip/ **baña:** J saña//
15. **gâziler:** JG gâziler, H gâzileri/ **nişe:** D om./ **añldı:** EFJ geldi, H añdı/ **anlar:** B olar, E adı/ **neçün:** J nişün/ **geldi:** JFE oldu/ I has couplet 15 post heading (b)//
- (b) **İsti'zâr-ı...gâziyân:** B Dâstân-ı tevârîh-i mülük-i âl-i 'Oşmân ve gâzv-i İşân bâ-küffâr isti'zâr-ı þâzîyye-i gâziyân, FC İsti'dâr-ı te'þîr-i þışşa-i gâziyân [F has heading (b) post couplet 13], I İsti'dâd-ı te'þîr-i þışşa-i gâziyân [I has heading (b) ante couplet 15], D .... te'þîr-i þışşa-i gâziyân [D has heading (b) post couplet 14], E İsti'zâr-ı te'þîr-i þışşa-i dâstân-ı gâziyân [E has heading (b) post couplet 16], H İsti'dâd-ı te'þîr ve þışşa-i gâziyân, GJ om. heading (b)//
16. **öñ:** J öng, B ilk/ **direm:** EG didüm//

Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

17. **feyz:** B om./ 'akl: C 'ayn//
18. ol üçden: DI üçinden, F üçden, J bu üçden/ **yigrekdi:** HDFC yigrek idi, J yigrektdür, E yig idı/ **lācirem:** DF lacerem/ **soñra oldu:** J soñradur / lācirem...‘ayān: E oldu soñra lācirem andan//
19. **soñra:** J songra/ **Hātim:** EDFIB Hātem / vü: E bu, JFB om./ **ķamudan:** J ķamusından/ **eşref:** B eşraf//
20. **kitābuñ:** J kitābung/ **anlara:** E aña/ **fažlila...olan:** J fažlila ol üçine nāsiḥ olan//
21. **soñra:** J songra/ **oldı:** A olıdı/ **ķamunuñ:** J ķamunung, G ķamusunuñ/ **ḥātimi:** IDEF ḥātemi, B ol ḥātemi//
22. **pāzişeh:** G pādişeh, FC pādişah, D pādşah, BI pāzişah/ **yuğaru:** FB yuğaru/ **pāzişeh olur mı:** H pāzişah olur mı, D pādşeh olur mı/ J om. couplet 22//
23. **bahr:** G **کور بخار** / **bahr қa'rında:** E bahr-i қa'rında/ **ḥār u ḥas:** A ḥār ḥas, H us u ḥaşs u, E us has u/ **ḥār...kalur:** C us ḥar u hāşak yukarı gelür, F us ḥas u hāşaki yukarı gelür, B us ḥar u hāşak yukarı gelür, G us ḥas u hāşak yukarı kalur/ **kalur:** EHI gelür/ J om. couplet 23.
24. **ki:** D om./ yokdur: BFJ yohdур//
- (c) **Āgāz-ı dāsitān:** J Sīret-i Sultān 'Alā'ü'd-dīn, G Zikr-i sīret-i Sultān 'Alā'ü'd-dīn, E şgāz-ı dāstān-ı Sultān 'Alā'ü'd-dīn, F Āgāz-ı dāstān, Maṭla‘-ı dāsitān, H om. heading (c)//
25. **nolur:** J noldı, E nedür, G ne olur//
26. **gāzī olanuñ:** E gāzinüñ hem, G gāzilerüñ, I gāzī olanuñ, J gāzī olan//
27. **gāzī olan:** G gāzidür çün/ **haḳ dīnūndür:** E dīn-i haḳkuñ, I haḳ dinūndür, B haḳ dīnūñ/ **lācirem:** F lacerem/ D om. couplet 27//
28. **Tangrınuñ:** D haḳ dīnūñ, JCI Tañrınuñ/ **şirk çirkinden:** E şirkden/ **bu yiri:** G cihāni, E bu yir yüzini/ B om. couplet 28//
29. **gāzī olur:** G hem daḥı/ **püşt ü penāh-ı ehl-i dīn:** C püşt ü penāh u ehl-i dīn/ **gāzī...ehl-i dīn:** E gāzidür püşt ü penāh u ehl-i dīn/ **olur:** F olan//
30. **ki ola:** D kim ol, E ol ki/ **Tangrı:** CFHG Tañrı/ kim: JG ki/ diridür: A در / **anı..şehid:** J ol ki Tangrı yoluna ola şehid/ I om. couplet 30//
31. **içindedür olar:** C içinde durur ol, B içinde olar/ **zindedür olar:** A zindedür اولۇز، C zinde durur olar/ J om. couplet 31//
32. **ol:** GEJ om./ **bir:** B om./ **kim:** GJ ki/ **uralar:** ID vireler//
33. **idüp:** FB idip/ **Gündüz:** G كندو, J كويدر / **Gündüz Alp:** E gün bigi, I kendüzi olup, D gündüz olup/ **Erṭuğrul:** CID Tuğrul, B Erṭuñril/ **anuñla:** C anuñla//
34. **Gök Alp:** J كوك اولوب د, كوك آلوب : D, ü: G om./ **çoḥ:** BJ çoh/ **olmuşdı:** J oldılar/ **anuñ:** J anung/ E om. couplet 34//
35. **Konyadan:** G كونىدەن / **çün:** JDBE om./ **Sultān Yügine:** J ḥalāyık öñine, E Sultān Öygine/ **ḥalāyık:** J ķamusı/ ante couplet 36 E add. heading: Nüvāḥt kerden-i Sultān ber-tüvānger ve dervīş//
36. **i'zāz:** B اغزار / **yoḥsula:** EG yoḥsula/ **iħsān u in'ām:** IB in'ām u iħsān/ post couplet 36 G add. heading: **Zikr-i imāret-i Erṭuğrul//**
37. **dār-ı küfre:** I dār u küfre/ **saldı oradan čeri:** F oradan saldı čeri/ **oradan čeri:** D oradan bir čeri/ **ki iller:** G k'illerin/ **iller:** J il/ **urup:** F urıp/ **öldüreler:** G ķıralar/ **kāfiri:** D kāferi, FH kāfere/ **dār-ı...čeri:** E saldı dār-ı küfre oradan čeri/ **ki..kāfiri:** E kim urup ilin ķıralar kāfiri//
38. **Erṭuğrul:** B Erṭuñril, CJDHFE Erṭuğrul/ **çoğ:** ED çok, BJ çoh/ **kānzār:** FDCB kārzār, H kāruzār/ **lācirem:** DF lacerem/ **nāmdār:** HIE nāmudār, D tācdār//
39. **urdu:** G orda/ **il ü aldr:** J iller aldı, DGHI il aldı/ **genc ü māl:** D genc māl/ **dār-ı kūfrı:** I dār u kūfri/ **pāymāl:** BD pāymāl//
40. **yōrede:** I orada/ **durdrı:** BFD turdı/ **kim:** FCDIHB ki/ **kāfirüñ:** B kāferüñ/ **tebāh:** C penāh/ JGE om. couplet 40//

### Kemal Silay

41. şulħid: D مُجَدِّدٌ, I şulħidu/ kāfere: DG kāfir, EBIF kāfire//
42. bulaban: JI buluban/ bozup: FB bozip/ durdilar: EFB turdilar//
43. irdi: F om./ çok: JB coh/ aña: J anga/ läbūd...aña: döndi gitdi girü Yūnāndan yaña//
44. eṭrāfi: D eṭrāfa/ Erṭuğrula: B Erṭuñrla/ ki: E kim, J om./ ehl-i kūfrūn: E kūfrūn, I kūfrūn anda/ virdi...şāh: E vardı ol eṭrāfa Erṭuğrulla şāh/ G om. couplet 44//
45. oliban: J oluban/ aña: J anga/ gitdi girü: HF girü gitdi/ Konyadın: DE Konyadan/ yaña: J yanga/ G om. couplet 45//
46. çok: BJ coh/ Erṭuğrula: B Erṭuñrla, IFHEJ Erṭuğrula/ kim: G ki/ ṭoġnla: J ṭoġrula//
47. ol: F bu/ gelenlerle: J gelenlere/ ḥaġ...ol: ID kılıcila ol yiri berkitdi ol//
48. yürüdi: E yürüyüp/ Sögüt: B Sögüd, F Sögürd/ geldi ol: E geldiler/ aldı ol: E aldılar/ yürüdi...ol: G pes cihāda şıdkını key kıldı ol/ DH om. couplet 48//
49. geçdi: D gitdi/ dönderdi: CBE döndürdi/ G om. couplet 49//
50. Erṭuğnl: HIFDJ Erṭuğrul, B Erṭuñrl/ ḫaldi: J oldı/ anuñ: J anung//
- (d) İmāret-i...ū: E İmāret-i ‘Oṣmān ve sıfat-i kār ve şöhret-i ū, G Zikr-i imāret-i ‘Oṣmān, I İmāret-i ‘Oṣmān ve sıfat u sıret-i ū [I has heading (d) post couplet 49], H İmāre-i ‘Oṣmān ve sıfat-i kār sıret-i ū, B İmāret-i ‘Oṣmān ve sıret-i ū, D Salṭanat-i ‘Oṣmān Gāzī, J İmāret-i ‘Oṣmān bin Erṭuğrul//
51. kim ol: GJ ki ol/ nireye kim: J nireye/ vardiysa: J vardiysa ol//
52. her yaña: F bir yaña, J her yaña/ virbidi: DHFG bibrbidi, J ivürdi/ ki: EJ om./ uralar: J alalar, G uruban/ kāferi: E kāfiri//
53. ol: E om./ itdi: C idüp/ nāmdār: IB nāmver, H nāmudār, J şehriyār/ Köprihişār: BJ Köprühishār/ Eyneğöl...Köprihişār. G Buesa vü İzniki eyledi hışār//
54. durmadı: FDEB turmadı, J durmadın/ yaña: J yanga/ çok BJ coh/ G om. couplet 54.
55. kāferi: DEBFI kāfiri/ ylkup yakup: BF ylkup yaħip, J ylkup yaħup, D yaħip yħħip/ Bursa: C Burusa, J Burşa, B Buruşa, E Bursayı/ İznik: BJHF İzniki, D İznik/ eyledi: E kıldı/ G om. couplet 55//
56. itdi: J eylemiş, G itdi kim/ ḥaġ: EF Ol, J om./ ki: E om./ almadın: D almadı/ ikisin: E ikisini, G ikisi, FIH ikiyi, CDB iki//
- (e) Pazişahī-i...‘Oṣmān: F Pādişāh Orħān bin ‘Oṣmān, E Pāzişahī-i Orħān bin ‘Oṣmān bin Erṭuğrul [E has heading (e) post couplet 57], J Pazişahī-i Orħān, D Salṭanat-i Orħān Gāzī, G Pādişahī-i Orħān, I Āġāz-1 dāsitān-i Orħān, H Āġāz-i hikāyet ve dāsitān-i ū//
57. olicek: G gidicek/ aña: J anga, H k'ana/ didi: J dir/ aña...ħān: B ki ' aña didi ehl-i kerāmet ur ħān, E didi pes ehl-i kerāmet ur ħān, F k'ana didi ehl-i kerāmet ur ħān//
58. yañadan: J yanga, HC yañadın/ yürüyiben: E yürüdüben, J yürüyibeni, G yürüdüben, I yürüyüben/ kāferi: BDE kāfiri//
59. itdi: BCJ kıldı/ kıldilar: B kıldilar/ kıldilar bākī ne var: J kıldilar daħi ne var/ bernā vü pīr: yigid ü pīr//
60. kāfer: CDEFI kāfır, G ehl-i kūfr/ akḍilar: G cü akḍi, F aġdilar, BJ aħdilar/ andan: J anda/ akin: BF aħin, E anin//
61. kāferi: CDBEFI kāfiri/ sokħban: DI şokuban, F soħiban/ kūfri...yitürdiler: G yirlerin yurd eyleyüben durdilar, J dün ne durur šer' takrīr itdiler, E yirlerin yurd eyleyüben tutdilar//
62. yañadan: DIFB yañadan/ yitdiler: D bitdiler/ ne durur: A ne دُرُّ / šer': DC šer'i, G šer'a, I šerħu/ her...yitdiler: G bāşını dīnün göge yitürdiler/ dīn...itdiler: B kūfri yire soħiban hīç itdiler/ couplet 62: E başını dīnün göge yitürdiler- kūfri yire sokħban yitürdiler, J om.//
63. kim: J ki/ ḥirk: H şirk/ vü: J om./ ḫalmadı: J ḫomadı//
64. ol zamāndan kim: G ol zamān ki/ kim: I ki/ farīżə oldı: E farīżaydı/ bāri: FHJ bārī, G بازى / bigi: D gibi//

Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

65. key: E om./ aldi: CF oldı, G om./ bunlar aldi: J bular aldilar/ bunca: EJ niçe/ il ü şehr ü diyär: IBHJ il şehr ü diyär//

66. itdi: FG kıldı/ pâzîşâh: DCGJ pâdişâh//

67. câvîzân: DGJ câvidân/ râyât-ı dîn: D âşâr-ı dîn/ âyât-ı dîn: E râyât-ı dîn, ID âşâr-ı dîn//

68. Orhân u dâdger: B Orhân hem dâzger/ unûdildi: C unuduldu, I unuduldu/ 'adl-i 'Ömer: AC 'ahd-i 'Ömer/ unûdildi..'Ömer: E unûdildi 'adlide 'ahd-i 'Ömer/ J om. couplet 68//

69. 'Oşmânîler: BCEI 'Oşmânîler/ orada: F oradan/ nişe: B ne işe/ nişe aâmla: G zâhir ola/ J om. couplet 69//

70. ü: D om./ mîhrâb: E mîhrâbe/ bûnyâd: B bünyâz/ nişe: DHCIBJ bunca/ dâr-ı hâyr: H dağı hâyra, GF dâru'l-hâyr, I dâr u hâyr/ âbâd: B âbâz//

71. yaña: J yanga/ kim: J ki/ virbidi: HDF birbidi/ yâkiban: IG yâkiban/ yâkiban yakdilar: BDF yâkiban yahdilar, J yâkiban yahdilar/ E om. couplet 71//

72. tâogrû: E tâogrû, G doğrû/ her ne ki: F her ki, EGJ her ne//

73. her yirden aâna: G aâna her yirden/ yirden: J yangadan/ aâna: J anga/ çok: B çoh/ u: IGDB om./ lañif ü sîmber: G hoş latif ü sîmber/ kul...sîmber: BF kul karavaş u lañif ü sîmber, E kul karavaş hüb-rü hem sîm ü zer//

74. oldı anda: D anda oldı/ sernigün: B sernigün/ kâferûn: J kâfirüng, DCIE kâfirûn/ beglerin: GE beglerini/ itdiler: GE itdi//

75. yoþsul: GCE yoþsul/ cümlesi oldı mülük: HGJBFE oldilar cümle mülük//

76. nuþret: E furşat nuþret, J ancak/ Hâkdan: J nuþret/ nâmâdâr: E nâmuvâr, I nâmudâr/ Bursayı: HF Bursayı, BC Buruşayı/ idiben: EH iduben, G ol iduben, I idinüben//

77. yâkiban: IG yâkiban, BDF yâkiban, J yâkiban/ binâ vü dâr-ı hâyr: D binâ-yı dâr-ı hâyr, B binâ'-ı dâr-ı hâyr, F binâ' u dâr-ı hâyr, I binâ vü dâr u hâyr//

78. var durur: ABCFH دار durur, J tarî durur/ hâyr: I om./ ol dârda: I ol diyârda/ der ü dîvârda: F دار hem dîvârda, B durur dîvârda/ E om. couplet 78//

79. İzniki: CE İzniki/ çeküp: BF çekip/ aldi çün: J aldi vü çün/ fethini: EG fethine, JF fethin/ taleb: ID Çalab//

80. kâfirin: B kâfiri/ âb ü hâk: H âb-ı hâk, G tîre hâk//

81. ki: G om./ dâr-ı İslâm: I dâr u İslâm/ gör nice: E kim nice//

82. Orhân: E vü ol/ J om. couplet 82//

83. kim: G ki, J vü/ fakr: E fakrûn//

84. baht oldı: ED oldı baht/ 'anâda: EFBDI  nâda, H 'inâda/ J om. couplet 84//

85. 'ilm adına: G 'ilm adı, J 'ilm evine/ mâl: E nâm/ 'ilm...Sinân: E itdi anı 'ilmüñ adına Sinân//

86. ki: EJ om./ aâna: J anga/ Nerîmân-ı Zamân: C Nerîmân'uz-zamân//

87. atduðı okdan: C atduðı okda, A andaðı okda, BF atduðı oþdan/ rûmhinden: B rimhinden/ J om. couplet 87//

88. şanasın: FBDHCG şanaduñ/ bâd cânlar: FB bâz u cânlar, D bâd-ı hânlar, CIH bâd u cânlar/ JE om. couplet 88//

89. gürzin: B gürzini/ alduðda: B alduðda/ nâmâdâr: EHI nâmudâr/ dûseridi korkiya: E korkiya dûserdi/ korkiya: CFGHI korkuya, B korkuya/ J om. couplet 89//

90. Hâtemî: EH Hâtemî, BD Hâtimî, C Hâtimî/ J om. couplet 90//

91. raþmetdi: B raþm idi/ J om. couplet 91//

92. mü'mine: D mü'minüñ/ şekâ: I cefâ/ J om. couplet 92//

93. velvele: E zelzele/ Ungurusuñ: BEF Unguruzuñ/ zelzele: E velvele//

(f) Firistâzen-i...cihâd: F Orhân, Süleymân Paşa-râ, B Firistâzen-i Orhân Süleymân Paşa-râ be-isreyaka cihet-i  zâ ve cihâd, D Muhârebe-i Orhân  zâ ma'a'l-küffâr, H Firistâden-i Orhân Süleymân Paşa-râ be-

Kemal Silay

isre ez-berā-yı hüccet ve gazā ve cihet, C Firistāden-i Orhān Süleymān Paşa-rā ez-berā-yı cihet gazā ve cihād, G Zikr-i Süleymān Paşa, I Firistāzen-i Orhān Süleymān Paşa-rā be-seyr ez-berā-yı gazā, J Firistāden-i Orhān Süleymān Paşa-rā be-ǵazā//

94. oğlhdı: D oğluyıdı, B oğlıdı/ andayıdı: B ki andayıdı/ şart-ı serverlik: A \*\*\*\* serverlik/ G om. couplet 94//

95. seḥāvet: GJ siyāset/ siyāset: GJ seḥāvet//

97. dāyimā: I dāyim/ iderdi: F ideridi/ cehd ü ictihād: BE cehd-i ictihād, I cihād u ictihād/ kim ölince: J tā ölince/ kim...cihād: E kim idüben dīn yolunda çok cihād//

98. dūşdükde: EJG düşdüğinde/ ol: EJG om.//

99. bilür idı: D bilürdi ol/ կılurdu: D կılurdi ol//

100. hem şimşir-zen: BDJ şimşir-zen/ leşker-şiken: BE düşmen-şiken//

101. virbidi: DGH birbidi, J ivürdi/ isregeçeye: J اشکیجه, E isregeçeye/ anı: BDE om.//

102. kim: E tā, J om./ ol nāmdār: E bir zamān/ nāmdār: I nāmudār//

103. kāfirde bulurisa: D bulurisa kāfirde/ yıķa: BFJ yıķa/ yaķa: BDFJ yaħa//

104. gelmeyeni: G gelmeyenin/ da'vet..öldüre: E gelmeyene da'vet ile and vire//

105. Tangr: CDFGHI Tañrı/ emri vü: G emrile, J emri/ leşker bile: BI leşker ile, F çeriyle//

106. itdi: F om./ çok: BJ çoh/ oldu...sezā: G adı gāzī olmağa oldu sezā, E oldu adı gāzī olmağa sezā//

107. nireye kim vardı: G nireye vardısa/ gālib oldı: EG gālib geldi/ çok: BJ çoh//

108. ki: EJ om./ uşanurdu: G eymenürdi, F ----- post "uşanurdi"//

109. kim: J ki/ nāmdār: HI nāmudār/ idüp: BF idip, J idüben/ iller: BD illeri/ vü: J ol, B om.//

110. kim diledi: BCDFGHI ki istedise/ lācirem: DF lācerem, G orada/ couplet 110: E her murād istedise buldu ol- çok diyār u şehr ü қal'a aldı ol, J om.//

111. virdiler aña māl u bāc: B virdi aña vü māl u bāc/ aña: J anga/ kāfir: اوْلُوْفِيرْ / beglerinden: G leşkerinden/ çok: BJ çoh//

