

Developing Tools for Synthetic Biology: Golden Gate Cloning and the MoClo System

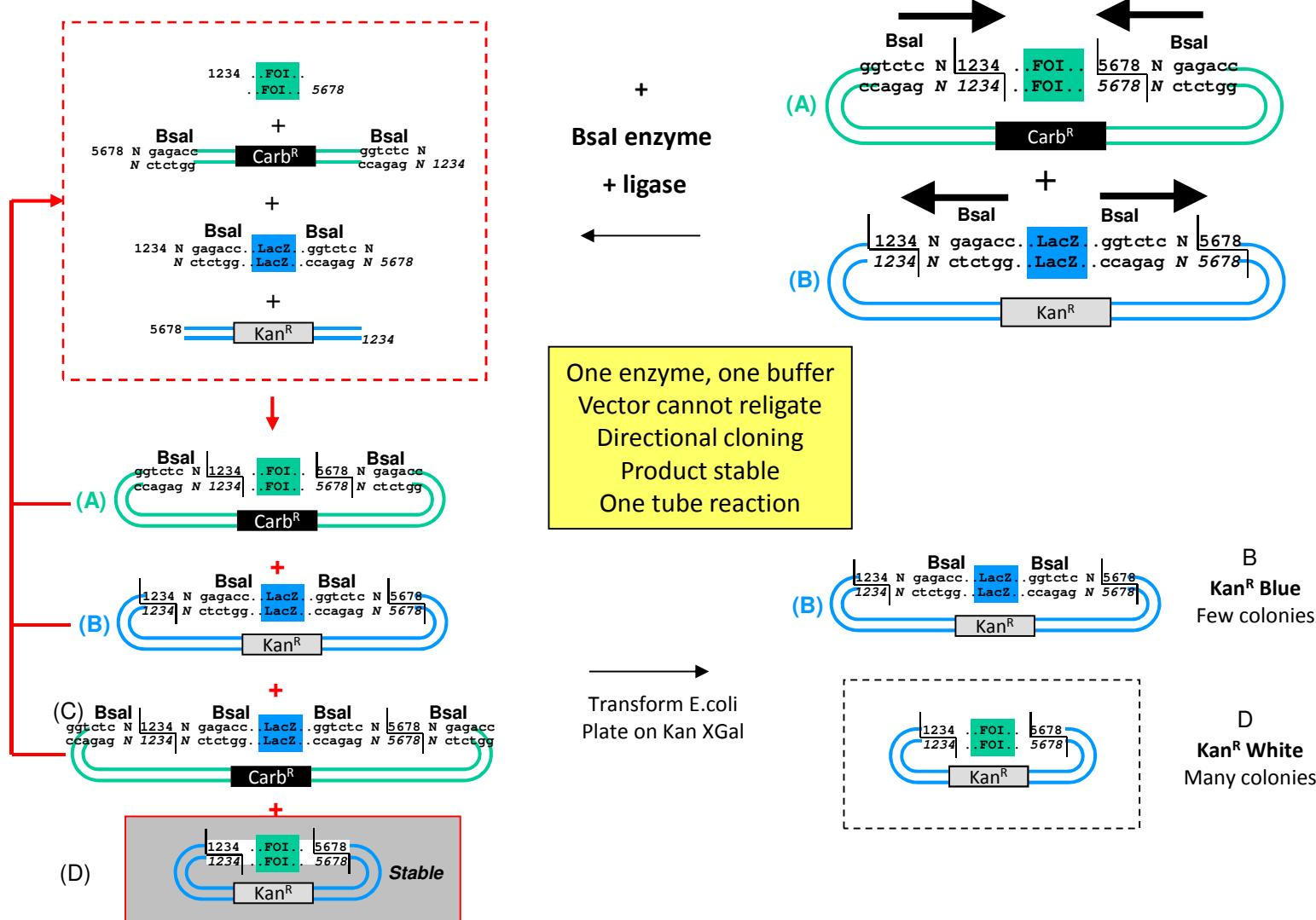
By Sylvestre Marillonnet, IPB Halle

Introduction to Opportunities in Plant Synthetic Biology

Nottingham, May 2013

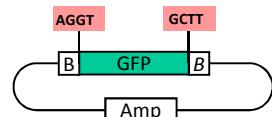


Golden Gate cloning: use of type IIS enzymes combined with restriction-ligation



Subcloning a fragment from one entry construct into an expression vector with a one-pot one-step reaction