112. kim: J ki, B om./ yıķdı: BDFJ yıħdı/ yaķdı: BDFJ yaħdı/ pro couplet 112: E ol қadar ḥarb itdi anda kim sipihr- āferīn kıldı aña vü māh u mihr, G ol қadar ceng eyledi k'anda sipihr-āferīn eyledi aña māh u mihr//

113. sokup: J sokup, F sokıp, B sokıp, D sokup/ eyledi kūfri nihān: G kāfire itdi nihān/ lā ilāhe illā'llāh: F lā ilāhe illā'llāh/ kıldı 'ayān: D kıldı ol 'ayān//

114. çok: DE çün/ yıķdı: DF yıħdı/ BJ om. couplet 114//

115. pāyimāl: E pāyümāl, D pāymāl//

116. Vize vü: E Vize/ Mıǵałkara: EG Mıǵałgara, D Mungalgara, BF Mugalgara/ Ipsala: G Apsala, D Ipsila, F اپسلا, C Ipsala/ aña: J anga, E om./ bu üçi bile: G ol daħi bile, E bu üçi daħi bile//

117. anda düṣdi: DG oldı anda/ sernigün: B sernügün/ rāyet-i...sernígün: E rāyeti düṣdi oliban sernügün//

118. zamāndan: EF zamānda/ ay u yıl: A ay yıl//

119. ṭapılduğu: D ṭapılduğu/ şimdi añlan: E añlan şimdi/ añlan: G āyīn/ J om. couplet 119//

120. irdi aña çeng-i eccl: E aña irdi eccl/ aña: J anga//

121. couplet 121, verse 1: F-----/ lābūd: B lābüz, EG girü, J gelür//

122. yir durur: GI yirdür, F bu durur/ EJ om. couplet 122//

123. dūnyenüñ: B dūnyānuñ/ mihrini: D mihrin/ göñlüñden: E göñülden/ ki: DI om./ emel durur: E emeldür/ işbu..gider: G bunı menzil sanma budur rehgüzer/ J om. couplet 123//

124. dutup: DEF tutup/ kim olur az: G olur ol az/ BJ om. couplet 124//

125. J om. couplet 125//

Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

126. **taleb:** G nazar/ ٻاٿ u leb: G ٻاد-شکر / J om. couplet 126//
127. **urur:** F ider/ ڦامي گير ٻو زار: B گير ڦامي ٻو زار / J om. couplet 127//
128. **lutf u ڪاهري:** B لطف ڪاهري, E لطف u ڪاهرين/ olmağ-çün: D olmağ-çün, B olmağ-çün/ bu cihān: G ٻڪن مڪان / J om. couplet 128//
129. GJ om. couplet 129//
130. **oghyiçün:** B oglu-çün/ itdi: E çok itdi/ ölüye: G ölene//
131. **bir zamān:** F bir zamāndan/ ڇونکيم: GJ ڇونکي/ ڦارب-ي ۽ ڳوغن: D ڦارب-ي ڻيلگون/ geh: J gäh/ oldr: FG eyler, I ider/ vü: I ü/ ٽئنگون: BEH ٽئنگون//
132. **yüridi:** G yüritdi/ mihr ü māh: B māh-ي mihr/ ٽال u ٽاه: B ٽاه-ي sipihr / J om. couplet 132//
133. **itdi:** EG irdi/ ٽاže bahär: H rüsen nehär/ rüsen nehär: H ٽاže bahär/ J om. couplet 133//
134. **Tangrıdan:** BCFGHI Taññidan/ irüben: EGIJ irüben/ oldr: G iltdi, A اُلڊ / /
135. **dutuban:** B ٽutuban, DF ٽutuban/ ٽوکوز: J dokuz/ cennetün: J cennetüng//
- (g) **Pâzîşâh-i..bûd:** G Pâdişâh-i ڇاڻي Murâd, D Saltanat-i Murâd ڇاڻي ڇاڻي, CF Pâdişâh-i Murâd Beg ڇاڻي sî ٽال bûd, I Pâzîşâh Murâd Beg ڇاڻي, BH Pâzîşâh-i Murâd Beg ڇاڻي, E Pâzîşâh-i ڇاڻي ڇاڻي Murâd Beg bin Orhân, J Pâdişâh-i Murâd ڇاڻي //
136. **aldr:** D oldı/ anuñ yirini: F yirini anuñ/ anuñ: J anung/ yirini: DEI yirine/ cihād u: C cihāda/ aña: J anga//
137. **pâzîşâh-i kâmil:** CDJ pâdişâh-i kâmil, F pâdişâh u kâmil, BI pâzîşâh u kâmil/ ٽاھيٽ-ي tedbîr: I ٽاھيٽ ü tedbîr/ tedbîr ü: B tedbîr/ tedbîr ü ehl-i râyidi: H tedbîr-i ehl-i râyidi//
138. **göñli:** J göngli/ ü: D om./ nef'i: I nef'ü/ çög: E bihad, G çok, J çok/ u: DEJ om./ yogıdı: J yohıdı/ güzend: J hîç güzend//
139. **dahı olsa:** G olsa dahı/ ٽادانمۇد: BFI şazanıdı/ gibi: BFH bigi/ E om. couplet 139//
140. **her ki:** E kim/ aña: GJ om./ ni'metinden bulurıldı: E bulurıldı ni'metinden/ bulurıldı: G yirler idi/ çok: BJ çok//
141. **düşmişlere:** G düşenlere/ yohsulken: EG yoksulken/ J om. couplet 141//
142. **ü:** G om./ EJ om. couplet 142//
143. **bînevâlkdan:** B bînevâlhadan, J bînevâlgandan/ ٽاھل-i ڇenderi: CH ٽاھل ü ڇenderi/ couplet 143: E çün katına geldi ٽاھری'd-dîn ٽاھل- hizmetin itmeğin buldu sebil, G çün katına geldi ٽاھری'd-dîn ٽاھل- hizmetin itmege ' anuñ buldu sebil//
144. 'arî vü nâsâzıdı: J ڇاڻي-i nâsâzıdı, ACHDI 'âlim ü nâsâzıdı/ EG om. couplet 144//
145. **gurbet ü ٻالين:** D gurbet ehlini, J gurbet ٻالini/ ٻالin: EG 'ilmîn/ fakrin: J fağri, D fakîrin/ ٽوچان: E lutfî birle//
146. **mülke:** B milke, EG kendüye/ anı: E om./ itdi: FJ կildi, E eyledi/ vizâret: B vezîr/ ki: EJ om./ oldı: G k'itdi, E itdi/ bir: A om.//
147. **olanuñ:** J olanung/ ٻوڊ böyle: A böyle, C söyle/ adı: D ad/ ٻاڪ: D fek, F sek/ pro couplet 147, verse 2: G bil ki dahı artuk u hem yigrek/ E om. couplet 147//
148. **pâzîşâha:** CDFG pâdişâha/ söyle: H böyle/ EJ om. couplet 148//
149. **ki:** G kim, FH om./ yumn-i hümây: ADI yumn ü hümây/ kim: G ki/ irerse aña: F irerise, G aña irerse/ EJ om. couplet 149//
150. **anuñla:** F anuñla//
151. **itdi:** E կildi/ ide: BCDEFH կila/ ڪاfire: E aña/ ki: E kim//
152. **vardı:** H varıldı/ nevpehllevân: I nevpehllevân//
153. **bahâdurlikda:** J bahâdurluğda, CF bahâdurlukda, B bahâdurlıhda//
154. **oldular yağı aña:** BI oldular aña yağı, D aña yağı oldılar/ aña: J anga/ ڄامونون: J ڄامونون/ yitdi: DFGHIJ bitdi/ işleri: B başları//

Kemal Sılay

155. **ķılıcından:** G ķılıcında / ołımıṣdı: G k'olımıṣdı, J virmiṣidi / **aña:** J anga, F cümle / **Hak luṭfi penāh:** G Hakk-ı luṭfı alih / ołımıṣdı..penāh: E luṭfı Hakkıñ aña olımıṣdı penāh//
156. **evvel ol idı:** D evveli idı / **çoł:** BJ çoh / **zelel:** B zarar//
157. **Engüriyyeyi:** F Sögüt ilini / **tutdı:** F aldı / **Sultān Yügini:** E Sultān Yügünü, DI Sultān Yolını, J Sultān ے، بـاکینی، B Sultān Öyügini / **hem:** F ol//
- (h) **Meşaf..Karaman:** B Muṣaf ceng kerden-i Murād Beg bā-Karaman ve hezīmet nūmūzen-i Karaman, H Muṣaf ceng-i Karamaniyān ve aḥvāl-i ü, F Ceng-i Karamaniyān bā-Murād Beg ve hezīmet-i leşker-i Karaman, J Ceng-i Karamaniyān bā-Ğazı, E Meşaf-i Karaman bā-Murād Beg Ğazı [E has heading (h) post couplet 158]//
158. **anuñla:** J anunyla / **Ķaraman şāhı:** GJ Ķaraman şāh / **likin:** BGJ lik / **yir yüzü gözine teng:** G gözine yir yüzü teng / E om. couplet 158//
159. **yañadan:** J yangadan / **ol penāh:** CDH bu penāh, EFGJI penāh / **oldı:** BCDFJ itdi / **aña:** J anga / **ol..şamed:** E aña sıgındı kim ol durur şamed//
160. **ki:** G ki / **aña:** J anga//
161. **Turğud:** B Turğut / Türk ü Rüm u şām: B Türk-i Rüm şām / **anuñla:** J anunyla / **anuñla..tamām:** bileyidi anda anuñla tamām//
162. **sōzi:** E işi / **edem:** BCDEHIJ idem, F ķılam / **bir ad:** G murād//
163. **aña:** J anga / **aña tevekkül-çün Şamed:** G lācirem aña Samed / **feth...Şamed:** E virdi aña feth ü fettāhu Şamed//
164. **berk idı:** EG berk bigi / **irişiben:** E irüşüben, GH irışüben//
165. **cıdalar şındı uşandı:** B cıdalar uşandı şındı, E şındı süñüler uşandı / **tīg-i tiz:** BEF tīg-i tīz / **şanayıduñ:** J şanayıdung//
166. **hem Tatar hem Türk:** EJ hem Tatar u Türk / **oliban:** J oluban, I olubanı / **ķılıcına:** J ķılıcından / **anuñ:** J anung, D anla, HJ aña / **ķılıcına..‘alef:** G ķılıcında anuñ oldılar telef//
167. **Ķaraman şāhı:** BFH Ķaraman şāhı / **anuñ:** J anung//
168. **oliban:** D aliban, J aluban, F ķaćiban, I oluban, H diyüben//
169. **çün:** E hod / varı: I vardı, F varıldı / **tārumār:** E tārmār / GJ om. couplet 169//
170. **anda oldılar helāk:** B oldılar anda helāk / **düşiben:** IJ düşüben//
171. **‘azmin cezm:** F ‘azm ü cezm, D ‘azm-i rezm, G ‘azmi gebr ü, E ‘azm-i cezm, I‘azm-i rezm-i... / **cezm, kāfirden:** HJ cezm kāfirden, BC cezm-i kāfirden / **yaña:** J anga//
- (i) **Reften-i.. bilād:** E Reften-i Murād Hān be-isregeçe cihet-i ġazā, G Ğazev kerden-i Ğazī Murād bār- dīger, J Reften-i Murād Hān be-ġazā ve feth-i bilād, H Reften-i Ğazī Murād Beg Ğazī be-isreyaka cihet-i ġazā ve feth-i bilād, B Reften-i Murād Beg Ğazī be-isreyaka cihet-i ġazā ve feth-i bilād ez-taraf [post heading (i) G add.: çün Ķaraman leşkeri ' oldı tārumār- girü ol kāfirleri ķıldı şikār, E add.: çün Ķaraman oldı anda tārumār- girü kāfirlerle eyledi şikār]//
172. **yüz dutdısa:** G dutdısa yüz, E kim tutdı yüz / **dutdısa:** BDF tutdısa / **kärger:** E käriger//
173. **peykānı:** BIJ peykān / **oķunuñ:** J oħinung, FB oħinuñ / **irdüğü:** B yüridügi / **irişdürüd:** B irışdı / **fenā:** EG kažä//
174. **mülki:** DG milk, I milki, B ----- / **kāfi nāmdār:** C kāfi nāmdār, D kāmī nāmdār / **nāmdār:** EHI nāmudār / **Qafı:** E Qāfa, BCDFHI Kāf / şöyle kim...Sām-ı Süvār: G şöyle k'itdi Kāf ol Sām-ı Süvār / Sām-ı Süvār: I Sām u Süvār / J om. couplet 174//
175. **ġazādan:** G ġazāda / **yoğdı:** C بوغىدى / **ola:** J ide / **aña:** J anga, E ol//
176. **lācirem:** DF lācerem / **kim:** BG ki / **kāfere:** BCDEFI kāfire / **dār-ı kūfri:** B kūfri, EFG dāru'l-kūfri, J kār-ı kāfiri, I dār u kūfri//
177. **ṭā'atūñ:** J ṭā'atüng / **fażlı olur ansuz:** G ansuz olur fażlı//
178. **ṭā'atinden:** G ṭā'atinde / **anda:** D andan / **anda bula hayr:** B bula anda ḥayr / pes: E vü / J om. couplet 178//

Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

179. **gayrдан**: C gayridan/ **gönlünde**: DI gönlinde, J gönglüngde/ **kim**: G ki, EJ ol/ **oldı**: DI ola, G olmaya//
180. **bulmamışdur**: D bulmuşdı/ **didi**: G diye/ **gayır**: CD gayr/ **ki**: DI om./ EJ om. couplet 180//
181. **ayrugi**: B artugin/ J om. couplet 181//
182. **söz**: A söze/ **eydeyim**: DF ideyim/ **ideyim**: EHI eydeyim/ J om. couplet 182//
- (j) **Hikâyet...iħlās**: I Hikâyet der-beyān-ı örf-i iħlās, E Hikâyet der-beyān-ı şūmī-i iħlās der-ġazā, G Ender-ħakīkat-i ġazv, D Fī beyāni ‘azmi'l-iħlās [D has heading (j) post couplet 183], B Hikâyet der-beyān-ı şūmī-i iħlās, J om. heading (j)//
183. **ġazv**: I ġazā/ **ġazv oldı**: G oldı ġazv/ **ki**: E om./ **karż**: C farż/ **Beni...farż**: H ġazā oldı Beni Īsrā'ile farż/ J om. couplet 183//
184. **haşm olara**: E haşmı anuñ, BGF hasmı olaruñ/ **leşker-i īmlık idı**: G leşker-i īmläkdı/ **cümle**: DEI cümlesi/ **käfir...idi**: G cümlesi küffär u bïtevfik idı/ J om. couplet 184//
185. **ħik**: BDF ħik/ J om. couplet 185//
186. **korķudan**: BD korķudan/ **Haķkuñ**: E Tañri/ **boyun**: BF boyin/ J om. couplet 186//
187. **ķildi Haķ**: B Haķ ķildi/ **sernigün**: BEHI sernügün/ J om. couplet 187//
188. **idüp**: F idip/ ü: H om./ **oğlan**: E oğlanı/ **ķamu**: E om., G kız/ **itdiler**: B oldı/ J om. couplet 188//
189. **nesne ķamu**: F ķamu nesne/ **illerinden**: B illerini/ **daħbi cümle**: I cümle daħbi/ J om. couplet 189//
190. **ol**: BEI om./ J om. couplet 190//
191. **terk-i emr idı**: G Tañridandı bu/ **irdi Tangrıdan**: F Tañridan irdi/ **Tangrıdan**: CHI Tañridan/ J om. couplet 191//
192. **oldular**: G itdiler/ **anlara kişi**: E bir kişi/ **ki**: E kim/ J om. couplet 192//
193. J om. couplet 193//
194. **ki**: om./ **adila aña**: E aña adila/ **Urmiyā**: DI Rūmiyā, F Īrmiyā/ J om. couplet 194//
195. **ki**: F om./ **oliban**: I oluban/ J om. couplet 195//
196. J om. couplet 196//
197. **Urmiyā**: DI Rūmiyā/ **ki**: EF om./ **olursa siz**: E olasız/ **şāyed**: BH şāyez/ **itmeyesiz**: E kılmayasız/ **girū...itmeyesiz**: G şāyed ola ki ġazā kılmayasız/ J om couplet 197//
198. **nice**: E om./ **itmeyevüz**: E itmeyevüz mi/ **kārzār**: F kārizār, H kāruzār/ **oğul u kız**: BEG oglu kız u/ u: D om./ **alındı diyär**: D alındı vü diyär/ **gitdi...diyär**: I cān virelüm çün buyurdu Kirdgār/ J om. couplet 198//
199. **oğul u kız**: D kız u oglu, E oglu kız u/ **olam**: ABCDEFH anı/ **olmaya**: ABCDEFH olmadı/ **şād**: B şāz/ IJ om. couplet 199//
200. **Haķdan**: D Hak/ **artuk**: B artuh/ **çün ġaraż**: F ġaraż çün/ **çün**: E om./ **ġaraż**: E nesne/ **düše**: E düsse/ **araya**: G ortaya/ **Haķka nice yaraya**: G nice Haķ diye riyā, D nice Haķka yaraya/ IJ om. couplet 200//
201. **idiben**: EGH idüben/ **kārzār**: BF kārizār, H kāruzār/ **Kirdgār**: BCEFH Kirdigār/ JI om. couplet 201//
202. **gönlümüze**: GH gönlümizi/ **'ışķunu**: H 'ışķına/ J om. couplet 202//
203. **ki**: BEG kim/ **Haķ yolna**: E yolna Haķkuñ/ **anı**: E om./ **zī...cān**: G zī sa'ādet ehli vü devletlü cān/ J om. couplet
204. **ķala**: F ķala/ J om. couplet 204//
205. **ħār**: F ħār/ **görine görzine**: E görzine görine/ görzine: G göze bu/ **kāyināt**: B kā'ināt/ **Haķku**: BDHI haķ/ **gayra**: I ġayriya/ **ķulmaz**: BCFI itmez, D idemez/ **Haķku...iltifāt**: G Haķka ola olmaya ġayra iltifāt, E kilmaya ġayrina Haķkuñ iltifāt/ J om. couplet 205//
206. J om. couplet 206//
207. **urmaġa**: C vurmaġa/ J om. couplet 207//