Entry construct, 50 ng

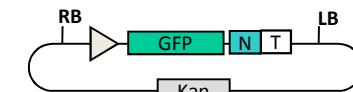


+

Recipient vector, 50 ng

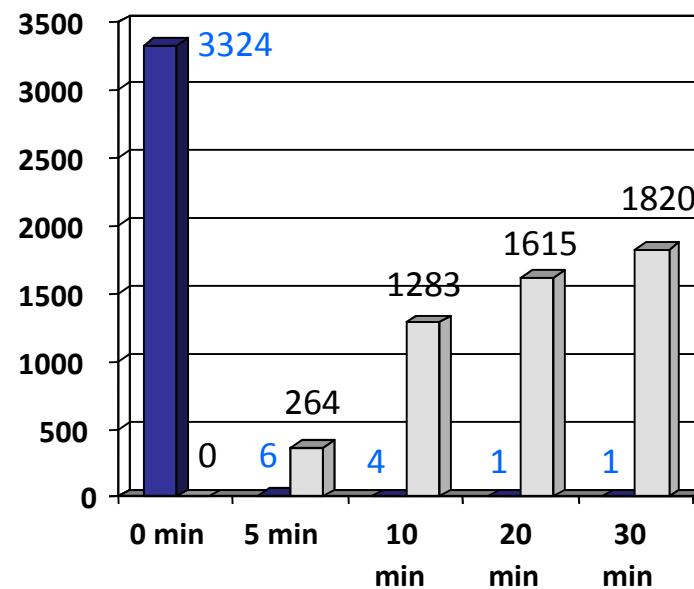


Final construct

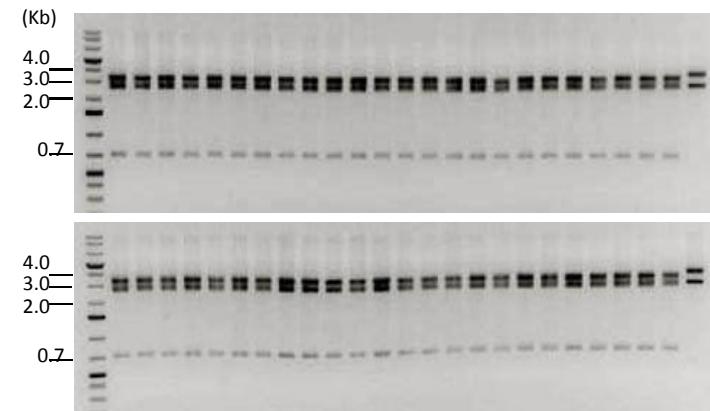


Colonies
per
transformation

■ Blue colonies
□ White colonies



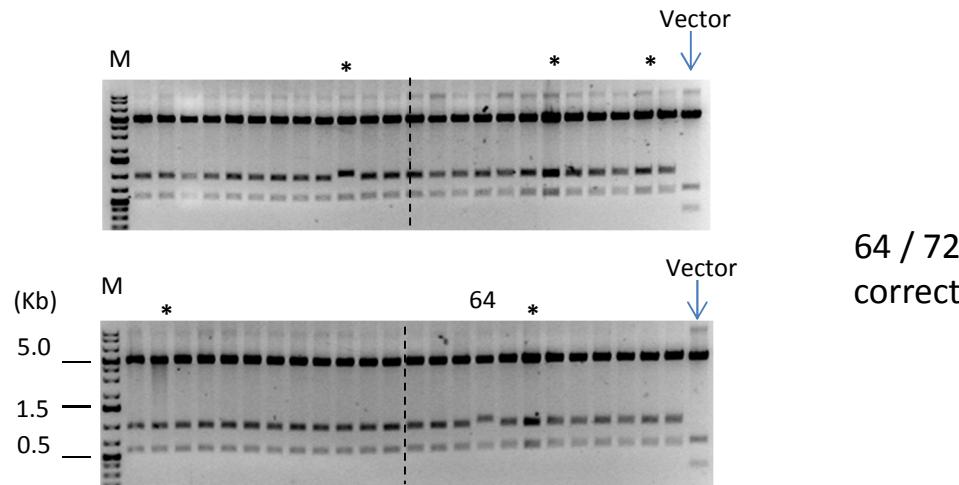
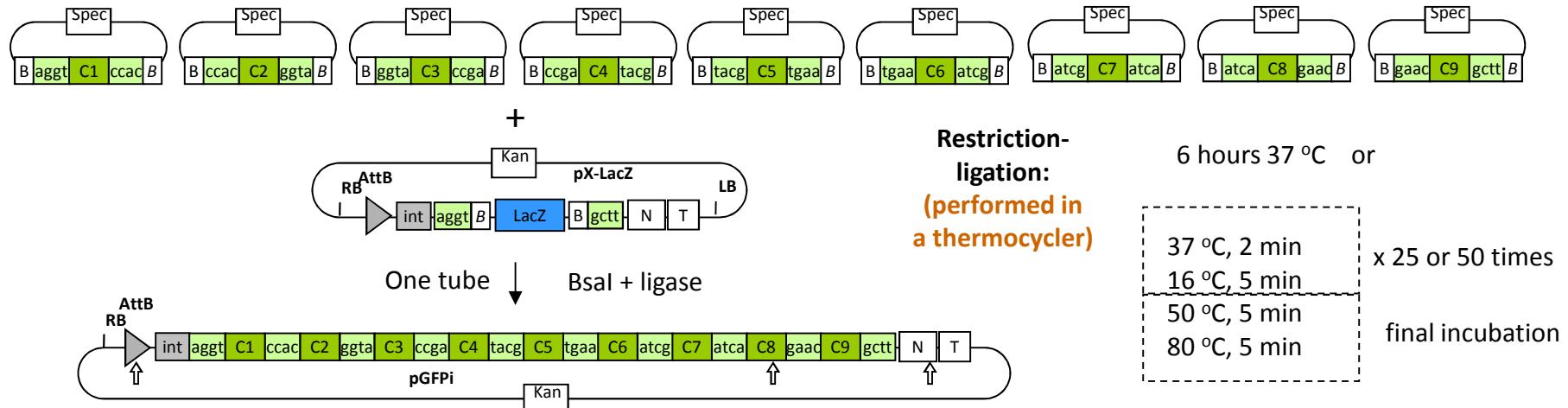
Screening of 48 white colonies
Digested plasmid run an agarose gel