Kemal Sılay

208. **bir şuya uğradılar:** E suya uğradı bular/ **ķamusunu:** E dükeli/ dil-sühte: E dil-haste/ J om. couplet 208//
209. **olara:** G bulara/ J om. couplet 209//
210. **ki:** E om./ **ol:** E om./ **şuyi:** E şu, G om./ **uğrayıp:** B ugrayıp/ **andan:** E ancak/ FJ om. couplet 210//
211. **ki:** FG kim/ J om. couplet 211//
212. **girmeye:** E olmaya/ **ol:** E om., I kim, G bu/ J om. couplet 212//
213. **degıldı:** D degildi, E degüldür/ **aldılar su içdiler:** G içdiler su اَوْلَى, BEF içdiler şu öldiler/ J om. couplet 213//
214. **mecmū'ı:** D mecmū'/ **bīmār:** F bıryān/ J om. couplet 214//
215. **çok:** B çok, F çok/ **oliban:** El olubar/ **oldı:** BDEFGH kaldı/ **cümle:** G om./ J om. couplet 215//
216. **yoğdu:** E yoğdu/ **iħlāsundan:** EHI iħlāsında/ J om. couplet 216//
217. **hemīn:** B yakın/ **ħiki:** BD lık/ J om. couplet 217//
218. **Tangridan:** CFGHI Tañridan/ **isdeyü:** BEGI isteyü/ **lācirem:** DF läcerem/ **oldı işleri eyü:** G işleri gele eyü/ J om. couplet 218//
219. **Tālūt:** FG Dāvūd/ **oldı..ħāk:** G oldı 'İmlākilerün 'omri نجاح / J om. couplet 219//
220. **çoğ:** BD çok/ **lācirem:** DF läcerem/ J om. couplet 220//
221. **içenün:** E içen/ **çün:** E om./ **degıldı iħlāsi:** E iħlāsi degıldı/ **degıldı:** B degül/ **iħlāsi:** G sıdkı/ **işleri cümle:** G cümle işleri/ J om. couplet 221//
222. **'Oşmāniler:** DG 'Oşmāniler/ J om. couplet 222//
223. **çün:** F çü/ **iħlāsi:** B iħlās/ **hażretinde:** A حضرتندہ / CJ om. couplet 223//
224. **alıp:** DƏH alup/ J om. couplet 224//
225. **zelel:** F halel, B zelel/ **düşeyidi:** G düşdi/ **işlerine:** B iħlāsına/ **bir kez halel:** I berk-i halel, D dāyim halel, F bir gün zelel/ J om. couplet 225//
226. **tevārīhi bilen kişi:** F tevāri kişi bu gün/ J om. couplet 226//
227. J om. couplet 227//
228. **bunlaruñ:** CDF bularuñ/ **gibi:** BCEGHI bigi/ J om. couplet 228//
229. **bu miğdār:** G bu resme/ **aliban:** EGHİ alubar/ **ķıldır:** D kırdı/ J om. couplet 229//
230. **ola:** E sen/ J om. couplet 230//
231. **pāk-iħlāsu...pāk-i'tikād:** G pāk-iħlās idibenün i'tikād/ J om. couplet 231//
232. **dāru'l-hayr:** J dār-i hayr/ **u:** BDH om./ **bāri:** FHJ bārī/ **añā:** J anga/ **añā daħbi:** G daħħi añā//
233. **yapdı dünyāda makām:** BDEGHİJ dünyede yapdı makām, F dünyede itdi makām/ **ki anda āsūde olurlar:** E kim olur āsūde anda/ **āsūde:** B āsūze/ **olurlar:** D olalar//
234. **irerde:** D irdi, G irürdi//
235. **Rūm ilini:** J Rūm alup, BD Rūm ilin/ **beglerin:** E leşkerin, D begleri//
236. **daħbi:** E da/ **għi û dār:** G kār u bād//
237. **ġarba degin:** I Lāza degin/ **her ne var:** CG ne ki var/ **virbidiler:** G birbidiler, J virbidi ol//
- (k) **Ceng-i...küffär:** D Muħārebe-i Murād ma'a'l-lāzu ve sebeb-i inhizām, H Ceng-i Sulṭān Mīr Murād Beg bā-Lāz ve şehādet-i ü ve inhizām-i küffär, F Ceng-i Sulṭān-i sa'īd Murād bā-Lāz-i Gebr ve şehādet-i ü ve inhizām-i küffär, E Ceng-i Ĝāzī Murād Ḥān ve şehid şoden-i ü [E has heading (k) post couplet 238], I Ceng-i Mīr Murād Ḥān bā-Lāz ve اِنْزَام küffär, B Ceng-i Murād Ḥān-ī Ĝāzī be-leşker-i Lāz ve şehādet-i ü ve inhizām-i küffär, J Der-ceng-i Murād Ĝāzī [J has heading (k) post couplet 239], G Muħārebe-i Murād Ḥān bā-leşker-i Lāz//
238. **ki:** EJ om./ **anuñ:** J anung/ **ħāk ü gerd:** E ħāk-i gerd, D ħāk gerd//
239. **ki:** J om./ **oldı yir yürü anlara:** E yir yürü oldı añā//

Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

240. arada: BDEGIJ orada/ **kim:** J ki/ **rūzīgār:** J kārzār, D rūzgār/ **yādīgār:** BH yāzigār, D yādgār//
241. her yaña kim itseň: F her yaña itseydüñ/ **kim:** BJ ki/ **yaña:** J yanga/ **ıksaň:** J itseng//
242. la'l-reng: H la'l ü reng/ **kuru:** DI kurn/ BEGJ om. couplet 242.
243. baş u tenidi: DI başıdı tenidi, B baş u kanıdı/ **üstinde:** DJI üstine//
244. olup: J oldu, B olıp/ **kaçdılار:** E kaçdı/ **kūffār:** EFJ kāfirler/ **oradan:** J andan/ **sernigün:** BEI sernigün/ **kaçdılار..sernigün:** G koşdu kāfirler orada sernigün//
245. қova gitdi: J ۋۇڭ gitdi/ **düşmeni:** H resmini/ **hayl ü sipāh:** DI ḥayl-i sipāh/ **bir yirde:** F orada//
246. durdu: BDEF turdu/ **kim:** EG ki/ **ol arada:** E kim orada//
247. **ķana ālūze olup:** J kana bulaşubanı, EG kana bulaşuban, B kana ālūze olıp, I қana ālūde olup/ **pā vü ser:** IJ pāy u ser, D pāy ser/ **yaturımış..meger:** E bir gebr yaturımış anda meger/ couplet 247, verse 1: F-----//
248. **līki:** BDFJ līk/ **'ayān:** J ol 'ayān//
249. **yaturken:** A yaturiken/ **durdur:** BEFI turdu/ **sıçrayup:** B sıçrayıp//
250. ol arada ol demde: G ol oldu ol, E ol arada düsdi/ **mutlaqā oldu şehīd:** J mutlaq oldu ol şehīd/ [E add. heading post couplet 250: şehīden-i Sultān Murād Ḥān, ta'ammēda'llāhu]//
251. **çarbuń:** J çarhung/ **bākī:** C bāki/ **olmaz:** E қalmaz/ **zinde:** B anda, J bunda//
252. **şehīd oldu:** DHI şehīd idi//
253. **fethē fütūhündan anuń:** I feth u fütūhündan anuń/ EJ om. couplet 253//
- (I) **Pāzīshāhī-i..Murād:** F Pādīshāhī-i Sultān-ı pīrūz Bāyezīd bin Ḡāzī Murād, I Pādīshāh Sultān-ı pīrūz Mīr Bāyezīd, C Pādīshāhī-i Sultān-ı pīrūz Bāyezīd ibn Ḡāzī Murād, E Pāzīshāhī-i Sultān Bāyezīd bin Ḡāzī Murād [E has heading (I) ante couplet 255], H Pādīshāh Sultān-ı pīrūz Bāyezīd bin Ḡāzī Murād, D Pādīshāhī-i Emīr Bāyezīd Ḥān, G Pāzīshāhī-i Bāyezīd Ḥān, B Pāzīshāhī-i Bāyezīd Ḥān bin Murād Beg Ḡāzī, rahmetu'llāhi, J Pādīshāhī-i Yıldırıム Bāyezīd//
254. sultān-ı şehīd: BCG ḡāzī vü şehīd, AJ ḡāzī-i şehīd/ **çün..şehīd:** D ḡāziyidi cün şehādetde ' ol şehīd, H çünki ḡāziyidi şehādetde ' ol şehīd, I cün şehādetde ḡāziyidi ol şehīd/ E om. couplet 254//
255. **gibi:** FICHEGJ bigi/ **dükeli:** GJB қamusı//
256. **ılm ehlini:** J ehl-i ilmi/ **ol:** D om./ **kılurıldı:** BJGF virüridi//
257. **dutardı:** FEDB tutardı/ **kim:** G ki//
258. **aña:** J anga/ **mecmū'-ı һalқa:** E kamu һalқa, C mecmū' işe/ **itdi..pīşvā:** D itdi mecmū'ı anı һalқa pīşvā//
259. **çoł:** B çoh/ **aña:** J anga/ **ol:** EI om.//
260. **Rūmdan:** J Rūm u/ **Sīvās u Tōkātı:** F Tōkāt u Sīvās/ **Sīvās u:** E Sīvās, DH Sīvās/ **Tōkātı:** B Tōkāt/ **Cānikı:** DE Cānik/ **alup:** BF alıp/ **Sāmsūna:** D Sāmsāna, BEF Sāmisūna//
261. **aña:** J anga/ **döndi:** FG gitdi/ **dār-ı mülkinden yaña:** I dār u mülkinden yaña, B dār-ı milkinden yaña/ **döndi..yaña:** J böyle olur devlet işi cün aña/ E om. couplet 261//
262. **tā be-ḥadd-i Anṭāliye:** H tā be-ḥayr-i Antāliye, E tā Antālya қomadı/ **Anṭāliye:** F Anṭākiye/ **ol:** J om./ **tā..diyār:** B Antāliye қomadı şehr ü diyār, G tā ki Anṭākiye şehrile diyār, J tā عطليye kamu şehr ü diyār/ DI om. couplet 262//
263. **Alaşar:** J Alaşehri, C Alaşehr/ **ködī:** E қodu, G қaldı/ **vü:** JE om./ **ne Aydin u ne Menteşe:** J ne Ayaşuluğ һodi, C ne Aydin ili vü ne Menteşe/ **u:** D om./ **ne...Germiyān:** BF ne Ayasuluğ қodi ne Germiyān, E ne Ayasuluğ ne қodi Germiyān, G ne Ayasılık қodi ne Germiyān//
264. **Kastamoniyye:** B Kastamoni/ **daħħi:** E de/ **aña:** J anga, C oña/ **böyle olur:** G böyle durur/ **devlet işi:** D devlet issi/ **çün:** J hüb/ **oña:** E aña, J onga//
265. **Konya vü Lārendeyi:** JF Konyayı Lārendeyi/ **daħħi:** E de//
266. **komadı:** J қoymadı/ **itdi ol:** EJ itdi/ **қamusını:** E қamusın/ **nāmdār:** EHI nāmudār, JG şehriyār//

Kemal Sılay

267. **dāru'l-mülke vü:** dāru'l-mülkine/ şāh: B şāz/ 'adl ü dād: E 'adl-i dād//
268. ol 'adli çün: GE çün ol 'adli/ ol: F bu/ çün: DB çü/ andan: DBF anda/ buldular: D bildiler, G gördüler/ işe: H 'iyşa//
269. **Rūm içre:** JGB yirlerde, E illerde/ Rūm: D / anuñ: J anung//
270. ne şahrä: D şahrä/ ki olmadı: J olmadın ol, E olmadı/ yā: B ü yā/ kiş ü yā bustān u bāğ: H gülşen ü bustān u bāğ//
271. ol: JEG om./ anuñ: J anung, E vü, G om./ couplet 271: F gice gündüz zühd itdi ol āşikār- işi tā'at oldu oldu anuñ//
272. **hırgız eline:** D eline hergiz/ hırgız: FDHBECI hergiz/ J om. couplet 272//
273. 'adleydi 'Ömer: HID 'adile 'Ömer, B 'adlıledi 'Ömer, F 'adl idi 'Ömer/ bildi ki olur kādīler: E bildi kādīler olur/ kādīler: CIBH kādīler/ bīdādger: CI bīdāzger/ şāh-ı... 'Ömer: E şāh-ı 'Oşmāniydi 'adile 'Ömer, G şāh-ı 'Oşmāniyü 'adl içre 'Ömer/ J om. couplet 273//
274. rişvet durur: A rişvet 'نے/ u: B om./ J om. couplet 274//
275. **dünyeyiçün:** G dīni içün, B dünyayıçün, D dīniyiçün/ dünyeyiçün...nazar: E dünyeyiçün kim gerekmezdir bular/ J om. couplet 275//
276. **itdi:** E կildi/ կամսն: F կamu, HGE կamusın/ şordı: FHGE şordurdu/ J om. couplet 276//
277. **geregince itdi:** G itdi geregince/ yavuzlıkdır: B yavuzlıkdır, F yavuzluğdur/ J om. couplet 277//
278. **rāstrūlk:** B rāstrūlk, CG rāstrūlik/ ہوڈ: HI hoz, B / olardan: G olarda/ rāstrūlk ہوڈ olardan: E ہوڈ olardan rāstrūlk/ ola: E gele/ J om. couplet 278//
- (m) **haber āmeden...Bāyezīd Beg:** J Āmeden-i haber-i Sultān-ı Mışr be-Sultān Bāyezīd [J has heading (m) post couplet 279], I ۂhaber āmezen ez-vefāt-ı Sultān Berkük be-Bāyezīd Gāzī-rā [I has heading (m) post couplet 280], E Haber āmeden ez-vefāt-ı Sultān Berkük be-Bāyezīd ۂān [E has heading (m) posi couplet 279], G 'Azīmet kerden-i Bāyezīd ۂān be-niyyet-i Mışr, B Haber āmezen ve vefāt-ı Sultān Berkük be-Bāyezīd Beg Gāzī, H ۂhaber āmeden ez-vefāt-ı Sultān Berkük be-Bāyezīd Beg, D Vefāt-ı Sultān Berkük fi Medīnei Mışr [D has heading (m) post couplet 280]//
279. **bunuñ:** J munung/ vü: J om./ girū: J girü hem//
280. **Ḩalikuñ:** J Ḥalikung/ 'azze ve cel: F 'izz ü celāl/ Mışr: C Mışr//
281. **bunu:** E om./ işidüp: E işidicek, FB işidip/ Şāma: D Şeh/ binūm: FDGE benüm/ oldu diyü: D ola diyüp, I ola diyü/ bunu..eyledi: J çün işidüp ol şāma қasd eyledi//
282. **ben dahı ölürem:** E ben de ölürem, H ہاک olsaram, BG ben dahı ölem/ **kim:** DF ki/ **oldı:** D öldi vü/ **ben dahı ölürem:** E ben de ölürem, GBD ben dahı ölem//
283. **saña:** J sanga/ қonşilar: BD қoňşilar, G қonşilaruñ//
284. **Nūşrvāna:** DE Nūşrevāna, B Nūşrūvān/ Nūşrvāna didiler: G didiler Nūşrvāna/ iy: I i/ fulān: B falān/ ölüp: FB ölip/ J om. couplet 284//
285. **dahı:** E de/ J om. couplet 285//
286. **öliserem:** F ölieren/ ol oldı: G ہاک oldı, F oldı/ olsaram: F olsarin/ JE om. couplet 286//
287. **saña:** E baña, J sanga/ **kim:** J om./ hem olyaña: G andin yaña, E dir ol yaña, J hem ol yanga//
288. **diyibenüñ:** J diyübeni, B diyübenüñ, D لَبْرَى / dutdı: EBF tutdı/ Mildenīye: I Mildenīye/ vardı: J itdi, BF geldi//
289. **feth itdi anı egirdüp:** E anı feth itdi egirdüp/ egirdüp: BF egirdip/ döndürdü: F dönderdi/ 'inān: F 'ayān, H 'inā//
290. **kim:** JG ki/ yarağ ide: BF yarağ ide/ Şām fethine: J fethine şāmung//
291. **bu կamu itdiği:** E itdiği kamu/ anuñ: J anung/ bilemedi: B bilmedi ol/ **kim:** J ki, G ki ol//
292. **tedbīri:** B tedbīr/ Tangrı: CGHF Tañrı/ takzīri: CGBHF taķdīri/ orada...irişe: E Tangrınuñ taķdīri çunkim iriše/ DIJ om. couplet 292/ [ante couplet 292 G add. heading ۂuruc-ı Temûr Leng//
- 293.1 **eyit:** J di kim//

Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

294. *yûridi*: F بِيَرِيْدِي / *mülk*: BI milk/ *mülk..fütür*: J fitne doldı ‘âleme hâvf u fütür//

295. *Temûruñ*: J Temûrung/ *läcerem*: DF läcerem/ *kim*: J ki/ *żulm ü* cevri: I żulm-i cevri, B żulm anda/ *çoğdu*: G çokıldı [G has couplet 295 post couplet 296], J çokıldı/ [pro couplet 295 E add. couplet: *ḥileyidi ol Temûruñ işleri- mekr ile kesmişdi ol çok başları】//*

296. *zikri* vahşet: F sözü vahşet, GI *zíkr ü* vahşet/ vahşetdür: I vahdetdür/ *yaķın*: BD hemîn/ *añmamak durur*: B añmamañ durur, J angmamañ durur/ *hemîn*: BDH yakîn//

297. *gitdi*: J ölüp/ yıkılıp yakıldı: J yılkılıp yağıldı, BDF yılkılıp yağıldı/ *çok*: BJ çoh, F hem//

(n) *Pâdişâhî-i kabrehu*: A Pâzişâhî-i Sultânî's-sa'îdî's-şehîd Emîr Süleymân nevvera'llâhu kabrehu, B Pâzişâhî-i Sultân-i cüvân-bâht Emîr Süleymân, D Saltanat-i Emîr Süleymân, H Pâzişâh Sultânî's-sa'îdî's-şehîd Emîr Süleymân nevvera'llâhu kabrehu, J Pâdişâhî-i Süleymân, I Pâzişâh Emîr Süleymân nevvera'llâhu kabrehu, E Pâzişâhî-i Emîr Süleymân [E has heading (n) ante couplet 299], G Pâdişâhî-i Emîr Süleymân//

298. *Mîr Süleymân*: B Mîr Sülmân/ *anuñ*: J anung/ *gibi*: BCFHI bigi/ *gün...gûvâh*: GJ ki nefes mihrinden urur mihr ü mâh/ [ante couplet 298 E add. couplet: çünkü on dört yıl ol oldu pâzişâh- kim nefes mihrinden urur mihr ü mâh]//

299. *kim*: G ki/ *ola ol*: EG ol ola/ *dâdger*: H dâzger/ olur: G ola/ *Nûşirrevân*: I Nûşirrevân/ *ol..dâdger*: B ol kim ola ol dâzger/ DJ om. couplet 299/ [ante couplet 299 E add. couplet: 'adline idüp nazar görgil 'ayân- gün bigi rûşen ne hâcetdür beyân]//

300. *anuñ bilgil*: E söyledür/ cevedür: D cevidür/ Cevne: DI cüdina/ *Hindûstân*: B Hindüsitan/ Cevne vü *Hindûstân*: F Cevne-i Hindûstân/ *himmeti..ayân*: J 'adlide idüp nazar görgil 'inân//

301. *yüz*: B biñ/ *Hâtimi*: DF Hâtemi, H Hâtemi, C Hâtimi//

302. *yoğ durur*: JBF yoğ durur/ *hîrgiz*: CEHDBF hergiz//

303. *ışidüp*: FB ışidüp/ 'ışkına oldu cân viriben: E cân viriben 'ışkına oldu/ oldu: I olur/ *viriben*: B her ten, C bigi, G virüben//

304. *atunuñ*: J atanung/ *imrenüp*: B imrenip/ F om. couplet 304//

305. *u*: B om./ *genc ü destres*: F genc-i destires/ *likin*: BFGJ lik/ *mülk*: F milki, BEI milk//

306. *himmeti katında*: F dağı katında/ *anuñ*: E bu/ *mülk-i zemîn*: BI milk-i zemîn/ *üvezüñ*: GIDBF üyezüñ/ *hemîn*: H yakîn/ J om. couplet 306//

307. *mülk*: BI milk/ *aña*: J anga/ *şark u ġarb*: BCJ şarkila ġarb, E hem şark u ġarb/ *mülk...ħarb*: E olmadın mülk istese arada ħarb/ *feth..ġarb*: F her kime fetħ olayıdı şark u ġarb//

308. *mûrûvetlû durur*: A mûrûvetlû دُوْرُ, J mûrûvet issidür//

309. *olup durur nefsi*: EGHI nefsi olup durur, BC nefsi olıp durur/ *ahlâkdan*: B ahlâtdan/ *ol ari*: C oldur ari, G zâti ari/ FJ om. couplet 309//

310. *anuñ yokdur*: E yok durur, GI anuñ yok, B anuñ yoħdur, J anung yokdur/ *ideyim*: D ideyüm/ *ħüb..kerân*: F pes anuñ vaşfina yok durur kerân//

311. *bîkerân*: F ol teki/ *tamâm idibile*: B kim idebile, D tamâm idebile/ EJ om. couplet 311//

312. 'omrden ger': F ger ecelden/ *Tanrınuñ*: GICHDF Tañrınuñ/ EJ om. couplet 312//

313. *bünyâd*: B bünyâz/ *ideyüz*: CDI idevüz/ *Mîr Süleymân*: F Mîr Süleymân/ eydeyüz: DFG idevüz, BCI eydevüz/ EJ om. couplet 313//

314. *adaların evşâfila*: I adalarını أَدَلَّا / J om. couplet 314//

315. *oldur*: EF geldi/ J om. couplet 315//

316. GJ om. couplet 316//

317. *lâbüd oldı*: F bilki ol/ *ķamusunuñ*: C cümlesinüñ/ *Hâtemi*: C Hâtemi/ J om. couplet 317//

318. *evvel*: G andan/ *liki*: FB lik/ J om. couplet 318//

319. *kim*: F hod/ *feyz-i cûd*: E feyz ü cûd/ *ırürdi*: EG irişdi, B irdi/ J om. couplet 319//

### Kemal Silay

320. **ki ol durur:** E geldi kim, G k'oldı ol/ J om. couplet 320//  
 321. **gelür:** EGI geldi, H k'olur/ gelür ol: D ol oldu/ J om. couplet 321//  
 322. **őndin:** D öndi, I öndür/ **diyeyim:** D diyeyüm, EI diyeyin/ **diňle:** AHI aňla/ J om. couplet 322//  
 323. **anuň içün:** F-----/ **kim:** G ki/ **ħalk-ı cihān:** I sâh-ı cihân/ **olur:** D oldu/ J om. couplet 323//  
 324. **şâhudı:** E şehdi, G şâhuň/ **geliben:** GI gelüben/ **buldı:** I oldı/ J om. couplet 324//  
 325. **dahı:** E de/ **idüp:** BF idip, G itdüm, C kılup, D idem/ **adına:** ACDEH adını, BG adın/ **nazmı**  
**vaşfila:** H nazm u vaşfila/ J om. couplet 325/ [post couplet 325 F add. heading: Pâdişâh Sultân Murâd]//  
 326. **hizmetine:** BCFHI hizmetine/ **cihānı:** B cihân/ EGJ om. couplet 326//  
 327. **lâcirem:** DF lacerem/ **hudâvendî:** BFCI huzâvendî/ EG om. couplet 327//  
 328. **nesneye:** D nesyebe, A nisyeye/ **eyle:** AFH ebleh/ **gümreh:** BDH gümrâh, I eyle/ J om. couplet  
 328/ [pro couplet 328 E add. couplets: 'Ömrden ger virülirise amân- Tangrınuň fažlıyla bir kaç zamân, bir  
 kitâbe dahı bünyâd idevüz- Mîr Süleymân nitdi anda eydevüz]//  
 329. **anuň:** J anung//  
 330. **cihândan:** CDFH cihânda/ **rif'atinûň:** J rif'atinüng//  
 332. **cihâna:** E cihânda/ **yakîn:** C hemîn/ **cihânuň:** J cihânung/ **hemîn:** C yakın/ G om. couplet 332//  
 333. **itdük:** BJ itdüm/ **kim:** E om./ aňlar. J anglar, F bilür/ **çün...beyân:** E çün tevârîh oldu bu resme  
 beyân/ G om. couplet 333//  
 334. **sôzini:** I sözin/ **eydelüm:** DF idelüm/ **idelüm:** C ideyim/ G om. couplet 334//

### Abbreviations and Symbols

<b>A</b>	Arabic
add.	adds
ante	before, in front of
ff.	folios
om.	omits
P	Persian
pl.	plural
post	after
pro	for, instead of
sing.	singular
T	Turkish
a: bcd	a as compared with b, c, d, etc.
a...bcd	from-to; to avoid writing a part or the whole of a verse or couplet
...	(appearing in the Translation) at the end of one couplet and at the beginning of the following one, to signal that the sentence continues into the next couplet
....	illegible letters
-	marks the separation of two verses of a couplet in aparatuses
-----	absent or illegible letters, the number of which is undetermined
/	separating two words, expressions, etc. and their variants
//	separating two apparatuses
[abcd]	in the Translation, additions by the translator to facilitate understanding

### Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

[= abcd] in the Translation, to indicate the element not explicitly stated in the text

(2), (3), etc.	in the index verborum, indicates the number of times that the word appears in the given couplet
[-> abcd]	shows other related names, words, or expressions
§	signals the verses of the Kur'ān, hadīses, idioms, or the iżāfets
>	introduces forms other than the infinitive, base or root of the word, expression or sentence
,	elision
* * * *	shows space left by the copyist

### Index Verborum

[The numbers refer to the couplets. Proper names are capitalized. The meanings of the words given here are in no way exhaustive; rather, they are based on the usage in the text itself.]