48/48 positive



Assembly of nine fragments into an expression vector



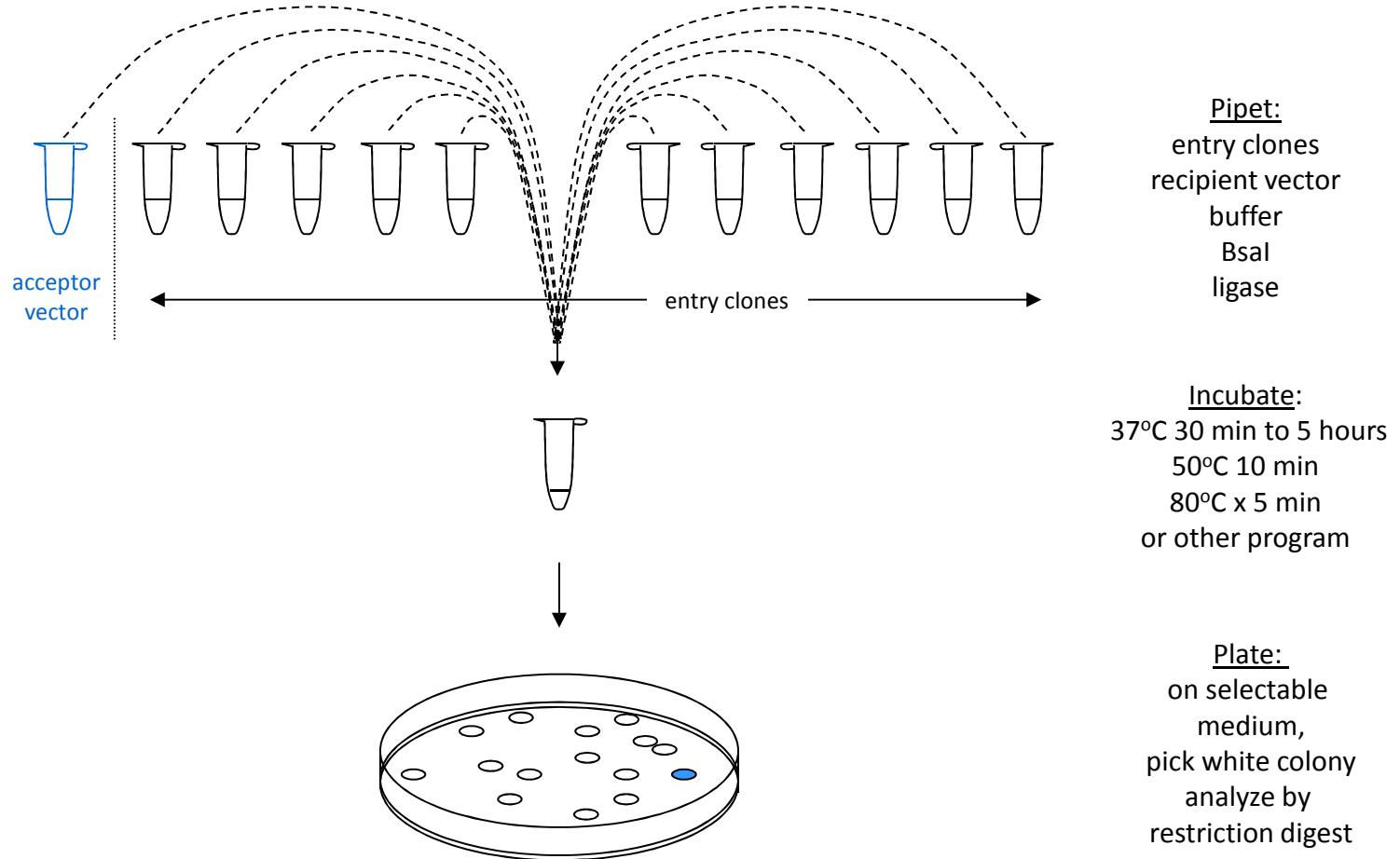
Cloning Efficiency:

6,000-14,000 white colonies
(< 100 blue colonies)
per transformation
(~ 150 ng vector)