- āb ū hāk § land, country: 80.  
ābād eyle- § to build up > -di: 70.  
ābgūn (P) blue: 131.  
‘abid (A) devout, worshipper: 257.  
ad (T) name; proper name; fame, repute, reputation: 162, 324 > -ı: 106, 122, 147, 315; -ıla: 194; -ın: 60; -ına: 325; -ların: 314.  
ad ur- § to bestow a name (upon somebody) > “uralar...ad”: 32.  
‘adem (A) lack, absence: (j).  
ādemī (A + P) human being, man, human: 21, 292.  
‘ādil (A) just, equitable: 255.  
‘adıl (A) justice, equity, integrity: 8, 68, 69, 267 > -eydi: 273; -ı: 69, 268, 295; -ini: 5; -iyle: 269.  
āferīnüş (P) creation > -den: 324.  
āfet (A) calamity, disaster: 91.  
āfitāb (P) Sun: 304.  
āgāz (P) beginning: (c).  
āh (P) moan: 130.  
‘ahdi boz- § to break the oath > -up: 42.  
āblāk (A) morality > -dandur: 309.  
**Aḥmedī**: 326.  
al- (T) to take, to get, to obtain, to procure > -di: 39, 48, 54, 57, 65, 76, 79, 80, 107, 109, 111, 157, 260, 265; -dilar: 213, 276; -duğda: 89; -iban: 229; -ındır: 198; -ıp: 224; -madır: 272; -madın: 56; -mağa: 305, -up: 260.  
**Alaşar**: 263.  
‘alef (A) fodder: 166.  
‘alem (A) flag, banner: 22 > -den: 22.  
‘ālem (A) world; universe > -de: 329; -ı: 317.  
ālet (A) instrument > -ı: 27.  
āl-i ‘Osmān § the Ottoman dynasty: (a) > -uñ: 223.  
‘ālı (A) exalted, sublime: 67.  
**Allāh Ekber** § God is most great: 118.  
ālüze ol- § to be covered > -up: 247.  
amān (A) mercy: 312.  
āmeden (P) to come: (m).  
ān- (T) to tell, to talk, to mention > -alum: 11; -ıla: 69; -ilan: 119; -ıldı: 10, 15; -mamaķ durur: 296; -mazlar: 274.

## Kemal Sılay

‘anā (A) trouble, difficulty > -da: 84.  
 aña (T) to that; to those; to him: 24, 32, 43 (2), 45, 57, 73, 84, 86, 111, 116, 120, 136, 140, 149, 154, 155, 159, 160, 163, 171, 175, 194, 195, 232, 258, 259, 261, 264, 275, 307.  
 anda (T) there, thither: 9, 38, 46, 74, 77, 94, 115, 117, 138, 152, 161, 169, 170, 175, 178, 219, 233, 247, 313.  
 andan (T) thereafter, and then, after that: 49, 60, 84, 85, 93, 108, 210, 268, 321.  
 anı (T) that; him, it: 6, 9, 13, 26, 30, 63, 80, 85, 101, 122, 127, 145, 146, 151, 203, 257 (2), 258, 289, 291, 296, 310, 333, 334.  
 anlar [--> olar] (T) they: 15, 64, 333 > -a: 20, 192, 239, 277; -da: 4; -dan: 18; -ı: 3, 187, 188; -uñ: 216, 225.  
 ansuz (T) without it: 177.  
**Antalye:** 262.  
 anuñ (T) his, its: 2, 34, 50, 88, 92, 136, 166, 167, 196, 238, 240, 253, 269, 271, 291, 298, 300, 306, 310, 311, 323, 325, 326 (2), 329 > -ila: 13, 68, 161; -la: 33, 41, 150, 158; -çün: 317; -dur: 202.  
 ak- (T) flood -dilar: 60.  
 əkabet (A) ultimately, finally: 146, 334.  
 akm (T) flood; raid: 60.  
 ‘akl (A) intelligence: 17, 18.  
 ara (T) the space between, distance: 236 > -da: 240, 307; -sında: 75; -ya: 200.  
 ārāyış (P) adornment: 150.  
 arı (T) far (from): 309.  
 ‘arī (A) deprived (of): 144.  
 arid- (T) to purify > -ur: 28.  
 artuk (T) other: 200.  
 artur- (T) to elevate > -ur: 129.  
 Āşaf-rā (A) like Āşaf > -yidi: 98.  
 āsān gel- § to seem facile > -e: 8.  
 āsār (A) remains: 63.  
 ‘asl (A) cause: 274.  
 āsūde (P) tranquil: 233.  
 aşağı (T) the space below; at the end: 15.  
 aşağı yukarı § everywhere: 22.  
 āşikār (P) openly: 271.  
 at (T) horse: 243 > -inuñ: 304.  
 at- (T) to shoot > -duğ: 87.  
 ata (T) father : 255 > -sı: 105.  
 a‘vān-i dīn § the servants of faith: 60.  
 ‘avn (A) help: 159.  
 ‘avret (A) woman: 59, 188, 192.  
 avuç (T) handful: 211.  
 ay (T) month: 118.  
 ‘ayān (A) clearly, openly: 6, 222, 226, 248, 300, 321, 333.  
 ‘ayān kıl- to vivify > “kıldı ‘ayān”: 113.  
 ‘ayān ol- § to become manifest, to become evident; to appear > “olmak-çün ‘ayān”: 128; “oldı...‘ayān”: 18.  
 āyāt (A) verses of the Kūr’ān: 67.  
 Aydun: 263.  
 ayruğ (T) other > -ı: 181.  
 az (T) few; a few; not much; little, small; some: 49, 54, 75, 118, 215, 221 > -ıdı: 144.  
 az- (T) to sin > az: 124.  
 ‘azīz (A) dear, beloved: 168.  
 ‘azm (A) determination > -in: 171.  
 ‘azze ve cel § May He be honored and glorified: 56, 120, 280.  
 bā (P) with: (a), (h), (k).  
 bāc (P) tax: 111.  
 bād (P) wind: 88.

Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

bāğ (P) orchard, garden: 270 > -ına: 134, 331.  
 bahādur (P) brave, hero: 86, 160, 185 > -lıkda: 153.  
 bahār (P) spring: 133.  
 bahır (A) sea: 23.  
 bahşış (P) generosity > -i: 90.  
 bahüt (P) fortune, luck: 84, 150.  
 bākī (A) eternal; everlasting: 59, 251.  
 baña [--> ben, bin] (T) to me: 14, 226.  
 bāri [bārī] (P) in short, summing up: 64, 232.  
 baş (T) head: 243 > -idi: 241.  
 başını götür- § to cut one's head off > -di: 142.  
 başla- (T) to start; to undertake > -disa: 72.  
 bātlı (A) false; wrong: 275 > -i: 275.  
 bay (T) rich > -lara: 36.  
**Bāyezīd Beg** [--> Sultān-i pīrūz Bāyezīd bin Gāzī Murād, Sultān Bāyezīd]: (m).  
 be (P) to: (f), (i), 262, (m).  
 beg (T) beg > -ler: 170; -leri: 11; -lerin: 74, 235; -lerinden: 111.  
 belā (A) calamity, misfortune: 190 > -ya: 216.  
 belki (P) certainly: 31.  
 ben [--> baña, bin] (T) I: 282 (2), 285 (2), 286, 310, 325.  
 benefse (P) violet: 321.  
 Benī Isrā'il the Jews, children of Israel > -e: 183, 190.  
 ber (P) on, in: 252.  
 berā (P) for, for the sake of, in order to: (f).  
 berāber (P) together: 148.  
 berī (A) free (from), far (from): 309.  
 berk (T) motionless > berk idi: 88.  
 berķ (A) lightning > berķ idi: 164.  
 berkid- (T) to strengthen > elüm: 202.  
 bernā (P) young man; youth: 59.  
 beyān (A) expression, declaration: (j).  
 beyān eyle- § to express, to tell; to write > "eyledüm beyān": 1; "eylegil...beyān": 226.  
 beyān it- § to tell > "i(d)eyim beyān": 310; "itdüm beyān": 222; "itdük beyān": 333.  
 bīçāre (P) poor, wretched: 214.  
 bīdādger (P) tyrannic: 273.  
 bīfer (P) debilitated: 193.  
 bigi [--> gibi] (T) like: 64.  
 bīgūmān (P) undoubtedly: 18, 321, 323.  
 bīhad (P+A) boundless, limitless, endless: 39.  
 bikerān (P) limitless, endless: 311.  
 bīkuvvet (P+A) feeble: 193.  
 bil- (T) to know; to be informed; to understand, to realize > -di: 26, 145, 273; -diler: 191; -e: 311, 323; -emedi: 291; -en: 226; -gil: 300; -inür: 222; -ür: 16, -ür idi: 99; -üriseñ: 226; -ürsin: 124, 169.  
 bilād (A) countries: (i).  
 bile I (T) with, together with; and: 33, 105 > -yidi: 161.  
 bile II (T) also, too: 116.  
 Bilecüğ > -i: 53.  
 bīmār (P) sick, ill: 214.  
 bin [--> baña, ben] (T) I > -üm: 281.  
 biñ (T) thousand: 91, 126.  
 binā (A) building: 77.  
 bīnevā (P) poor, destitute: 258 > -lıkdan: 143.  
 bir (T) one; a, an: 1, 14, 25, 32, 51, 52, 58, 71, 86, 88, 101, 110, 114, 120, 121, 131, 146, 162, 182, 194, 195, 196, 208, 211, 225, 240, 245, 247, 269, 271, 289, 300, 301, 306, 313.

**bir kaç** § some: 245, 279, 312.  
**bir kaç vakt** § for a period of time: 40.  
**bir zerre** § to some extent: 278.  
**bīser** (P) without a leader: 193.  
**bīserver** (P) without a leader: 193.  
**bisle-**(T) to help > -r: 129.  
**bış altı** § a few: 65.  
**bış** (P) more; great: 4, 220.  
**bışumār** (P) innumerable: 237.  
**bileşvīs** (P+A) easy: 26.  
**biz** (T) we: 196 > -e: 9, 195.  
**boyun vir-** § to sacrifice oneself > -mediler: 186.  
**boz-** (T) to demolish > -ar: 127.  
**böyük** (T) company; group; people: 52, 75.  
**böyle** (T) so, this, in this way; such: 147, 264 > -dür: 251.  
**bu** (T) this: 1, 13 (2), 24, 28, 43, 49, 116, 128, 131, 134, 144, 162, 174, 182, 212, 228, 229, 269, 291, 293, 315, 319, 324, 325, 327, 332 -nda: 121; -nu: 16, 281; -nuñ: 49, 279.  
**bu arada** § in the meantime: 294.  
**bu kadar** § several: 45.  
**bu resme** § in this manner: 333.  
**bud** (P) was; being: (g).  
**bul-** (T) to find; to obtain; to succeed > -a: 178; -alar: 246; -dr: 85, 110, 112, 150, 172, 176, 254, 324; -dilar: 82, 223, 224, 268; -duğın: 59; -iban: 42; -ına: 126; -mamışdur: 180; -sa: 122; -urısa: 103.  
**bular** [--> **bunlar**] (T) these: 275 > -a: 191.  
**bunca** (T) this much, so much: 65.  
**bunlar** [--> **bular**] (T) these: 65 > -uñ: 228; -uñ-çün: 230.  
**Bursa:** 55 -yi: 76.  
**bustān** [büstān] (P) garden: 270.  
**buyur-** (T) to command, to order: 201.  
**bülend** (P) high; a lot of: 138.  
**bünyād eyle-** § to build up > -di: 70.  
**bünyād it-** § to build up > -(d)eyüz: 313.  
**cāh** (A) high position: 85.  
**Cālūt** > -i: 219.  
**cām** (P) glass; cup of wine: 272.  
**cāmi'** (A) mosque: 232.  
**cān** (P) soul; life; person; body: 168, 201, 202, 203, 303, 326 > -dan: 180; -i: 215, 332; -lar: 88.  
**Cānik** > -i: 260.  
**cānim terk it-** § to devote (one's) life (to something) > -di: 47.  
**cāvizān** (P) eternal: 67.  
**cehd** (A) effort: 278.  
**cehd ü ictihād it-** § to fight, to struggle > “i(d)erdi cehd ü ictihād”: 97.  
**cem' it-** § to gather; to levy > -di: 276; -(d)üp: 33.  
**cem' ol-** § to gather > -avuz: 196.  
**ceng** (P) battle; war; strife; fight: (h), (k), 240 > -e: 98.  
**ceng eyle-** § to fight > “eyledi ceng”: 108.  
**ceng it-** § to fight > “itdi...ceng”: 158, 239.  
**cennet** (A) paradise, heaven > -üñ: 135.  
**cev** (P) grain; barley > -edür: 300.  
**Cevne:** 300.  
**cevr** (A) oppression > -i: 295.  
**cezā it-** § to punish > “itdi...cezā”: 277.  
**cezm** (A) definite resolution: 171.

Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

cida (T) lance > -lar: 165.  
 cidāl (A) fight, combat: 12.  
 cihād (A) holy war; religious endeavor: (f), 136, 228.  
 cihād it- § to fight on behalf of Islam > “i(d)e cihād”: 97; “i(d)e...cihād”: 32.  
 cihān (P) world; universe: 49, 121, 125, 128, 323, 331 > -a: 332; -da: 38; -dan: 50, 330; -ı: 326; -uñ: 332.  
 cihet (A) side, direction: (i).  
 Cingiz Hān: 6.  
 cüd (A) munificence, generosity: 17, 319.  
 cümle (A) all: 155, 184, 187, 189, 215, 217, 221, 229 > -si: 75.  
 cüz (P) except: 175.  
 çāker (P) servant: 235.  
 çāre (P) remedy, cure; help; prevention; solution: 120, 251 > -si: 2.  
 çarlı (P) sky; destiny: 131, 330 > -uñ: 251.  
 çek- (T) to have, to get, to obtain: 79.  
 Çender > -i: 143.  
 çeng (P) claw; the simple form of the present-day harp which goes back to primitive times. Although it was very popular among the Turks, it was abandoned in the 18th century: 120, 272.  
 çeri (T) army, troops: 37, 52, 58, 71, 246.  
 çirk (P) filth: 63 > -inden: 28.  
 çog [--> çok] (T) much, great (in amount); many; too many: 38, 138, 220 > -ıdı: 295.  
 çok [--> çog] (T) much, great (in amount); many; too many: 9, 34, 43, 46, 54, 73, 106, 107, 111, 114, 124, 140, 156, 215, 259, 297.  
 çū [--> çün, çünkî, çunkim] (P) as, like; when: 49, 279.  
 çün [--> çü, çünkî, çunkim] (P) as, like; when; since, because: 1, 10, 21, 35, 79, 124, 127, 162, 169, 171, 175, 183, 190, 199, 200, 201, 221, 223, 235, 249, 252, 254, 264, 265, 268, 295, 315, 324, 333.  
 çunkî [--> çü, çün, çunkim] (P) because, for: 66, 76, 118, 122, 150, 220, 231, 261, 296.  
 çunkim [--> çü, çün, çunkî] (P) because, for: 131.  
 dād (P) equity, justice: 267.  
 dādger (P) doer of justice; just ruler: 11, 68, 299.  
 dahu (T) also, too, even: 2, 34, 53, 79, 139, 169, 189, 204, 212, 232, 236, 261, 264, 265, 272, 282 (2), 285, 286, 287, 313, 325.  
 dānā (P) wise, learned > -yidi: 137.  
 dāniş (P) knowledge; intelligence: 46.  
 dār (A) region . -da: 78.  
 dār u gīr (P) war; battle; fight: 236.  
 dār u gīr it- § to fight, to battle > “i(d)e...dār u gīr”: 206; “i(d)üp dār u gīr”: 188.  
 dārb (A) force; flash: 157, 164 > -den: 244.  
 dār-i bayr § [--> dāru'l-hayr] almshouse: 70, 77.  
 dār-i İslām § the Islamic world: 81.  
 dār-i kūfr § the infidel region > -e: 37; -i: 39, 176.  
 dār-i mūlk § [--> dāru'l-mūlk] homeland; country > -inden: 261.  
 dāru'l-hayr § [--> dār-i hayr] almshouse: 232.  
 dāru'l-mūlk § [--> dār-i mūlk] homeland; country > -e: 267, 289.  
 dāsitān (P) story: (c).  
 da'vet (A) invitation: 104.  
 dāyim [--> dāyimā] (A) always; forever: 151.  
 dāyimā [--> dāyim] (A) always; forever: 97, 251.  
 dede (T) ancestor: 255.  
 def it- § to expel > “i(d)e def'in”: 44.  
 degin (T) until: 237.  
 degül (T) not > -di: 213, 221.  
 dem (P) time > -de: 250.  
 der (P) about, on: (j).

## Kemal Silay

der ü dīvār (P) house, home > -da: 78.  
destgīr (P) helper, protector: 141, 195.  
destres (P) power: 305.  
devlet (A) state; power; good luck, good fortune; success: 264 > -ine: 329.  
devletlü (A+T) happy; fortunate: 203.  
deyr (A) church: 77.  
di- (T) to say, to tell; to mention > dime: 15 (2), 179; -di: 57, 124, 180, 197, 230, 285; -diler: 195, 198, 284; -medi: 282; -mediler: 201; -r: 275, 304; -rem: 16; -r iken: 84; -rlerdi: 86; -rler idi: 194; -yen: 199, 205, 230; -yeyim: 322; -yibenüñ: 288; -yü: 162, 281.  
dile- (T) to wish (for); to ask (for); to demand > dile: 253; -di: 110; -risen: 181.  
dil-sühte (P) afflicted: 208.  
dīn (A) the Islamic faith; belief, faith: 62, 67, 97, 106.  
dīn ehli § [--> ehl-i dīn] the true believer > -ne: 66.  
diñe- (T) to listen to > dinle: 322; -medi: 272.  
diri (T) alive, living > -dür: 30; -yiken: 234.  
diyār (A) country, land: 65, 102, 107, 109, 198, 199, 259, 262, 266, 297.  
dön- (T) to return > -di: 45, 261; -derdi: 49; -dürdi: 289; -icegez: 246; -mek: 43.  
dört (T) four: 20.  
dur- (T) to stop; to stay > -di: 40, 246, 249; -madı: 54; -ur: 123.  
dut- (T) to hold > -iban: 135.  
dükeli (T) all: 255.  
dünyā [--> dünye] (A) world > -da: 233.  
dünye [--> dünyā] (A) world > -nün: 123; -yiçün: 275.  
duriş- (T) to strive > düri : 181.  
dürü (T) much: 156.  
durr-i meknün § resplendent pearl: 23.  
dürüst (P) to go well: 221.  
düş- (T) to fall, fall down; to appear > -di: 1, 117, 236; -dükde: 98; -e: 200; -eyidi: 225; -iben: 170.  
düşmen (P) enemy, foe: 164, 206, 284, 287 > -e: 187, 207; -i: 245.  
düşmiş (T) destitute (person) > -lere: 141.  
düz- (T) to create; to compose > -er: 127; -eyim: 14.  
ecel (A) the appointed hour of death, death: 56, 120, 280.  
ed- (T) to have, to get, to obtain > -em: 162.  
egird- (T) to besiege > -üp: 289.  
ehl-i 'adl § just, fair man (men) > -i: 10.  
ehl-i 'atā § compassionate: 308.  
ehl-i dīn § [--> dīn ehli] true believer(s): 29.  
ehl-i kerāmet § saint(s): 57.  
ehl-i kūfr § [--> kūfr ehli] infidel(s) > -üñ: 44.  
ehl-i manşıb § state officer: 145.  
ehl-i rā § someone who is/are intelligent > -yıcı: 137.  
ehl-i sitem § one who is cruel: 4, 10.  
ejdehā (P) dragon: 87.  
eksük (T) absent, missing: 330.  
el (T) hand; possession: 156 > -e: 89; -inde: 154, 190; -inden: 229; -ine: 272.  
el fākru kāde en yekün § Poverty is close to blasphemy: 84.  
ellerin hūnula boyā- § to make one's hand bloody > "ellerin boyamadılar hūnla": 7.  
elṭāf (A) kindness > -ila: 96.  
emel (A) ambition > emel durur: 123.  
emel dut- § to have a desire > -up: 124.  
emīr (A) chief, leader, commander: 141, 146, 192, 195, 197, 206.  
emr (A) order, command: 128 > emr idi: 191; -i: 105; -ine: 120, 186; -iyile: 280.  
enbiyā (A) prophets: 316 > -dan: 19.

### Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

**encām-ı kār** § end, conclusion of an act: 236.

**Engūriyye** > -yi: 157.

**Erṭuğrul** [--> **Erṭuğrul**]: 38, 50 > -a: 46.

**Erṭuğrul** [--> **Erṭuğrul**]: 33 > -a: 44.

**eṣer** (A) trace, sign, mark: 179.

**esīr** (A) slave; captive: 83, 192.

**esīr it-** § to enslave > “itdi esīr”: 59; “itdiler esīr”: 188.

**eṣcār** (A) trees > -a: 319.

**eṣref** (A) more honored: 19.

**eṭrāf** (A) regions > -i: 44.

**evliyā** (A) saints: 316.

**evṣāf** (A) qualities > -la: 96, 314; -ma: 310.

**evvel** (A) first: 156, 316, 320.

**eyle** (T) so, in that manner; like: 56, 211, 328.

**eyle-** (T) to make, to do; to conquer > -di: 55, 77, 174, 235 (2).

**Eynegōl:** 53.

**eyt- [ iṭ- ]** (T) to say, to tell > eyit: 293; -(d)elüm: 334; -(d)eyim: 310; -(d)eyüz: 313.

**eyü** (T) good: 218.

**ez** (P) from; on: (f), (m).

**fakūr** (A) poor: 83, 140.

**fakṛ** (A) poverty: 83 > -in: 145.

**fariżā** (A) sacred obligation: 64.

**farż** (A) obligatory act: 183, 228.

**fazilet** (A) virtue > -dür: 99.

**fazıl** (A) virtue > -i: 177; -la: 20, 21; -yla: 312.

**fenā** (A) annihilation: 173.

**fer'** (A) effect: 274.

**ferrāş** (A) servant > -idur: 28.

**feth** [--> **futūḥ**] (A) conquest; victory: 163, 171, (i), 218 > -e: 253; -ine: 290; -ini: 79.

**feth it-** § to conquer > -di: 53, 262, 266, 289; -(d)e: 102; -(d)üp: 109.

**feth ol-** § to become conquered > -aydı: 307; -di: 116, 264; -iban: 45; “oldı feth”: 261.

**feyz** (A) power: 319.

**feyz it-** § to give generously > -dükde: 17.

**fiğān** (P) cry of distress: 130.

**fikr** (A) thought; idea; opinion; mind > -e: 98; -i: 16; -süz: 328.

**fikr eyle-** § to keep in mind > “fikr eyle”: 230.

**fikr it-** § to think > “fikr it”: 125.

**fi'l-mesel** § for example; indeed: 121.

**Fireng:** 108.

**fırıstāzen** (P) to send: (f).

**fitne** (A) instigation: 294.

**fulān** (A) such and such, so and so: 284.

**furşat** (A) opportunity: 42 > -idur: 288.

**fužūl** (A) useless: 177.

**futūḥ** [--> **feth**] (A) victories > -indan: 253.

**futūr** (A) languor: 294, 297, 329.

**futūvvet** (A) big-heartedness: 308.

**gāh** [--> **geh, gehī**] (P) sometimes: 133.

**gālib ol-** § to be victorious (in a fight) > -di: 107; -dilar: 224; -dura: 104.

**ǵam** (A) grief: 232.

**ǵaraż** (A) desire; expectation: 175, 200.

**garb** (A) the west: 237, 307.

Kemal Sılay

**garıb** (A) abandoned: 140.  
**garık ol-** § to be mixed (with something) > -mı di: 242.  
**gäyet** (A) very, extremely, greatly: 267, 302.  
**gayr** (A) another person or thing; others: 178, 180 > -a: 205; -dan: 179; -i: 180.  
**gazā** (A) campaign; military expedition on behalf of Islam: 26, (f), 99, (i) > -da: 252; -dan: 175; -ya: 153, 186, 212.  
**gazā it-** § to fight on behalf of Islam > -(d)e: 101; -meyesiz: 197; “ide...gazā”: 151; “itdi...gazā”: 106.  
**gazā kıl-** § to fight on behalf of Islam > “kıldı gazā”: 64.  
**gazab** (A) divine wrath: 191.  
**gazavetname** (A + P) heroic poem of military exploits: 14.  
**gazi** [--> **gazı**, **gaziyan**] (A) one who fights on behalf of Islam, champion of Islam > -ler: 15.  
**gazi** [--> **gazı**, **gaziyan**] (A) one who fights on behalf of Islam, champion of Islam: 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 51, 65, 106 > -yidi: 250, 252.  
**Gazı Hân** [--> Murâd Beg, Murâd Beg, Gâzî, Gâzî Murâd, Sultân-ı saîd Murâd Beg]: 239 > -i: 248.  
**Gâzî Murâd** [--> Murâd Beg, Gâzî Hân, Murâd Beg, Gâzî, Sultân-ı saîd Murâd Beg]: 136, 162, 231, 238 > -a: 150.  
**gâziyan** [--> **gazı**, **gazi**] (A + P) those who fight on behalf of Islam, champions of Islam: (b).  
**gazv** (A) holy war, military expedition on behalf of Islam: (a), 183 > -den: 199; **gazv idi**: 136.  
**gebr** (P) unbeliever: 237, (k).  
**geç-** (T) to pass > -di: 49, 118; -mek: 210.  
**gedây** (P) mendicant; poor man: 149 > -a: 301.  
**geh** [--> **gâh**, **gehi**] (P) sometimes: 131 (2), 133 (2).  
**gehi** [--> **gâh**, **geh**] (P) sometimes: 133.  
**gel-** (T) to come, to arrive; to occur; to appear > -di: 15, 19, 21, 35 (2), 48, 73, 83, 132, 143, 258, 260, 265, 267, 279, 290, 316; -diler: 316; -dise: 315; -en: 16, 20; -enden: 16; -enlerle: 47; -iben: 324; -meyeni: 104; -mez: 292; -ür: 293, 321.  
**genc** (P) booty; treasure: 39, 305.  
**ger** (P) if: 312.  
**gerçi** (P) although, even though: 305, 318.  
**gerek** (T) necessary, needed: 147, 149 > -dür: 148; -(g)ince: 277; -lündür: 332; -mez: 275; -se: 122, 283.  
**germ yüri-** § to march in splendor > -di: 162.  
**Germiyân**: 263.  
**getür-** (T) to bring; to give > -di: 278; -mek: 319; -mesün: 331.  
 **gevde** (T) body > -ler: 248; -yidi: 241.  
**gey-** (T) to wear > -dügi: 12.  
**gibi** [ **bigi**] (T) like: 8, 139, 228, 255, 298.  
**gice** (T) night: 132.  
**gider-** (T) to remove > gider: 123.  
**gir-** (T) to come, to enter; to go (in, into) > -düğinde: 98; -meye: 212.  
**girû** (T) again; back, toward: 42 (2), 43, 45, 127, 197, 234, 261, 276, 279, 289, 290, 334.  
**git-** (T) to go away, to depart, to leave > -di: 45, 50, 132, 198, 279, 297; -diler: 168; -(d)e: 290; -(d)er: 121, 123.  
**gök** (T) sky > -lere: 142.  
**Gök Alp** : 34.  
**göñ(ü)l** (T) heart > -den: 181, 204; -inde: 178; -üme: 1; -ümüze: 202; -ünde: 179; -üñden: 123.  
**göñli** pest § modest: 138.  
**göñül berkit-** § (T) to become one with someone > -di: 47.  
**gör-** (T) to see > -ine: 205; -üp: 304; -ürdi: 248; gör: 81 (2).  
**göz** (T) eye > -ine: 158, 205.  
**gurbet** (A) poverty; a being away from home.  
**gül** (P) rose: 139.  
**Gül** (P) the Rose (= Prophet Mohammed).  
**gülzâr** (P) rose garden > -ina: 135.

## Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

**gümreh** (P) astray: 328.  
**gün** (T) day; sun: 25, 298 > -de: 208.  
**gündüz** (T) by day, in the daytime: 132.  
**Gündüz Alp**: 33.  
**gürz** (P) iron club > -in: 89.  
**guvāh** (P) evidence: 298.  
**güzend** (P) harm: 138.  
**güler kil-** § to go > “kılساñ güzer”: 241.  
**haber** (A) news, information, message; clue: (m), 283 > -den: 43.  
**haberci** (A+T) messenger > -dür: 287.  
**hacet** (A) need, necessity > -dür: 298.  
**hadd** (A) frontier: 262.  
**hak** (P) dust: 148, 238.  
**hak ol-** § to be destroyed, to be annihilated > -ıṣaram: 286; “oldı hak”: 170; “oldı...hak”: 219.  
**hak ü gerd kil-** § to destroy > “kılalar...hak ü gerd”: 238.  
**hak ol-** § to be erased > “olmaya...hak”: 147.  
**hak(k)** (A) right: 275 > -i: 275.  
**Hak(k) [--> Tanrı, Hālik, Kirdgār, Şamed]** (A) God: 17, 29, 31, 47, 56, 66, 99, 120, 155, 175, 178, 187, 203, 204, 206, 223, 252, 317 > -a: 200; -dan: 76, 181, 200, 209, 319; -i: 205; -uñ: 128, 186.  
**hak din** § the true religion (= Islam) > -üñdür: 27.  
**häl** (A) situation; behavior: 25 > -i: 222; -in: 145.  
**häl** (P) mole (on the body): 126.  
**balayık** (A) people: 35.  
**halel** (A) defect; damage: 9, 225.  
**hälet** (A) situation; position > -i: 27; -in: 3.  
**Hālik [--> Tanrı, Kirdgār, Hak, Şamed]** (A) God > -uñ: 280.  
**Hālil** > -üñ: 227.  
**Hālil-i Çenderi**: 143.  
**halk** (A) the common people, folk; people, nation: 228, 268, 323 > -a: 6, 8, 224, 234, 258.  
**hān** (P) khan: 57.  
**hancer** (A) khanjar > -le: 249.  
**həndān** (P) happy > -ıdı: 139.  
**hānumān** (P) home, family > -ların: 103.  
**hār** (P) thorn: 23, 139, 205.  
**harāc** (A) tax: 111.  
**harb** (A) war; battle, fight; combat: 157, 307 > -de: 244.  
**harb eyle-** § to fight > “eyledi...harb”: 164.  
**has** (P) straw: 23.  
**hāş** (A) distinguished: 223.  
**hāş u ‘ām** § everybody (= the elite, and the common people): 233.  
**haşm** (A) adversary, enemy: 184, 207 > -dan: 196.  
**haşm-bend** (A+P) one who squeezes the enemy > haşm-bend idi: 100.  
**haste** (P) unwell: 214.  
**hāşak** (P) chip, straw: 23.  
**haşr** (A) collecting people together > -i: 26.  
**Hātem I [--> Hātim, hātem, hātim]** (A) definitive, the last; Mohammed, the last of the prophets > -i: 317.  
**hātem II [--> hātim, Hātem, Hātim]** (A) seal; seal ring > -i: 301.  
**Hātemi**: 90.  
**Hātim** -i: 301.  
**Hātim I [--> Hātem, hātim, hātem]** (A) definitive, the last; Mohammed, the last of the prophets: 19.  
**hātim II [--> Hātim, Hātem, hātem]** (A) definitive; leader: > -i: 21.  
**hātt** (A) youthful beginnings of a beard: 126.  
**havf** (A) fear: 294.

Kemal Silay

**hayāt** (A) life: 17.  
**hayl** (A) herd of horses: 245.  
**hayr** (A) goodness; prosperity; blessed: 78, 178, 179, 180 (2).  
**hazān** (P) autumn: 133, 331.  
**hazer it-** § to be afraid (of) > “i(d)erdi hazer”: 87.  
**hazret** (A) presence > -inde: 223.  
**hefte** (P) week: 132.  
**helāk it-** § to kill, to destroy > “itdi...helāk”: 219.  
**helāk kıl-** § to kill, to destroy: “kıldır helāk”: 80.  
**helāk ol-** § to be killed, to be destroyed > “oldılar helāk”: 170.  
**helāl** (A) canonically lawful: 12.  
**hem** (P) both... and, and, also, as well as: 10, 11 (2), 17, 95 (4), 100 (2), 152, 153, 157, 166 (2), 232, 234, 287, 309, 326.  
**hemān** (P) now: 119.  
**hemīn** (P) only; in all: 211, 217, 296, 306, 332.  
**her** (P) every, each: 52, 54, 58, 62, 71, 72, 73, 110, 126, 140, 144, 159, 160, 180, 211, 237, 241, 242, 293.  
**heves it-** § to have a desire, to wish > -di: 32; “itmez heves”: 305.  
**hezārān** (P) thousands: 316.  
**hezīmet** (A) crushing defeat: (h).  
**hīç** (P) no, none whatever, none at all; never, never at all: 274, 292, 295.  
**hīdmet** (A) service > -ine: 326.  
**hikāyet eyt-** § to tell a story > -(d)eyim: 182.  
**hile** (A) solution: 296.  
**himmet** (A) grace; effort > -i: 153, 300, 306; -iyidi: 138.  
**Hindūstān**: 300.  
**hirgiz** (P) never: 272 (2), 302.  
**hişār** (A) castle, fort: 65, 76.  
**hişār eyle-** § to besiege > “eyledi hişār”: 55.  
**hitām it-** § to conclude, to finish, to complete > “i(d)elüm...hitām”: 13; “i(d)üp hitām”: 325.  
**hod** (P) self, one's self; own: 147, 278.  
**hoş** (P) pleasant: 27.  
**hoş dut-** § to treat (someone) with warmth > -ardı: 257.  
**hoş gör-** § to tolerate > -ürdi: 257.  
**hüb** (P) good, beautiful; beautifully: 96, 127 (2), 310.  
**hudāvendī** (P) sultanate: 327.  
**huld** (A) heaven, paradise: 134.  
**hulk** (A) character > -muñ: 302.  
**hüccet** (A) proof: 24.  
**hūmāy** (P) mythical bird; bird of paradise: 149.  
**hüner** (P) talent > -de: 144.  
**hüsün** (A) beauty > -ine: 302; -inüñ: 303.  
**Ipsala**: 116.  
**issı** (T) hot: 208.  
**'ışk** (A) love, passion > -ına: 303; -ını: 202.  
**'ivaz** (A) obtaining: 175.  
**ibtilā** (A) endurance: 209.  
**iç** (T) the inside of anything, interior; among > -inde: 139, 248, 297; -indedür: 31; -lerinde: 194.  
**iç-** (T) to drink > -diler: 213; -e: 211 (2); -enler: 215; -enlerüñ: 215; -enüñ: 220, 221; -memege: 209; -meye: 210.  
**içre** (T) in, within: 269.  
**içün** (T) for: 106, 319, 323.  
**iblāş** (A) sincere worship or belief: (j), 204 > -dur: 177; -ı: 221, 223; -ıdı: 220; -ında: 225; -ından: 216.  
**iblāş ehli** § sincere believer: 213.

### Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

**ihsān eyle-** § to grant > “ihsān...eyledi”: 36.  
**iħtirām it-** § to respect > “li(d)erdi iħtirām”: 256.  
**iħtišās** (A) a special attachment: 223.  
**iħbal** (A) felicity: 327.  
**iki** (T) two > -sin: 56.  
**iħlik** (T) polytheism: 114.  
**iħrām eyle-** § to show honor; to entertain > -di: 36.  
**il** (T) land; country; city: 39, 42, 52, 65, 118, 229 > -ine: 48, 105; -ini: 235; -ler: 37, 109, 224; -lerinden: 189; -lerine: 93, 265.  
**il ü ġün** § country: 259.  
**ile** (T) with: 24, 46, 53, 102, 104, 118, 128, 157 (2), 164, 167, 206, 238, 278, 288, 315.  
**ilet-** (T) to make (something) reach > -di: 135.  
**ilħām** (A) inspiration > -dur: 2.  
**illā** (A) but: 14.  
**‘ilm ehli** § scientist; scholar: 62, 82 > -ni: 256; -yile: 81.  
**iltifāt kl-** § to have an inclination > “kilmaz iltifāt”: 205.  
**imāret** (A) emirate: (d).  
**imdi** (T) now: 5.  
**‘Imlīk** [--> **‘Imlīķi**] > ‘Imlīk idi: 184.  
**‘Imlīķi** [--> **‘Imlīk**] > -ler: 219.  
**imren-** (T) to envy > -üp: 304.  
**in-** (T) to come down > -di: 320.  
**in‘ām eyle-** § to give as a favor > -di: 36.  
**in‘ām kl-** § to give as a favor > “küfürüdi in‘ām”: 256.  
**‘inān** (A) rein: 289.  
**İncil** the Gospels: 320.  
**inhizām** (A) defeat: (k).  
**insān** (A) human being, man, mankind > -a: 17.  
**ir-** (T) to reach, to arrive; to attain > -di: 43, 56, 120, 150, 190, 191, 246, 326, 327; -diyise: 109; -dügi: 173; -dükde: 129; -erdi: 234; -erse: 149; -esin: 253; -gürür: 129; -i di: 209, 280; -i dürdi: 173; -i e: 292; -i iben: 164; -i mesün: 331; -i ür: 234; -mesün: 329; -se: 140; -ürdi: 156, 319.  
**is** (T) owner > -sidür: 308.  
**İsī** Jesus: 119.  
**İskender**: 334.  
**İslām** Islam > -i: 104.  
**isregeçe** [--> **isreyaka**] the opposite shore > -ye: 101.  
**isreyaka** [--> **isregeçe**]: the opposite shore (f), (i).<sup>1</sup>  
**ist(d)e-** (T) to ask for; to want; to wish for > -di: 159; -medi: 163; -se: 307; -yü: 218.  
**isti‘ānet** (A) seeking or asking for help and assistance: 253.  
**isti‘zār** (A) an asking to be excused; an apologizing: (b).  
**ış** (T) work; action; affair, matter; duty, mission: 26, 43, 46, 180, 181, 328 > -e: 268, 292; -i: 12, 40, 147, 210, 251, 264, 271; -erde: 255; -leri: 218, 221, 274; -lerine: 225; -lüye: 277.  
**ışān** (P) they: (a).  
**ışbu** (T) this: 123, 171, 222.  
**ışit(d)-** (T) to hear; to listen > işid: 14; işit: 5; -en: 333; -di: 162; -icek: 41; -üp: 281, 303.  
**ışle-** (T) to make; to do > -dise: 72; -yen: 328.  
**ışleri yit-** § to ruin > “yitdi...ışleri”: 154.  
**it-I** [--> **eyt-**] (T) to tell, to mention > -(d)elüm: 9; -mediler: 6.  
**it-II** (T) to make, to do; to oppress > -di: 66, 85, 133, 141, 146, 258; -diler: 60; -dügi: 291; -(d)e: 151; -(d)en: 211; -(d)er idi: 6; -gil: 195; -(d)iben: 76.