with 84 to 100% of white colonies with correct restriction pattern

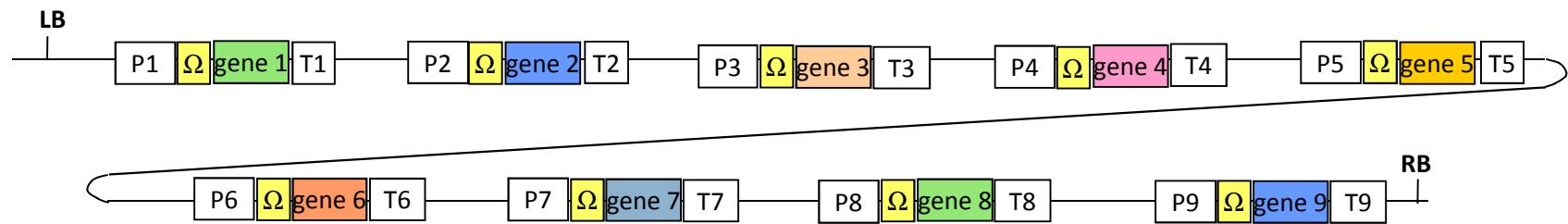


Golden Gate Cloning Overview

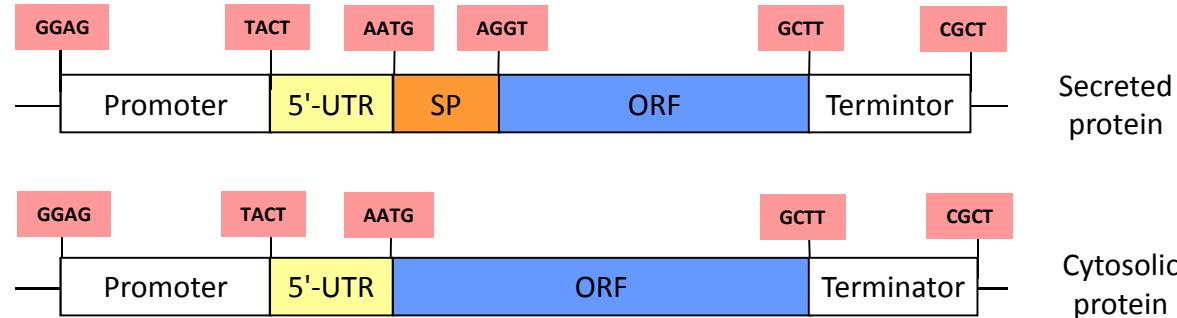


Assembly of multigene constructs

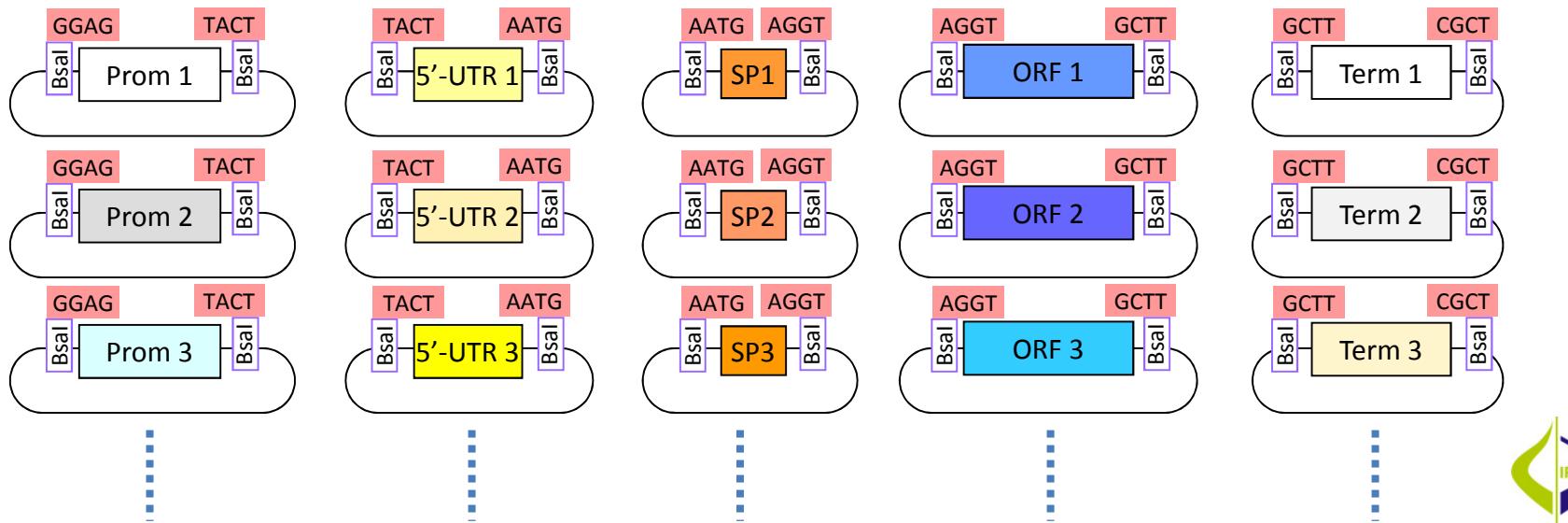
How can we build a standardized cloning system for assembly of any construct of choice?