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<sup>1</sup>İsreyaka < asra yakा, isregeçe < asra geće. I am grateful to Şinasi Tekin for bringing this etymology to my attention.

**i‘tirāz it-** § to interrupt > “i‘tirāz itme”: 14.

**itmām** (A) a completing, perfecting, finishing > -dur: 2.

**iy** (T) oh!: 226, 284.

**i‘zāz eyle-** § to honor, to treat with respect > “i‘zāz...eyledi”: 36.

**İznik** [--> İznik] > -i: 55.

**İznik** [--> İznik] > -i: 79.

**‘izz** (A) greatness > -e: 327.

**ķabūl** (A) acceptance, agreement: 177.

**ķaç-** (T) to run away > -di: 167; -dilar: 244.

**ķader** (A) destiny: 87.

**ķadī** (A) judge of Islamic canon law, and, in Ottoman history, governor of a **ķazā** > -ler: 273.

**Kāf** mythical mountain > -i: 174.

**ķafer** [--> kāfir, kūffār] (A) infidel, unbeliever: 60 > -e: 41, 176; -i: 52, 55, 58, 61, 71; -üñ: 74.

**ķāfi** (A) adequate: 174.

**kāfir** [--> kāfer, kūffār] (A) infidel, unbeliever: 105, 111, 117, 229, 247 > -de: 103; -den: 171; -di: 4; -e: 91, 92, 151; -i: 37; -in: 80; -le: 12; -üñ: 40; kāfir idi: 184.

**ķahr** (A) distress; deep sorrow > -i: 128; -idr: 4; -iyidi: 92.

**ķahr it-** § to destroy, to kill > -di: 125.

**ķahr kıl-** § to destroy, to kill > “kıldı...ķahr”: 229.

**ķal-** (T) to remain, to stay, to be kept > -a: 204; -di: 50, 245; -dilar: 193; -madi: 63, 192, 269, 270; -mi di: 217; -ur: 23.

**ķal'a** (A) fortress, castle: 107, 259 > -lar: 111.

**ķamil** (A) perfect: 137, 255.

**ķamu** (T) all, the whole; everybody: 10, 103, 160, 168, 189, 193 (2), 213, 269, 291 > -dan: 19, 21, 315, 324; -nuñ: 21, 154; -si: 208; -sila: 144; -sim: 262, 266, 276; -sınuñ: 12, 317.

**ķan** (T) blood > -a: 242, 247.

**ķanad** (T) wing > -incadur: 306.

**ķanda** (T) where?, wherever: 69, 109, 112, 224.

**ķanūn** (A) law: 8 > -ila: 7.

**ķār** (P) act; work; service: (d).

**ķa‘r** (A) bottom, deepest part of a sea or of a matter > -inda: 23.

**Ķaraman:** (h), 158, 167, 265.

**Ķaramaniyān** [--> Karamanlu]: (h).

**Karamanlu** [--> Karamaniyān] > -da: 169.

**ķaravaş** (T) female slave, servant, maid: 73.

**ķardeş** (T) brother > -leri: 154.

**ķärger** (P) something that works; worker: 172.

**ķānzār it-** [--> kārzār it-] § to battle, to fight > “itdi kārzār”: 38.

**ķarşu** (T) opposite, opposite side or direction: 61.

**ķarz** (A) loan, a lending: 183.

**ķarzār it-** [--> kānzār it-] § to battle, to fight > “i(d)iben kārzār”: 201; “itmeyevüz kārzār”: 198.

**ķasd eyle-** § to ”attempt to go > -di: 281.

**Ķastamoniyye:** 264.

**ķat** (T) presence > -ına: 35, 83, 143, 196; -inda: 31, 148, 300, 306.

**ķat** **ķat** § in layers: 243.

**ķatl it-** § to kill > -(d)eles: 52.

**ķaygu** (T) sorrow > -lari: 220; -si: 139.

**ķaynāt** (A) world; universe: 205.

**Ķayşar** > -a: 156.

**ķazā** (A) misfortune; fate: 249.

**ķaziyye** (A) affair: (b).

**ķelisā** (P) church: 112, 114 > -yila: 77.

**kem** (P) little, few; deficient: 4, 22, 220.

### Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

**kemâl** (A) perfection; maturity: 129 > -e: 129.  
**kendü** (T) oneself; self, own > -ye: 235.  
**kendüni ur-** § to hurl oneself (at someone) > “kendülerini urmağa”: 207.  
**kerân** (P) limit: 310.  
**kerem** (A) kindness, goodness; nobility: 327.  
**key** (P) the best; great; quite: 26, 65, 153.  
**kez** (T) time: 115, 225.  
**ķıl-** (T) to render; to make; to constitute > -di: 145, 171, 267.  
**ķılıç** (T) sword; saber > -i: 88, 172; -idur: 29; -ila: 48; -ina: 166; -indan: 155.  
**ķır-** (T) to crush > -dilar: 59, 188.  
**ķış** (T) winter: 290.  
**ķital eyle-** § to fight; to go on a campaign > “eyledi...ķitâl”: 115.  
**ķız** (T) woman (women): 198, 199.  
**ķi** (P) who, which, that: 3, 9, 13, 24, 30, 32, 37, 44, 52, 56, 57, 72, 81, 84, 86, 103, 108, 123, 140, 144, 146, 147, 149, 151, 156, 159, 175, 180, 183 (2), 192, 194, 195, 196, 197, 203, 210, 211, 213, 233, 238, 239, 253, 270, 273 (2), 275, 276, 314, 320.  
**ķibr** (A) haughtiness > -den: 309.  
**ķiči** (T) child (children): 213, 268.  
**ķim I** (T) who, which, that: 6, 8, 11, 16, 26, 30, 46, 51, 63, 64, 69, 71, 83, 96, 97, 101, 102, 107, 109, 110, 112, 124, 136, 148, 149, 151, 160, 174, 176, 179, 181, 191 (2), 196, 197, 201, 204, 206, 212, 218, 222, 227 (2), 240, 241, 246, 257 (2), 269, 282, 284, 285 (2), 286, 287, 290, 291, 292, 293, 295, 299 (2), 311, 317, 319, 323 (2), 332, 333.  
**ķim II** [--> **ķimse, kimsene**] (T) who; whoever: 124, 180, 228, 329 > -dûr: 311; -ler: 125; -leri: 125.  
**ķimi** (T) some (of them): 4 (2).  
**ķimse** [--> **ķimse, kim II**] (T) someone, somebody, anyone, anybody: 331.  
**ķimse ne** [--> **ķimse, kim II**] (T) someone, somebody, anyone, anybody > -den: 163.  
**ķin al-** § to take revenge (on) > -avuz: 196.  
**ķine dur-** § to become hostile > -dilar: 42.  
**Kirdgâr** [--> **Hâk, Hâlik, Şamed, Tangrı**] (P) God: 201.  
**ķisi** (T) individual, person, human being; one: 34, 46, 121, 178, 192, 210, 211, 212, 217, 226, 251, 333 > -yi: 195.  
**ķışt** (P) sown field: 270.  
**ķışver** (P) country, region > -de: 270.  
**ķitâb** (A) book; sacred scripture > -a: 13; -uñ: 20.  
**ķitâbe** (A) book; inscription: 313.  
**ķo-** [--> **ķoy-**] (T) to leave > -di: 263; -madı: 266; -madilar: 189.  
**ķonşı** (T) neighbor > -lar: 283.  
**Konya:** 265 > -dan: 35; -din: 45.  
**ķop-** (T) to break out; to begin; to come > -alıdan: 227; -dr: 165, 240.  
**ķorkuya düş-** § to be afraid (of) > “düşer idi ķorkuya”: 89.  
**ķorku** (T) fear > -dan: 186.  
**ķova git-** § to run after > -di: 245.  
**ķoy-** [--> **ķo-**] (T) to leave > -uban: 143.  
**Köprihişär:** 53.  
**ķudret** (A) power: 17.  
**ķul** (T) slave: 73 > -ila: 245.  
**Kul huva'llâhu aħad** § “Say, God is One” [**Kur'ān: Sûretü'l-iħlâṣ (112), 1:**] 24.  
**ķul it-** § to enslave > -(d)er: 301.  
**Kur'ān** the **Kur'ān:** 320 > -dan: 182; -dur: 20.  
**ķuru** (T) dry: 242.  
**ķuśış** (P) effort; endeavor > -i: 90.  
**ķuvvet** (A) strength: 152.  
**ķuffâr** [--> **ķâfir, ķâfer**] (A) infidels, unbelievers: (a), (k), 244.

**küfr** (A) blasphemy: 74, 117 > -i: 61, 113.  
**küfr ehlî** [--> **ehl-i küfr**] § infidel, unbeliever > -ni: 115.  
**küste** (P) corpse; killed, murdered (person) > -ler: 243.

**lā ilāhe illā'llah** § There is no god but God > -i: 113.  
**lābūd** (A) necessarily; undoubtedly: 43, 121, 216, 221, 236, 317, 321.  
**lācirem** (A) necessarily; of course: 18, 27, 38, 110, 176, 218, 220, 295, 327.  
**la'l-reng** (P) ruby-colored: 242.

**Lären** > -yi: 265.

**laqîf** (A) beautiful; charming: 73.

**Lâz** (k) > -a: 93, 236, 237.

**leb** (P) lip: 126.

**leşker** (P) army; troops: 39, 54, 102, 104, 105, (h), 160, 184, 237, 305 > -i: 117; -ini: 33.  
**leşker-sîken** (P) one who breaks up armies: 100, 185.

**levîh-i kerem** § the tablet of benevolence > -den: 147.

**leyl** (A) night: 271, 279.

**likî** [--> **likin**] (P) but; however: 185, 217, 248.  
**likin** [--> **likî**] (P) but; however: 90 (2), 158, 305.

**lutf** (A) kindness, goodness: 4, 128 > -i: 155; -ila: 145; -ma: 302.

**mağrib** (A) the west > -de: 108.

**mâh** (P) moon; month: 44, 132 (2), 167.

**mahv it-** § to destroy > mahv it: 180.

**mahvol-** § to perish > -a: 204.

**makâm** (A) place: 233.

**mâl** (A) property; possession; booty: 39, 85, 111 > -i: 12.

**ma'mûr** (A) (place) which has been developed: 269.

**ma'rûf** (A) known, well-known, renowned > -idi: 96, 153.

**masrûf** (A) bestowed; used > -idi: 153.

**mecmû'** (A) all: 258 > -i: 185, 214.

**meded** (A) help: 159, 163.

**meger** (P) apparently: 247.

**melîk** [--> **mülük**] (A) ruler; sovereign; sultan: 149, 315 > -ler: 3; -lerden: 314.

**memleket** (A) country: 102 > -de: 267.

**menâşîb** (A) important rank: 259.

Menteşe: 263.

**menzîl** (A) station > -den: 123.

**merg** (P) death > merg idi: 88.

**mesâf** (A) battle, combat: (h).

**mescid** (A) mosque; small mosque: 70, 77, 114.

**meşgûl** (A) busy: 268.

**mevsûf** (A) endowed > -idi: 96.

**mey** (P) wine: 272.

**Migalkara:** 116.

**Misr:** 280, 281.

**mîhnet** (A) trouble: 190.

**mîhr** (P) sun; love; desire: 132, 167 > -ini; 123; -iyidi: 92.

**mîhrâb** (A) niche of a mosque indicating the direction of Mecca: 70.

**mîkîdâr** (A) quantity, amount: 229.

**Mildenî** > -ye: 288.

**millett** (A) people; nation > -i: 227.

**Mîr Süleymân** [--> **Sultânus-sâ'îdi's-şehîd Emîr Süleymân**]: 298, 313.

**Mogol:** 5.

**muhâfet şal-** § to bestow fear > “şalmışdı...muhâfet”: 91.

## Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

**Muḥammed:** 316 > -dür: 119.  
**Muḥammed ümmeti** § the community of Mohammed (= the Muslims): 227.  
**mublîş** (A) sincere: 217.  
**mûm** (P) wax > -a: 301.  
**munşîf** (A) just, equitable, fair > -ıdı: 68.  
**murâd** (A) wish, desire: 82, 136, 324 > -ı: 110.  
**Murâd Beg** [--> **Murâd Beg Gâzî, Gâzî Murâd, Gâzî Hân, Sultân-ı saîd Murâd Beg**]: (h), (k).  
**Murâd Beg Gâzî** [--> **Murâd Beg, Gâzî Murâd, Gâzî Hân, Sultân-ı saîd Murâd Beg**]: (g), (i).  
**musâhabâr** (A) conquered, taken: 235.  
**muşavver** (A) depiction; depicted: 88.  
**muṭlak** (A) certainly, absolutely: 252.  
**muṭlakâ** (A) certainly, absolutely: 250.  
**mübtele** (A) addicted to; having a passion for; suffering from: 190, 209, 216.  
**mûhr** (P) seal: 301.  
**mûjde** (P) good news: 284, 285, 286.  
**mûlk** (A) country; state: 294, 305, 306, 307 > -e: 146; -i: 174.  
**mûlûk** [--> **melik**] (A) sovereigns; ruler; sultans: (a), 75 > -in: 229.  
**mû'min** (A) true believer: 80 > -e: 91, 92.  
**mûrûvvetlü** (A + T) generous > mûrûvvetlü durur: 308.  
**Müsûlmân** (A) Moslem(s) > Mûsûlmân idiler: 11.  
**mûşterî** (A) desirous (for): 303.  
**Mûşterî** (A) Jupiter: 300.  
**mûyesser** (A) facilitated by God: 171.  
**nâçar** (P) necessarily: 293.  
**nâgehân** (P) suddenly: 1.  
**nakd** (A) esteem > -in: 328.  
**nakş** (A) deficiency: 129.  
**nakş ur-** § to adorn > -ur: 127.  
**nâkûs** (A) church-bell: 112.  
**na'l** (A) horseshoe > -in: 304.  
**nâle it-** § to moan > “itdi nâle”: 130.  
**nâm** (P) fame; reputation: 85, 94.  
**nâmdâr** (P) famous, illustrious: 38, 53, 55, 76, 89, 102, 109, 174, 266.  
**nâme** (P) story: 13.  
**nân** (P) bread: 85.  
**nâsâz** (P) improper > -ıdı: 144.  
**naşîb bul-** § to obtain a portion > “bulurındı...naşîb”: 140.  
**nâsih** (A) something that cancels (the validity of something): 20.  
**nazar** (A) understanding; a looking: 148, 275.  
**nazar eyle-** § to look at > “eyle naşar”: 283.  
**nazar it-** § to look at > “itseñ naşar”: 241.  
**nâzım** (A) poetry > -ı: 325.  
**ne** (T) what?, whatever, how?, which?: 59, 72, 99, 103, 120, 122, 146, 169, 204, 232, 237, 263 (5), 270 (2), 276, 293, 298 > -dür: 2, 121; ne durur: 62, 274.  
**neberd it-** § to fight, to battle > “i(d)eler...neberd”: 238.  
**neçün** (T) why?, for what?: 15, 251, 286.  
**nef** (A) a benefiting > -ı: 138.  
**nef eyle-** § to be useful, to be of use > -mez: 130.  
**nefs** (A) one's own personality > -ı: 309.  
**nehâr** (A) day; day time: 133, 271, 279.  
**Nerîmân-ı Zamân** [--> **Orbân bin 'Oşmân, Orbân**]: 86.  
**nesne** (T) inspiration; remark; thing, anything: 1, 189 > -dür: 183; -ye: 328; -yi: 311.  
**nevçûvân** (P) young man > -ıdı: 152.

Kemal Silay

**nevpehlevān** (P) heroic: 152.

**nevvera'llāhu ƙabrehu** § May God glorify his tomb: (n).

**ney** (P) a reed flute played especially in Mevlevi music; today it is still one of the fundamental instruments of classical Turkish music: 272.

**nezr it-** § to devote > -di: 151.

**nice** [--> **niçে**] (T) how?, in what manner or degree?, how many?, many: 81, 198, 200, 278, 310 > -yidi: 5.

**niçে** [--> **nice**] (T) how?, in what manner or degree?, how many?, many: 70, 115 (2), 122, 141, 170 (2), 329 > -leri: 141; -lerüñ: 142.

**nihān eyle-** § to make (something) invisible > “eyledi...nihān”: 113.

**nihān ol-** § to hide oneself > “olmuşdı nihān”: 248; “olmuşdur...nihān”: 125.

**nihāyet** (A) limit, end: 302.

**nīknām** (P) famous; one who has a good name or reputation: 256.

**ni'me'l-fetā** § He is the most generous one: 308.

**ni'met** (A) abundance; benefaction: 78 > -i: 234; -inden: 140.

**nire** (T) where, wherever > -de: 63; -ye: 51, 107, 241, 172.

**nişē** (T) why?, how?: 15, 69, 293, 322.

**nit-** (T) to do (something) > -di: 313.

**nol-** (T) to happen, to occur, to become > -a: 315; -di: 334; -ur: 25.

**nūr** (A) spiritual light: 320, 329.

**nuşret bul-** § to obtain God's help > -di: 76.

**Nūşinrevān** [--> **Nūşirvān**]: 299.

**Nūşirvān** [--> **Nūşinrevān**] > -a: 284.

**o** [--> **ol**] (T) he > -ña: 264.

**oda yak-** § to burn and destroy > -a: 103; -di: 112; “yağdilar oda”: 71.

**oğ(u)l** (T) son: 198, 199 > -i: 50; -iydr: 94; -iyiçün: 130.

**oğlan** (T) child (children): 59, 188; -lar: 192.

**Oğuz** > -dan: 34.

**ol** [--> **o**] (T) that; those; he, she, it: 2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 18, 19 (2), 22, 25, 30, 32, 34, 40, 41, 44, 47 (2), 48 (2), 51, 53, 54 (2), 55, 56, 57, 64, 66, 71, 72 (2), 75, 78, 80, 81, 83, 88, 89, 96, 98, 102, 107 (2), 109, 110 (2), 112 (2), 114 (2), 115, 119, 129, 139, 142 (2), 145 (2), 150, 153, 157, 159 (2), 163, 176, 186, 190, 200, 204, 210, 213, 231, 244, 246, 249 (2), 250, 252 (2), 255 (2), 256, 259, 260 (2), 261, 262, 265 (2), 266 (2), 268, 270, 271, 276 (2), 282 (2), 285, 286, 287, 288, 297, 299, 308 (2), 309, 314, 321, 332 -dur: 20, 46, 151, 159, 285, 315; -idi: 156; ol durur: 204, 212, 320, 332.

**ol arada** § there 108, 246, 250, 299.

**ol araya** § there 212.

**ol ƙadar** § this much: 108.

**olar** [ **anlar**] (T) they: 31 (2) > olar durur: 227; -a: 184, 206, 209; -dan: 278; -uñla: 239.

**ol-** (T) to be; to exist; to happen, to occur; to become; to have > -a: 8, 30, 69, 148, 149 (2), 175, 178, 180, 192, 196, 210, 211, 230, 257 (2), 278, 299; -alu: 228; -am: 199; -an: 16, 20, 27, 28, 29; -anuñ: 26, 147; -asidur: 27; -di: 19, 21, 38, 43, 51, 64, 66, 67 (2), 74, 75, 81, 84, 106, 110, 131, 141, 146, 158, 159, 167, 171, 172, 173, 179, 183, 215, 218, 220, 221, 223, 239, 250, 252, 255 (2), 271, 281, 298, 303, 317, 321; -dilar: 154, 166, 187, 190, 192, 193, 209, 214 (2), 216, 268; -iban: 195, 215; -madi: 269, 270; -madın: 307; -maga: 106; -maya: 178, 181, 199; -maz: 251; -masun: 330; -mı idı: 34, 83, 155, 242; -sa: 139, 225; -sun: 330; -up durur: 309; -ur: 16, 23, 26, 29, 124, 177, 200, 264, 273, 293, 299, 323, 328 (2); -urlar: 233; -ursa: 197; -ur mı: 22; -ur olıban: 168.

**ola kim** § so that: 32.

**ok** (T) arrow > -da: 87; -inuñ: 173.

**ora** (T) that place > -da: 69, 101, 106, 214, 246, 292; -dan: 37, 244.

**Orhān** [--> **Orhān bin 'Osmān, Nerimān-i Zamān**]: 57, 68, 82, 86, (f), 101, 130, 134; -ı: 66.

**Orhān bin 'Osmān** [--> **Orhān, Nerimān-i Zamān**]: (e).

**'Osmān**: 50, (d), 51.

**'Osmāni** [--> **'Osmāni**] > -ler: 222.

**'Osmāni** [--> **'Osmāni**]: 273 > -ler: 69.

### Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

**otur-** (T) to stay; to take the position > -a: 290; -di: 254, 267.  
**otuz töküz** § thirty-nine: 135.

**öde-** (T) to pay > -necek: 183.

**öküş** (T) much; long; many; far too much > -dür: 231.

**öl-** (T) to die > -di: 30, 234, 282, 285, 286; -dügi: 287; -dügine: 283; -dügüñden: 283; -düre: 104; -düreler: 37; -icek: 57; -ince: 97; -iserem: 286; -mediler: 31; -mekden: 232; -meyem: 285; -üp: 284; -ürem: 282.

**ölü** (T) dead > -ye: 130.

**'ömr** (A) life-span: 331 > -den: 312; -üni: 124.

**'Ömer**: 68, 69, 273, 299.

**ön** (T) front; first, at first; before: 16, 315 > -den: 314, 323; -din: 322; -inden: 167.

**ön-** (T) to object > -megil: 122.

**pâk-dîn** § true believer: 211 > pâk-dîn idi: 82.

**pâk-ihlâs** § true believer > -idi: 231.

**pâk-i'tikât** § devout believer: 82, 231.

**pâkîze-dîn** § sincere believer: 217.

**Paşa Sinân**: 85.

**pâye** (P) degee of rank > -si: 330.

**pâyimâl it-** § to destroy > “itdi pâyimâl”: 115; “itdi...pâyimâl”: 39.

**pâzîşâh** [--> **pâzîşeh**] (P) padishah, sultan; sovereign: 66, 137 > -a: 148.

**pâzîşâhi** (P) sultanate: (e), (g), (I), (n).

**pâzîşeh** [--> **pâzîşâh**] (P) padishah, sultan: 22.

**penâh** (P) refuge: 29, 66, 155, 159.

**pes** (P) then, therefore, consequently; moreover; however: 32, 142, 178, 293, 310, 316.

**peyember** (P) messenger: 194.

**peyk-i kažâ** § death: 173.

**peykân** (P) spearhead > -ı: 173.

**pîr** (P) old: 59.

**pîşvâ** (P) leader: 258.

**pûst** (P) protection; support: 29, 66.

**râ** (P) particle suffixed to a noun or pronoun as a sign of the definite direct object: (f).

**râhat** (A) comfort > -ı: 234.

**râhmet** (A) compassion > -di: 91.

**râbt** (P) trappings of a horse: 135.

**râbt u bûngâh** (P) belongings > -ı: 168.

**râstrûlik** (P + T) honesty: 278.

**rây** (A) opinion, judgment > -la: 105.

**râyât** [--> **râyeti**] (A) flags, banners: 67.

**râyet** [--> **râyatı**] (A) flag, banner: 74, 117.

**red** (A) a repelling or rejecting: 24.

**refiten** (P) to depart: (i).

**rehgûzer** (P) place through which a road passes; frequented place: 121.

**rehnûmûn** (P) guide: 84.

**renc ü ta'ab çek-** § to have trouble and difficulty > “çeküp renc ü ta'ab”: 79.

**Resûl the Prophet [Mohammed]**: 19.

**revân it-** § to sacrifice > “i(d)elet...revân”: 203.

**revân ol-** § to go (against) > “oldı...revân”: 134; “oldugu revân”: 41.

**rîzâ** (A) pleasure: 175.

**rîzâk** (A) plenty: 31.

**rîfat** (A) sublimity > -inüñ: 330.

**rîşvet** (A) bribe > rîşvet durur: 274.

**riyâyet it-** § to read the verses of the **Kur'an** > -(d)eyim: 182.

**riyâset ehli** § one who has ruling ability > -di: 95.

**rūh** (A) spirit > -inden: 253.  
**Rüm**: 161, 235, 269 > -a: 156, 294; -dan: 260.  
**rüsen** (P) bright, shining; clear: 133, 298.  
**rüz** (P) day: 58, 132.  
**rüz-i rüsteħiz** (P) the Day of Resurrection: 165.  
**rüzi** (P) portion, lot: 45.  
**rüzigār** (P) time: 240, 279.  
**rümħ** (A) spear, lance > -inden: 87.  
**Rüstemī**: 90.  
**rütbet** (A) degree > rütbet ile: 315; -de: 318.  
**sa'ādetlü** (A+T) prosperous: 203.  
**şafā** (A) sincerity: 216.  
**şaf-ārā** (A+P) embellisher of the ranks > -yidi: 98.  
**şahib-i tedbîr** § one who has precaution: 137.  
**şahrā** (A) desert: 270.  
**şaħid** (A) auspicious: 30, 250.  
**säl** (P) year: 44, 132, (g).  
**sal-** (T) to send > -dr: 37, 54.  
**samed** (A) protector: 159.  
**Samed** [--> **Hālik**, **Hak**, **Tangn**, **Kirdgār**] (A) God: 163.  
**Sām-ı Sūvār**: 89, 174.  
**Sāmsün** -a: 260.  
**san-** (T) to think > sanma: 30; -asın: 88; -ayduñ: 165.  
**saña** [--> **sen**] to you; for you: 14, 124, 182, 222, 283, 287, 314.  
**Şaruhān**: 263.  
**şayd it-** § to take, to conquer > -di: 174.  
**sāye** (P) protection > -si: 330.  
**sāyevār** (P) protector: 329.  
**sebeb** (A) cause, reason: 191.  
**seħavet ehli** § munificent > -di: 95.  
**semər** (A) fruit: 318, 319.  
**sen** [--> **saña**] (T) you (sing.): 230, 287, 322.  
**serefraż** (P) eminent, superior; uplifting: 131.  
**sernigün** (P) inverted; oppressive: 74, 117, 131, 187, 244.  
**serteser** (P) from the first to the last: 11.  
**server** (P) leader > -i: 246; server idi: 86.  
**serverlik** (P+T) quality of a leader; superiority: 94.  
**sev-** (T) to like > -erdi: 256.  
**sezā** (P) suitable; convenient: 106, 151, 277.  
**si-** (T) to break > -ndi: 165.  
**sıçra-** (T) to leap > -yup: 249.  
**şifat** (A) attribute: (d).  
**śi** (P) thirty: (g).  
**śim** (P) silver: 73.  
**sūmber** (P) fair-breasted: 73.  
**Sinān**: 83.  
**sindān** (P) anvil > -a: 172.  
**sipāh** (P) army: 245.  
**sipiħr** (P) sky: 167.  
**sūret** (A) character: (d) > -ini: 3.  
**Sivās**: 260.  
**siyāset** (A) governing: 95.  
**siz** (T) you (pl.): 197.

### Aḥmedī's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

**soñ** (T) last; end: 315, 323 > -a: 314; -ı: 20.  
**soñra** (T) then, afterwards; after; later: 15, 16, 18, 19, 21, 320, 321, 324.  
**sor-** (T) to ask; to call (someone) to account > -di: 25, 276.  
**Sögüt:** 48.  
**söyle-** (T) to say; to mention > -di: 281; -düm: 3.  
**söz** (T) word; remark: 182, 231 > -den: 222; -e: 24; -ler: 2; -erde: 9; -i: 162; -ini: 334.  
**su** (T) water: 209, 213 > -ya: 208; -yi: 210.  
**şulh** (A) peace > -idi: 41.  
**sultān** (A) sultan; sovereign: 110, 250, 327 > -ına: 280; -larınüñ: 5.  
**Sultān 'Alā'ud-dīn Sa'id:** 25.  
**Sultān Bāyezid** [--> **Sultān-i pīrūz Bāyezid bin Gāzī Murād, Bāyezid Beg**]: 254.  
**Sultān Berkük:** (m).  
**Sultān-i pīrūz Bāyezid bin Gāzī Murād** [--> **Sultān Bāyezid, Bāyezid Beg**]: (l).  
**Sultān-i sa'id Murād Beg** [--> **Murād Beg Gāzī, Murād Beg, Gāzī Murād, Gāzī Hān**]: (k).  
**Sultānu's-sa'id-iş-şehid Emīr Süleymān** [--> **Mir Süleymān**]: (n).  
**Sultān Yūgi** > -ne: 35; -ni: 157.  
**şun-** (T) to extend; to give > -di: 156.  
**Süre-i İblās** § the name of the 112th *süre* of the *Kur'an*: 322.  
**Süleymān Paşa:** (f), 94.  
**sür-** (T) to drive away > *sür*: 181; -diler: 61, 189.  
**süst** (P) withered away; weak: 215, 221.  
**şad** (P) happy: 199.  
**şadān** (P) glad > -idi: 139.  
**şāh** (P) shah; sultan, padishah: 40, 44, 147, 167, 245, 267, 273, 284, 298 > -da: 149; -ı: 158, 249; -idi: 324.  
**Şām:** 161, 290 > -a: 281.  
**şark** (A) the east: 307.  
**şart** (A) condition: 94, 177.  
**şayed** (P) if: 197.  
**şeb** (P) night: 58, 133.  
**şecā'at** (A) bravery: 95.  
**şecer** (A) tree > -den: 318.  
**şehādet** (A) martyrdom, death of a Muslim in battle: (k), 254.  
**şehid** (A) martyr, one who dies in battle for Islam: 25, 30, 250, 252 (2), 254.  
**şehr** (P) city: 65, 102, 107, 118, 229, 259, 262, 266, 297.  
**şehriyār** (P) sovereign; sultan: 259, 262, 297.  
**şekā** (A) perdition: 92.  
**şer** (A) evil: 179.  
**şer'** (A) the law of God: 62, 274.  
**şerh** (A) story; explaining > -in: 311; -ini: 5.  
**şerh it-** § to tell > -(d)elüm: 334.  
**Seyh Efendi:** 258.  
**şifā** (A) a healing, cure: 92.  
**şimdi** (T) now: 9, 78, 80, 119.  
**şim ır-zen** (P) swordsman, warrior: 100.  
**şirāne** (P) lion-like; brave: 164.  
**şir-gir** (P) one who captures lions; brave > *şir-gir* idi: 100.  
**şirk** (A) becoming companion or partner with God; polytheism: 28, 63, 200.  
**şöyle** [--> *şöyle ki, şöyle kim*] (T) in that manner, so; like: 148.  
**şöyle ki** [--> *şöyle, şöyle kim*] § in such a manner that; just like: 183, 239.  
**şöyle kim** [--> *şöyle ki, şöyle*] § in such a manner that; just like: 96, 174, 282, 285, 286.  
**şūmī** (P) inauspiciousness: (j).  
**tā** (P) even until, even into; until; even as far as: 262.  
**tā kim** § so that, in order that: 40.

## Kemal Silay

**tā pā vū ser** § from head to toe: 247.  
**tā'at** (A) worship; act of obedience to God: 271 > -e: 177, 179; -inden: 178; -üñ: 177.  
**tāb** (P) power, strength, ability: 152.  
**tāc** (A) crown: 135, 150, 316.  
**tag** (T) mountain: 270.  
**tagyır** (A) a changing of a thing for something else; abusing: 274.  
**taht** (P) throne, sovereign's throne: 135, 150.  
**takdir** [--> **takzır**] (A) predestination > takdir idi: 291; takdir ise: 293.  
**takırır** it- § to constitute > -diler: 62.  
**takzır** [--> **takdir**] (A) predestination > -i: 292.  
**takzır** it- § to preordain > -di: 56.  
**taleb** eyle- § to want,to demand > "eyledi taleb": 79.  
**taleb** it- § to want; to demand > "itseñ taleb": 126.  
**Talüt**: 219 > -i: 206.  
**tama'** it- § to covet > "itdi tama)": 236.  
**tamām** (A) complete, finished: 94, 161.  
**tamām** eyle- § to complete, to finish > "eyledüm...tamām": 325.  
**tamām** it- § to complete, to finish > -(d)er: 127; -(d)ibile: 311.  
**tamām** ol- § to be finished > "ola...tamām": 13.  
**Tangrı** [--> **Hälük, Hak, Kirdgär, Şamed**] (T) God: 30, 105, 292 > -dan: 134, 191, 218; -nuñ: 28, 312.  
**tap-** (T) to worship > -du: 114; -ıldıgi: 119.  
**tārāc** it- § to plunder > -di: 58.  
**tārīḥ** [--> **tevāriḥ**] (A) history > -ini: 240.  
**tārumār** ol- § to be destroyed > "oldı tārumār": 169.  
**taş** (T) stone: 242.  
**Tatar**: 41, 166 > -da: 160.  
**tāze** (P) fresh: 133.  
**tebāh** ol- § to be destroyed, to be devastated > "ola...tebāh": 40; "oldı tebāh": 284; "oldilar...tebāh": 155.  
**Tebbet** one of the names of the 111th **sûre** of the **Kur'an**: 24, 322.  
**tedbür** (A) precaution > tedbür idi: 291; -i: 292, 293.  
**te'bür** (A) delay: (b).  
**telef** ol- § to be lost, to be destroyed > "oliban telef": 166.  
**Temür**: 294 > -uñ: 295.  
**ten** (P) the body > ten idi: 243.  
**tendürüst** (P) healthy: 215.  
**teng** (P) narrow; unbearable: 158, 239.  
**terk** (A) abandonment: 191.  
**terk** it- § to leave > -diler: 168; -(d)elüm: 202.  
**terk-i cān kıl-** § to sacrifice (one's) life > -uridi: 99.  
**tersā** (P) Christian: 237.  
**teşne-ciger** (P) extremely thirsty: 208.  
**tesviş** (A) difficulty: 43.  
**tevāriḥ** [--> **tārīḥ**] (A) histories (history): (a) > -i: 1, 226, 333.  
**tevekkül** (A) a putting of one's trust in God > tevekkül-çün: 163.  
**tevhīd** (A) monotheism: 63.  
**Tevrīl** the Torah: 320.  
**tığ** (P) sword: 165.  
**tığ-zen** (P) swordsman: 185.  
**tire** (P) dark: 133.  
**tīrendāz** (P) archer > tīrendāz idi: 185.  
**tiz** [tūz] (P) sharp: 165.  
**togn̄ gel-** § to become good > -di: 72.  
**togn̄l-** (T) to be better, to be improved > -a: 46.

Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

**Tokat** > -ı: 260.

**tol-** (T) to become full > -di: 81, 118, 294.

**tolu** (T) full: 243 > -dur: 78.

**toprağ** (T) soil > -ila: 242; -uñ: 126.

**Turgud**: 161.

**tut-** (T) to invade > -di: 157.

**türbe** (A) mausoleum: 232.

**Türk**: 161, 166.

**tüvân** (P) might: 152.

**ü** [--> ü, ve, vü] (P) and: 4, 8, 17 (2), 23, 36 (2), 44, 58, 68, 73, 85 (2), 88, 107, 111, 112, 118, 126, 128, 129, 130, 132 (2), 135, 136, 138, 150, 152, 161 (3), 168, 198, 199 (2), 232, 243, 260, 270, 274, 294, 299, 305, 307, 326, 329.

**ū** (P) he; him: (d), (k).

**uçdan uca** § from the first to the last; one by one: 219.

**uğra-** (T) to stop by; to come > -dular: 208; -yan: 121; -yup: 210.

**ulu** (T) great; adult: 51, 65, 94, 110, 146, 213, 268.

**Ungurus** > -uñ: 93.

**unit-** (T) to forget > -(d)ildi: 68.

**ur-** (T) to attack; to conquer; to hurl; to hit something against something; to hit and kill > ur: 57; -alar: 52; -di: 39, 164, 249; -dilar: 42, 189; -düğinda: 301; -up: 37.

**Urmîyâ**: 194, 197.

**uşan-** (T) to be broken into pieces, to be shattered; to be routed > -di: 165; -urdu: 87, 108.

**uy-** (T) to join > -di: 46.

**ü** [--> u, ve, vü] (P) and: 3, 17, 29, 34, 39 (2), 65 (2), 66, 70, 73 (2), 78, 97, 102, 117, 118, 126 (2), 129, 132 (2), 137 (2), 138, 140, 142, 145 (2), 148, 152, 159, 160, 161, 167, 187, 188, 192, 193 (2), 217, 229, 237, 245, 259 (3), 262, 266, 267, 271, 272, 279, 295, 297, 305, 320, 327.

**üç** (T) three > -den: 18; -i: 116.

**üç yüz on üç** § three hundred and thirteen: 217.

**ümmeť ta'lü velâ tu'lâ** § My people will ascend and nothing can rise above them: 230.

**üst** (T) on; above > -inde: 243; -ine: 49, 279.

**üvez** (T) mosquito > -uñ: 306.

**üzre** (T) on, upon: 60, 182, 207, 228.

**va'de ir-** § (for one's hour of death) to be at hand > -iben: 134.

**vahşet** (A) wildness, savagery: 296 > -dur: 296.

**vahy ol-** § to be inspired > -di: 210.

**vakt** (A) time: 40.

**var I** (T) there is; there are: 59, 169, 237 > **var durur**: 78. -di: 152; -dur: 9; -idi: 63, 90 (2), 160, 194; -isa: 179; -sa: 204.

**var II** (T) wealth; all: 305 > -ı: 169.

**var-** (T) to arrive, to reach; to go towards > -di: 105, 107, 288; -dilarisa: 224; -diyasa: 51; -madılar: 186; -mağa: 207; -ursın: 287.

**Varsak**: 161.

**vasf** (A) praise; quality > -ila: 325; -in: 303.

**ve** [--> u, ü, vü] (A) and: (a), (d) (2), (f), (h) (2), (i), (k) (2).

**vefat** (A) death: (m).

**velî** (P) but: 7.

**velvele düş-** § to have clamor > "düşmiş idi...velvele": 93.

**vesvese** (A) preoccupation: 2.

**vezir** (A) vizier: 146.

**vilâyet** (A) province: 54.

**vir-** (T) to give, to bestow > -di: 17, 44, 163, 259, 326; -diler: 111; -dürdi: 276; -elüm: 201; -en: 328; -iben: 303; -ilür ise: 312.

Kemal Silay

**virbi-** (T) to send > -di: 52, 71, 101; -diler: 237.

**vizāret** (A) vizierate: 146.

**Vize:** 116.

**vü** [--> **ve**, **u**, **ü**] (P) and: 12, 19, 25, 55, 59, 63, 77, 100 (2), 102, 105, 109, 116 (2), 131, 133, 144, 152, 162, 184, 185, 202, 214 (2), 231, 247, 252, 259, 263, 265, 267, 279, 294, 300, 327.

**vücûd** (A) existence: 17, 319 > -m: 238.

**vücûda gel-** § to be created > “geldi vücûda”: 128.

**yâ** (P) either; or: 140, 270, 299, 311.

**yâ leytenî kûntû tûrâb** § Would that I were dust [**Kur’ân: Sûretü’n-nebe’** (78), 40]: 304.

**yad** (T) foreign; away (from home): 199.

**yâdîgâr it-** § to go down in history > “itdi...yâdîgâr”: 240.

**yâgî** (T) enemy: 154.

**yâkîn** (A) surely, certainly: 29, 296, 332.

**yâna** (T) toward; side; direction: 45, 52, 54, 71, 171, 241, 261, 287 > -dan: 58, 159; -din: 62.

**yap-** (T) to do; to make; to build > -di: 114, 232, 233.

**yâr** (P) friend > -idi: 160.

**yara-** (T) to be good > -ya: 200, 212.

**yarak it-** § to be equipped with arms > -(d)e: 290.

**yarat-** (T) to create > -di: 317.

**yâş** (T) wet: 242.

**yat-** (T) to lie down > -urumış: 247; -urken: 249.

**yavuz** (T) bad; inauspicious: 181, 277, 309.

**yavuzlîk** (T) badness > -dur: 277.

**yaz-** (T) to adorn, to embellish; to write > -ar: 127; -ildi: 322.

**yazın** (T) in summer: 290.

**yik-** (T) to destroy, to demolish > -a: 103; -di: 112, 114; -iban: 77.

**yiküp yak-** § to destroy, to demolish > -up: 55; “yıkıban yakıldılar”: 71; “yıkılıp yakıldı”: 297.

**yıl** (T) year: 118, 135.

**yî-** (T) to eat > -dügi: 12; -r: 122 (2).

**yig** (T) better; profitable: 16, 318, 321.

**yigîf** (T) young man > -ler: 170.

**yigrek** (T) better: 323 > -di: 18.

**yikpâre** (P) entirely: 320.

**yir** (T) world; place; side, direction; country: 243, 269 > **yir durur**: 122; -de: 119, 236, 245; -den: 73, 142; -e: 173; -i: 28; -idür: 80; -in: 57; -inden: 61; -ine: 50 (2), 254, 298, 331.