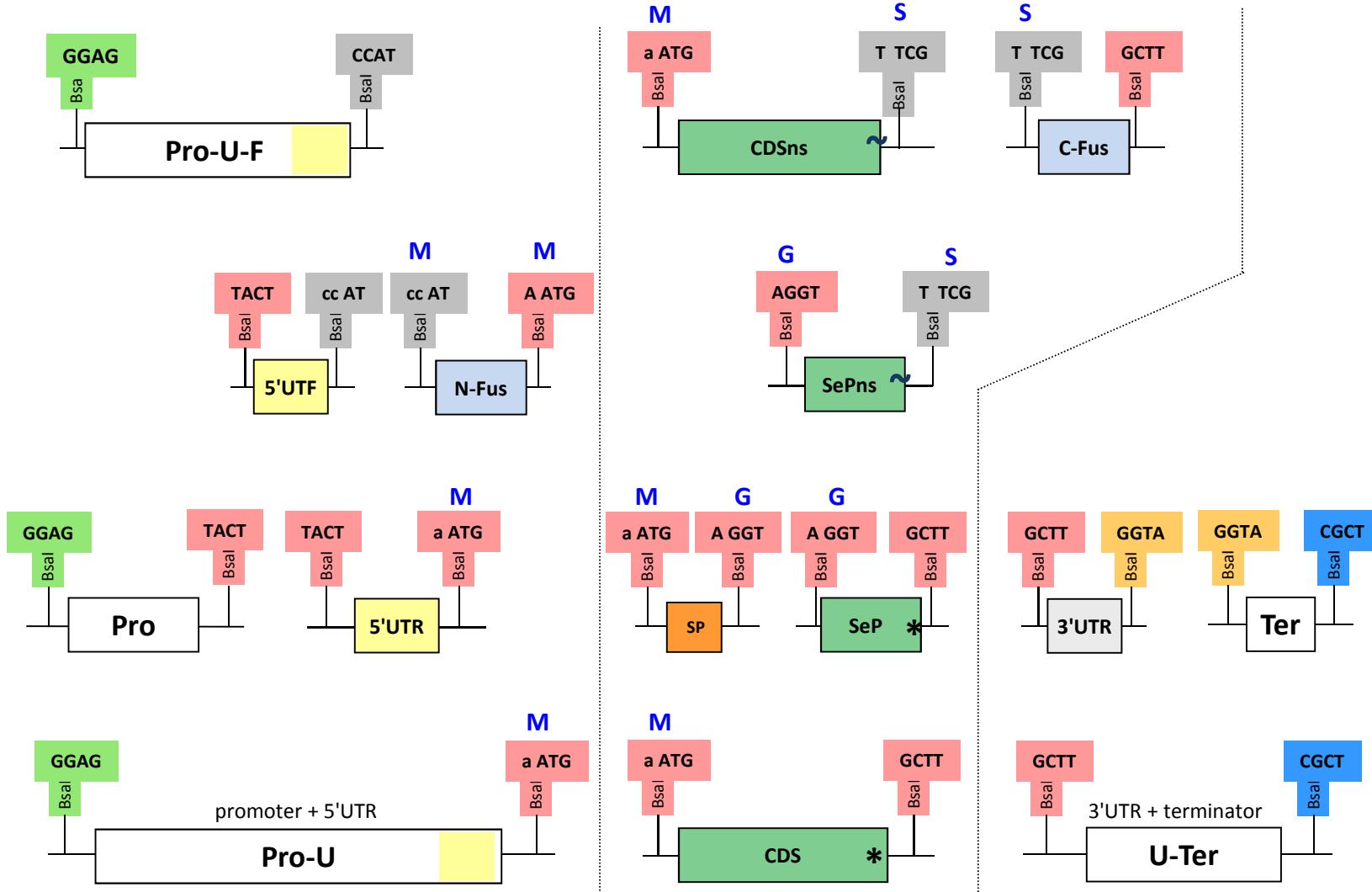
Any expression cassette can be divided into universal elementary modules



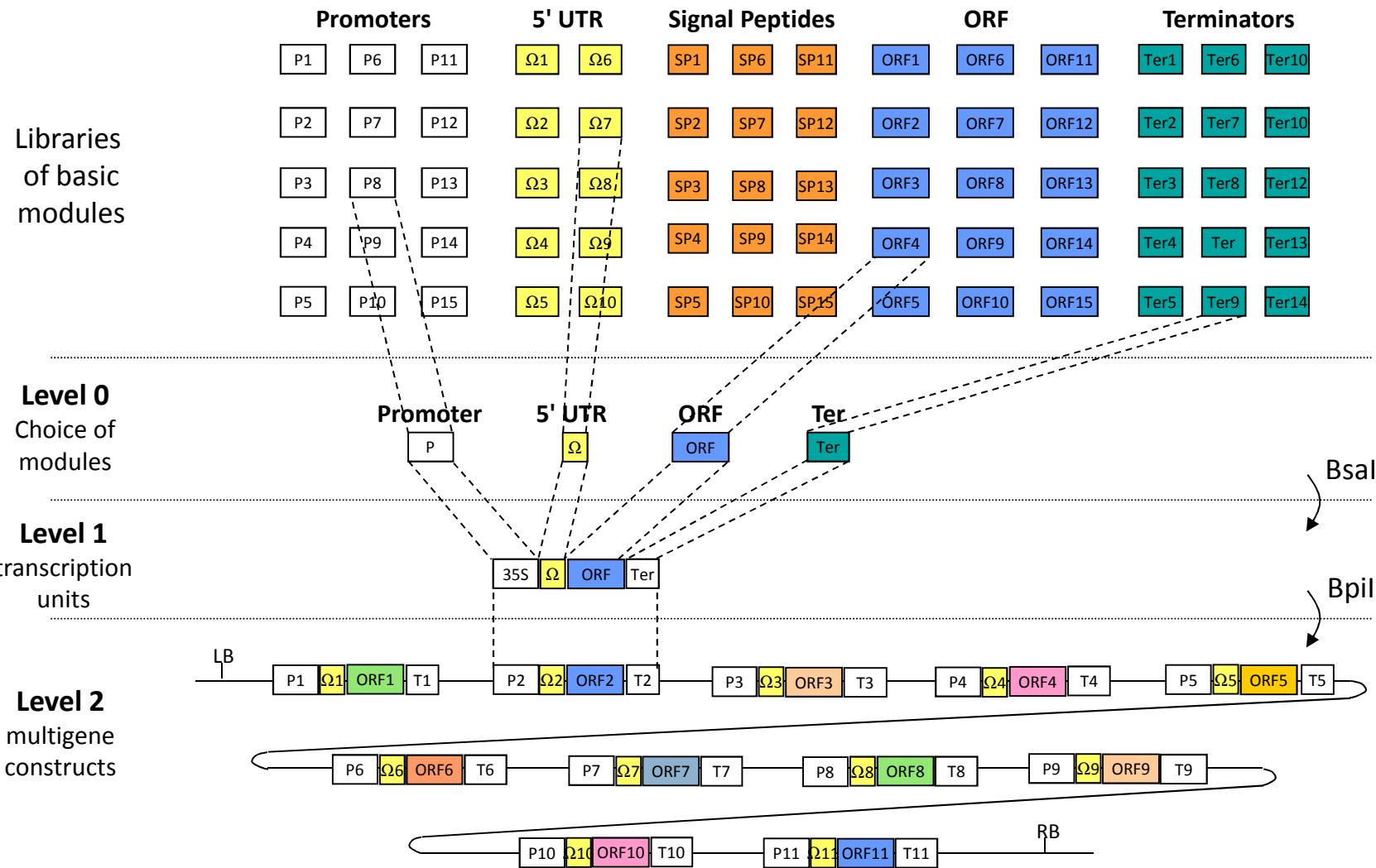
Elementary modules are prepared as level 0 modules standard biological parts



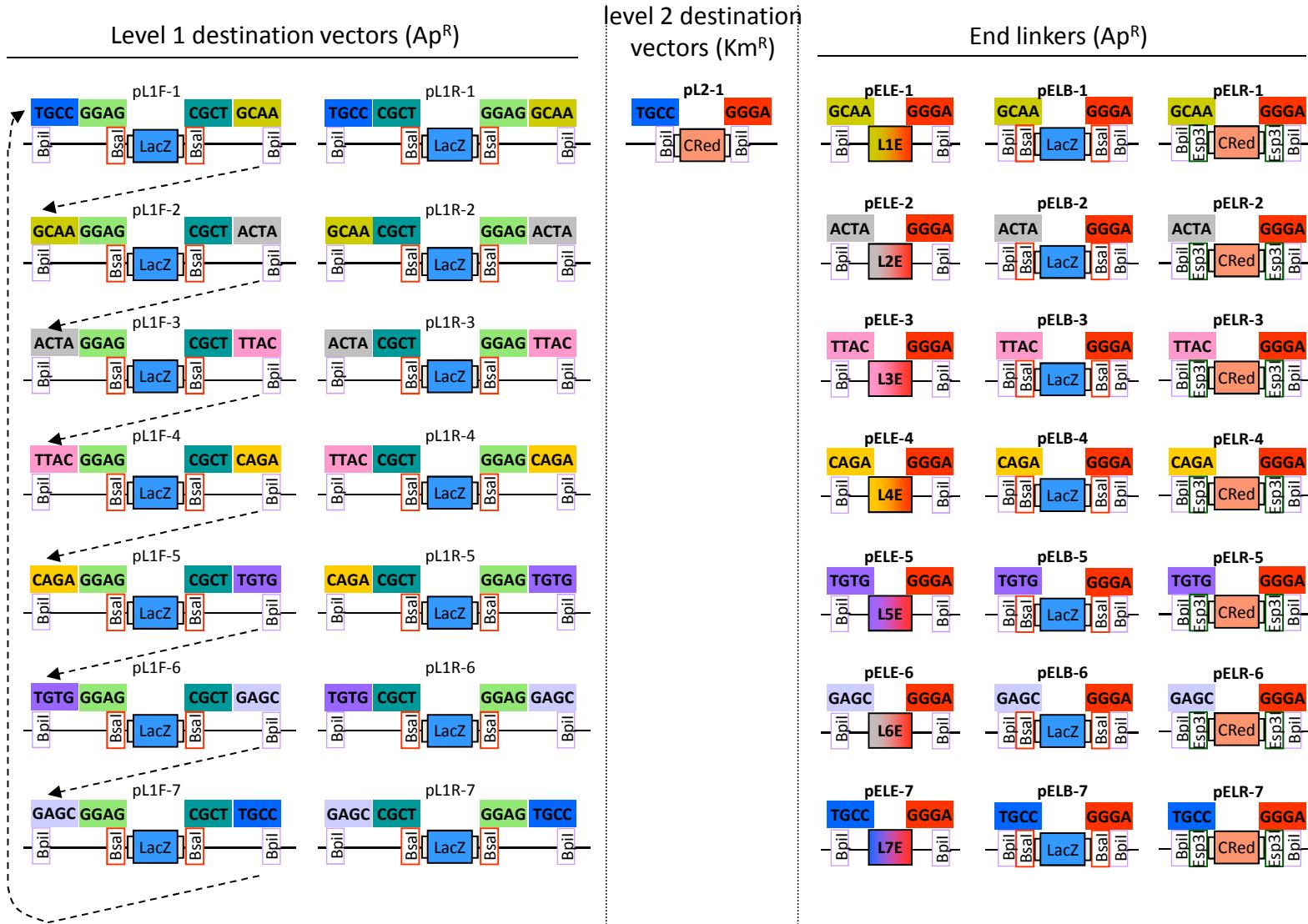
Module types



A modular cloning system (MoClo), modular and hierarchical

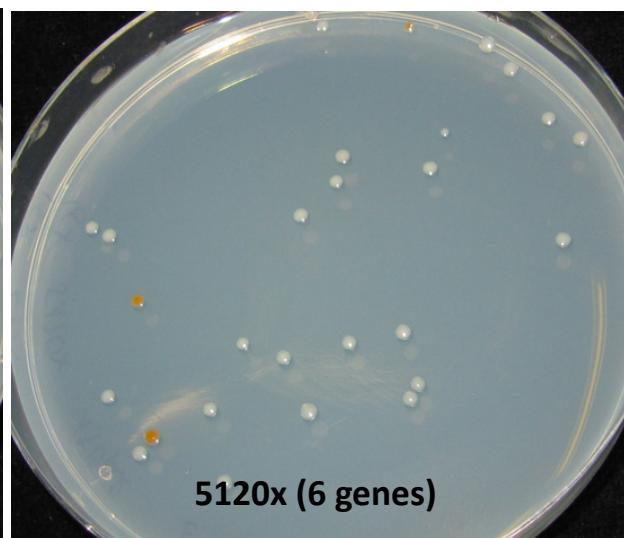