**yir altı** § under the earth > -nda: 125.

**yir yüzî** § the face of the earth, the world: 158, 239.

**yire sok-** § to eradicate; to throw (something) to the ground > -iban: 61; -up: 113.

**yirine yit-** § to hit the target > -di: 72.

**yirini al-** § to take one’s position > “aldı...yirini”: 136.

**yit-** (T) to come > -diler: 62.

**yitür-** (T) to destroy, to eradicate; to throw > -di: 142; -diler: 61.

**yohsul** (T) poor, destitute > **yohsul iken**: 75; -a: 36; -ken: 141.

**yoğ** (T) there is not: 9 > -dur: 24, 310; **yoğ durur**: 302 (2); -(g)iđi: 114, 138, 175, 216, 295.

**yol** (T) way: 224 > -a: 278; -da: 34; -ma: 47, 202, 203, 326; -nda: 30, 97, 99.

**yol bul-** § to succeed > “buldu yol”: 51.

**yol dut-** § to set out > “dutdu yol”: 288.

**yola gir-** § to set out > “girdi yola”: 33.

**yoldaş** (T) comrade > -i: 34.

**yôre** (T) region > -de: 40, 266; -yi: 48.

**yu-** (T) to clean up > -di: 63.

**yukaru** (T) on the surface: 23.

**yükin-** (T) to kneel down (before someone) > -e: 35.

Ahmedî's History of the Ottoman Dynasty

**yûmn** (A) goodness: 149.

**yûri-** (T) to march; to move; to go in any way or direction > -di: 48, 132, 294; -diler: 207, 218; -ye: 102; -yiben: 58; -(ü)r idı: 243.

**yûz I** (T) hundred: 301.

**yûz II** (T) face > -ini: 49.

**yûz dut-** § to go > -disa: 172.

**zabî** (A) confiscation > -ila: 8.

**zafer** (A) victory: 172, 176.

**zâhid** (A) devout: 257.

**zamân** (A) time: 41, 49, 101, 119, 131, 289, 312 > -da: 54; -dan: 64, 118, 120, 271; -uñ: 75.

**zâr** (P) miserable: 214.

**zebûn it-** § to exhaust > "itdiler zebûn": 74.

**zebûn ķıl-** § to make (someone) weak > "ķıldı...zebûn": 187.

**zebûn ol-** § to become exhausted, to become wornout > "oldı zebûn": 117; "olup zebûn": 244.

**Zebûr the Psalms:** 320.

**zelel** (A) defect; trouble: 9, 156, 225.

**zelhil** contemptible: 187.

**zelzele** (A) earthquake: 93.

**zemîn** (A) the world: 306.

**zer** (P) gold: 73, 148.

**zerre** (A) mote > -sin: 126.

**zevâl** (A) adversity: 129.

**zindîk** (A) atheist; misbeliever > zindîk idı: 184.

**zî** (A) what a beautiful...!, what a nice...!: 203 (2), 327.

**zîkr** (A) a mentioning; mention > -i: 296.

**zîkr eyle-** § to mention, to tell, to talk (about) > düm:3.

**zîkr it-** § to mention, to tell > -düm: 314.

**zîkre getür-** § to mention, to tell > -elüm: 10.

**zinde** (P) alive: 251 > -dür: 31.

**zîr ü zeber ķıl-** § to turn (something) upside-down > "ķıldı...zîr ü zeber": 176.

**zulm** (A) cruelty, oppression: 8, 295 > -den: 6.

**zulm it-** § to oppress > -diler: 7.

**zûhd it-** § to worship > -di: 271.

**zûlf** (P) side lock of hair, lovelock: 126.

**zûnnâr** (A) rope girdle worn by Christians > -ı: 112.





فَلَمْ يَرْبَأْ بِهِ مَنْ وَرْ بُرْنَا وَ بَنِير  
كُفَيْرَةِ مُوقِنِينَ بِيَسْرَدِ لَشَر  
يُنُودِ تَوْحِيدَهَا وَ قَلَادِ جَنْزُوك  
بُنْذَالِ الدِّيْجَهَ إِلَى شَهْرِ دِيَا ز  
اُولِيَّطَاهِرَتَا أَبَدِ آيَا تِ دِن  
أَوْنَهَ عَدِلِ عَمِيشَهَ آشَلَه  
بِيَقِنِ يَقْدِيلِ أَوْهَ كَائِفِي  
عَزِيزَتِ الْغَانِيَ بُولُدُونِيَ الْتِيكِ أَسِير  
كَافِرِيَ قَرْشُورِنِيَ سَرَدِ لَزَر  
بِنِيرَةِ كِرْفَارِدِيَ آثَارِ شَرِشَ  
كَيْ أَوْلَغَاعِزِيَ الْدِيَنِشِيَ آتِيَ كَه  
أَفَلِيَّ عَالِجَاوِدَانِ تَلَاتِ دِنَا  
قَنَهَ كَرْعَمَانِيَ لَرْعَنِيَ أَوْلَا  
مَيْنَكَ كَرْوَرِدِيَ أَوْلَيَ جَرِي  
كَلِمَرِزِدَنِ آكَاجِنِيَ سِيرَ رَزَ  
إِرْمَانِوْلَهَ آرَسِنَهَ اُولَيَ كَه  
بِيَقِنِ آنَهَ كَلِيَّا بِلَهَ دَنِير  
إِنِيَّكَهَ اَخَجَّ كَبَرَ رَجَعَ شَبَتَ  
كُوَزِكَهَ يَنِيَهَ دَارِيَلَهَ اَوْلَادَه  
كَلِمَغَاسِيَهَ سَانِ كَرْأَفِلَهِ  
عَلِرَادِيَهَ آيِنِيَهَ آنِيَبَاشَا سَانِ  
الَّذِيَّيِّ وَقَدَهَ اُونِيَا نُورِهَ قَدَه  
كَرِنِنِ الَّدَقَهَ آلَهَ اُولَنِنَهَ  
مَهْشَهَ تَهْشَدَهَتَ سَكَافَهَ  
سَكَافَهَ دَشِيفِيَهَ آلَهَ تَهَنَهَ  
أَلَهَ دَشِيفِيَهَ الدَّهَ وَلَهَ  
أَلَهَ أَغَلِيدِشِلَمانِ بَاشَهَ نَافَهَ  
خَوْتَهَ صَافِلهَ اُولَ مَوْصِفَهَ  
تَكَهَ دَشِدَلَهَ اُولَ آسِتَ لَيدَ  
شَيرَكَهَ يَدِيَهَ وَمَرَشِيشِيَهَ  
كَرِيُويَهَ لَكَكِيَهَ اُولَانِنَهَ  
دَعَوَيَّلَهَ الْكَيَانِ الْلَّدُونِ  
يَخِقُونِ اِتِيَهَ اُولَكَهَ جَوَعَكَهَ  
أَولَ آرَادَهَ اَوْلَقَدَلِيَلَهَ جَعِيَكَهَ  
هَوَهَدِيَ كَرِدَلَهَ عَالِدَلَهَ  
قَدَهَ كَرِهَوَلَهَيَ كَكِيَهَ يَقْدَهَ اُولَ  
جَوَهَ كَكِيَهَ اَيَقَدَهَ سِجِيدَهَ بَلَهَ  
وَنَهَ كَهَفَلَهَ اَيَنَهَ كَهَهَ  
أَرَزَمَانِهَ جَنِكَهَ كَكِيَهَ آنَهَ  
فَعَتَهَ اَلَهَ اَلَهَ الْعَقَلَهَ بَلَهَ  
بِيَقِهَ كَهَفَلَهَ اَيَنَهَ اِتِيَهَ بَاعَالَ  
لَكَيَهَ كَهَفَلَهَ اَنَهَ دَسِنَهَ هَنَكَنَهَ  
اَنَهَ كَهَفَلَهَ اَنَهَ دَسِنَهَ هَنَكَنَهَ

عیٰ ہا پلڈو ہنگان بز دھنکن  
فی المثل لہ دھنگان بز دھنکن  
دھنکن مہریو کلکن کلکن کلکن  
مکوارت کلارس قھرانہ جھان  
خوب یا نخوب تھنے ایک دھنکن  
بیکار انقدن الدکن  
بیکار جنکو بچخ آبکو ف  
کہ خوان ایکھو لہ نائے بھار  
دوہن اونٹھریل ماجھنخت  
الدائنہ بین فاری سرلاد  
کئے پست می دھنکن  
مکار ایک ایکھو فیریا غصہ  
پھلاروں باشی کوئند اوٹ  
بوہ میلارک علی آزدیے  
عاقبت ملکہ ایتی ویز  
پاڑ شافہ میلہ کاں کلکن تھنکن  
چھنکو اول غازی ملہ ارلاد  
قلیہ اند فوت تاب تواف  
اویلری نیا غی اکا قشلری  
اکل اویلی کس رفعہ صوہل  
محاس و جنکن قیامیں بازدیک  
میکار اینڈ اول عقیل مکد  
فیون طرفہ تبلہ نعم شام  
اسغاڈی کسنا دن اول بن مکد  
چیدل مسندی اوشندریتیج ت  
پیدا و کیدن قیام کاہ اونکل  
جون و کما ناودہ میلویش نہ ول  
فلاغنون سچہ کار فروت بکا  
چون میکار اویل داشو غنچہ ایک  
پیلی میلادن اویل کار اکار  
شلک کم کافی ایکھو مول  
قیلے دار کھا اول زن دن  
ما عنک فنی اول اسٹر فنٹو

مَنْ أَفْلَكَ الْكُلْبَيْنَ بِئْسَ أَوْلَاهُ خَيْرٌ  
بِئْلِمْ قِنْدَجْهَرْ كِمْرَدِيدْخَيْرٌ  
بِعُسْتَنْ أَنْتَ مِنْ حِكَّاَتْ أَيْنِمْ  
جِنْ بِيَا إِشِيلَهْ غَزْلَوْلَهْ فَرْقَصْ  
لِلْمَسْجِعْ مَهَا دُرْ يَغْزَيْنَ  
مَشْتَهَتْ تَلْيَيْهْ عَنْ أَلَارِيْ زَبُونْ  
وَمَدِيلَهْ تَهْ كَامَوْأَورْدَ لَرْ  
بِلْدَزِيزْ تَزْكَهْ أَمْرِيْكَيْ سَبَبْ  
أَوْلَادَنْ تَعْجَلَهْ دَلِلَ سَنْزِكُونْ  
الْمَرِينَتْ دَاخْ جَمَلَهْ سَنْدِلَرْ  
كِزْ بَوْلَانْ أَرْدَهْ تَكْرِيْدَنْ غَبَبْ  
قَلْذَرَلَيْ قَوْتَنْ فَرْ قَهْوَ  
أَوْلَيْنْ بِرْ كِيشِيْرْ اَرْكِنْلَهْ أَسَبْ  
كِيزْ بَاهِيْدِيْهْ كَهْ كَرْعَزْ أَيْنَاهِهْ سَبَزْ  
غَزْ بَوْلَانْ آنِيْ دَيْنْ أَوْلَادِيَادْ  
جَانْ وَلَالْجَوْنْ بِمُورِدِيْهْ كَارْ  
لَهْ أَيْلَهْ لَهْ حَنْ بَعْلَيْهْ آنِ رَوْلَانْ  
حَوْ دَيْنَ عَيْرَهْ تَلَهْ لِغَاتْ  
دَمْشَهْ كَنْدَهْ وَلِيْنِ اَرْمَنْ  
أَفْلَدَهْ صَوَابِهْ كَامَسَلَهْ  
عَدَنْ بِرْ طَبِيْهْ أَوْلَادَنْ إِشَلَهْ  
مَكْهَاهِهْ فَرْأَجْ يَعْهَهْ مَسَبْ  
أَنْلَكَهْ اَعْلَاسَهْ بَلْهَهْ كَهْ كَهْ  
لَهْ اَلْعَادَهْ كَهْ كَهْ حَيْتَ  
اَلْبِعِيْنَادَنْ اَنْجَ كَهْ كَهْ لِتَهْ  
الَّهَوْلَهْ تَوْتَهْ اَهَدَهْ تَلَهْ مَلَهْ  
لَهْ كَهْ كَهْ جَوْنْ دَكَلهْ اَطْلَهْ سَهْ  
مَلَهْ لَهْ لَهْ حَمَسَهْ اَهَهْ  
اَوْلَادَهْ اَلَهْ كَهْ كَهْ زَلَكْ  
كِيزْ أَوْلَادَهْ دَوْدَكَلَهْ لَهْ سَلَهْ  
كَهْ كَهْ لَهْ سَهْ لَهْ سَهْ  
اَلَهْ كَهْ كَهْ مَهْلَهْ لَهْ سَهْ  
سَهْ لَهْ كَهْ كَهْ كَهْ كَهْ كَهْ  
كَهْ كَهْ كَهْ كَهْ كَهْ كَهْ كَهْ كَهْ



كُوْنَكِيْهِ بُشِّرَتْ نَهَا حَاجَتْ دُرْكَوْهُ  
وَجَجَهُ دُنْ جُونَهُ وَهَنَدُو سَانَ  
لَعْنَهُ هَنَكَنَهُ نَهَا يَسَّهُ بَيْتَ دَرَبَ  
أَفَرَبَتْ يَا لَيْتَنَهُ كُنَتْ شَرَبَ  
بَلْدَأَنَلَهُ قَانَدَجَادَهُ مَهَنَانَ  
أَفَلَنَهُتَهُ اَسَيَّهُ دَرَبَمَهَنَانَ  
بَشَّيَّهُ بَحَّيَّهُ اِيَّلَيْهِ بَسَّا نَ  
شَكَّيْهُكَنَهُ فَسَلِيلَهُ بَيْجَهُ زَهَانَ  
اَذَلَنَهُ اَصَافَلَهُ اَفَلَكَنَهُ مَكَنَهُ  
بَرْجَهُ مَهَدَكَلَهُ تَاجَ اَوَلَيَّا  
لَيْلَيَّهُ بَكَهُهُ بَجَدَنَهُ لَكَهُ مَكَنَهُ  
صَكَنَهُقَرَانَهُ كَهُ اَلَدَنَهُ بَكَانَهُ قَرَدَ  
نَيَّهُ بَارَلَيَّهُ دِيَّا بَرَاهَكَهُ سَنَ  
عَامُودَنَهُ صَكَنَهُ كَلَيَّنَهُ بَلَادَهُ  
بَيْلَهُ جَانَهُهَانَهُ فَرَدَهُ اَنَوَكَ  
فَكَرَسَاشَ اَشِلَّيَّهُ كَسَنَهُ اَوَلَوَرَ  
جَعَجَ اَوَلَوَنَهُ رَصِينَكَ بَاسَّيَّهُ  
كَوْنَهُهَا بَلَكَ جَانَ اَفَلَوَنَهُنَّيَّهُ  
عَاقِبَتْ نَوَلَدِيَّهُ اَيَّ شَعَجَ اَيَّلَوَمَ  
بَنَكَمَسِيلَهُ لَرَسِيَّهُ اَفَلَزَهُمَامَ  
بَعِيَّنَهُ اَنَ دَفَعَنَهُ كَوَدَ بَوَنَهُ  
اَيَّكَهُجَاجَ اَوَسَهُ كَارَلَهُ اَهَكَهُ  
وَيَوَهُ كَنَدَهُ لَهُفَ جَوَنَهُنَّدَنَهُ  
عَلَمَادَلَكَاتَ اَكَاحَاصِلَ اَكَهُ  
كَلَهُ وَقَدَرَ اَكَنَهُ كَاهَخَتَ اَكَهُ  
تَفَرَّقَ اَوَلَنَهُ بَلَهُ بَرَيَّهُهُ وَكَهُ  
اَولَنَ شَوَّهُ كَهُرَهُهُمَشَهُ كَهُ وَنَ  
حَوَنَهُنَّدَنَهُ كَهُهُ اَيَّهُ اَيَّغَهُعَيَّهُ  
ظَاهَرَفَقَتَ اَوَلَهُ اَرَيَ سَلَمَتَ  
مَهَرَجَزَهُهُ فَقَتَهُ لَعَكَسَهُ  
دَرَلَوَرَدَلَوَ اَوَلَرَسَهُهُ اَوَلَرَزَ

مَيْسَلَانَهُ اَلَهَدَ اَفَلَهُ بَرِيَّهُهُ شَاهَ  
مَيْتَيَهُ اَتَيَّهُ اَنَوَنَهُ بَلَسَهُهُ اَعَيَّانَ  
خَلَقَنَهُحَسِنَهُهُ غَالِيَهُ بَيْعَدَدَ  
اَنَوَنَهُشِلَنَهُ كَرَبَهُ دَرَأَقَابَ  
مَيْتَيَهُ اَتَيَّهُ اَفَلَهُ مَلِكَهُنَّيَّنَ  
اَفَلَهُرُقَنَهُ تَلَوَدُهُ اَمَلَعَطَهَا  
حَوْبَهُ اَوَصَافَتَهُ اَفَلَهُ بَقَدَدَكَنَ  
عَزَّزَنَهُ كَوَرِلَهُ بَرِيَّهُهُ لَهَانَ  
اَفَلَهُكَلَدَنَهُ كَهُ دَكَنَهُعَكَهُ  
كَلَدَنَهُ اَلَهَمَنَدَنَهُ اَنَبَّهَ  
كَجَهَهُ لَهَزَنَهُرَادَنَهُ شَبَندَ  
اَوَلَهُخَلَنَهُ اَلَدَنَهُ تَدَبَّتَهُ رَبَوَهُ  
بَهَتَهُ اَلَدَنَهُ سَوَعَ اَهَلَهُمَدَنَهُ  
جَوَنَهُ بَوَسَهُهُسِيَّهُ اَفَنَيَّهُنَّهُ لَهُ  
اَلَهَدِيَّهُ مَهَرَخَمَيَّهُ اَزَدَهُ اَنَوَكَ  
بَثَيَّهُهُنَّهُ وَنَنَهُ اَيَّلَهُ اَوَلَرَ  
اَلَوَدَهُ اَوَلَسَونَهُ جَاهَنَهُ اَسَّهَ  
بَوَيَّهَهُنَّهُ اَنَوَلَهُ كَهَدَدَهُنَّهُنَّ  
كَهَدَهُ اَكَنَنَهُ سَرِيَّهُ اَيَّلَوَمَ  
جَنَهُ سَكَنَهُ بَلَدَهُ كَمَ اَشَكَلَهُ  
دَهَهَا شَنَقَهُنَّهُ لَهُ لَقَ جَوَنَهُ دَرَهُ  
دَيَّدَهُقَلَهُ لَكَتَهُ وَهُمَ قَرَوَانَ  
نَشَهُ جَوَنَهُقَنَهُ دَيَّهُ فَيَقَنَجَهُ  
وَرَيَّدَهُ بَعَنَهُ اَنَ كَرَنَهُنَّهُ اَفَلَهُ  
حَمَرَهُهُ اَلِيلَهُ اَفَلَهُلَيَّهُ اَفَلَهُ  
كَهَعَوَهُنَّهُمَدَنَهُ نَشَاتَهُهُ  
جَوَنَهُ اَفَلَهُلَيَّهُ اَفَلَهُلَيَّهُ  
اَكَهُهُ اَكَهُهُ اَكَهُهُ اَكَهُهُ اَكَهُهُ  
تَقَهُهُ اَفَلَهُلَيَّهُ اَفَلَهُلَيَّهُ  
بَعِيَّهُجَحَنَهُ اَكَهُهُعَيَّهُهُسَرَ  
شَنَعَهُ اَلَنَّهُ كَلَمَهُ اَنَقَيَّهُعَيَّهُ  
مَرَقَنَهُ اَشَلَادَهُ كَاهَنَهُ اَفَلَهُ  
فَتَهُهُهُ اَشَنَبَهُ طَلَهُ لَرَدَكَازَ