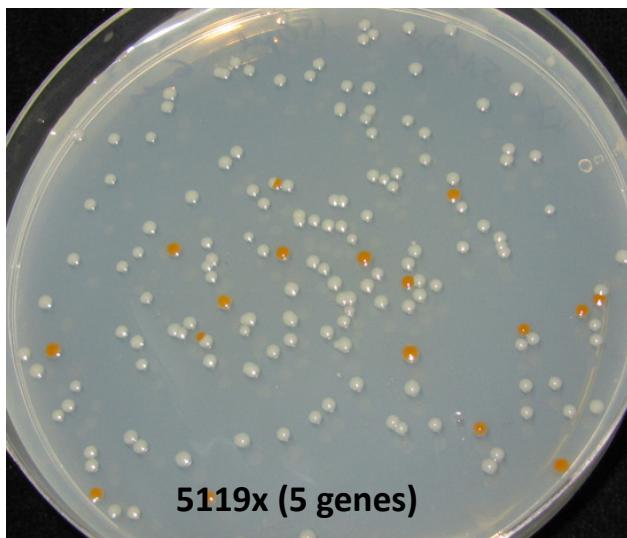
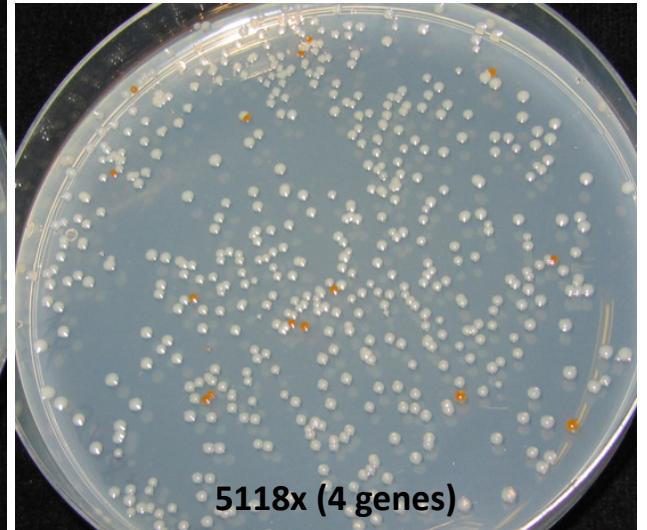
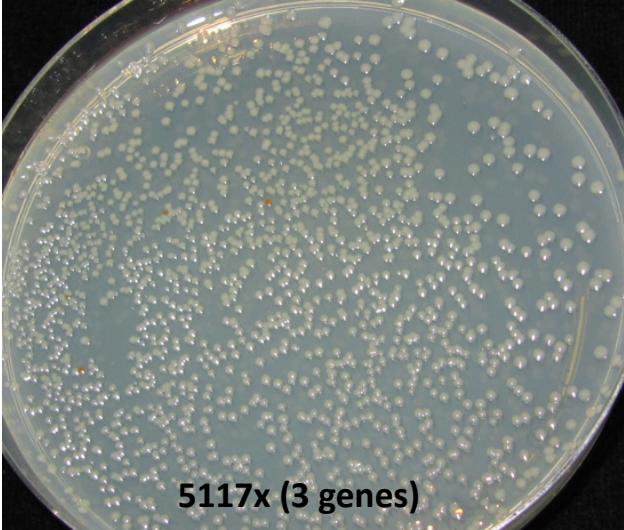
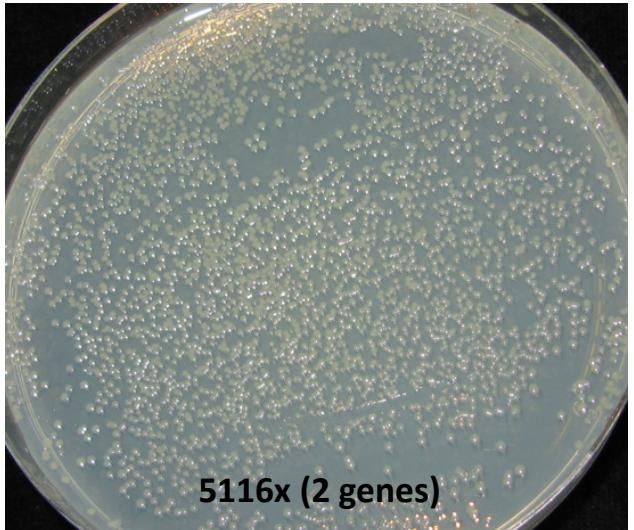


MoClo cloning vectors



Level 2-1 cloning of 2 to 6 genes

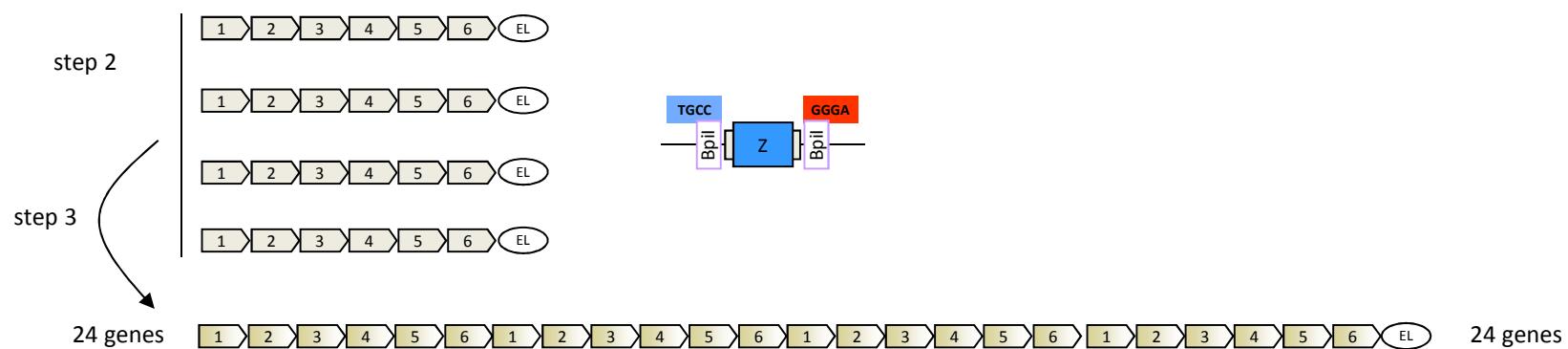
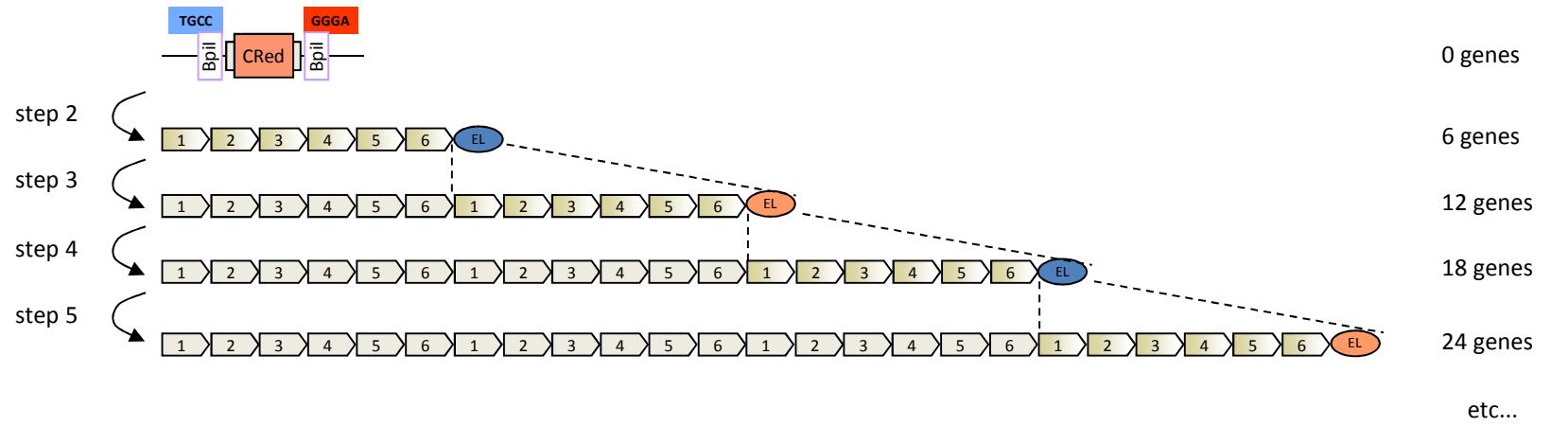
The majority of white colonies contain correct constructs



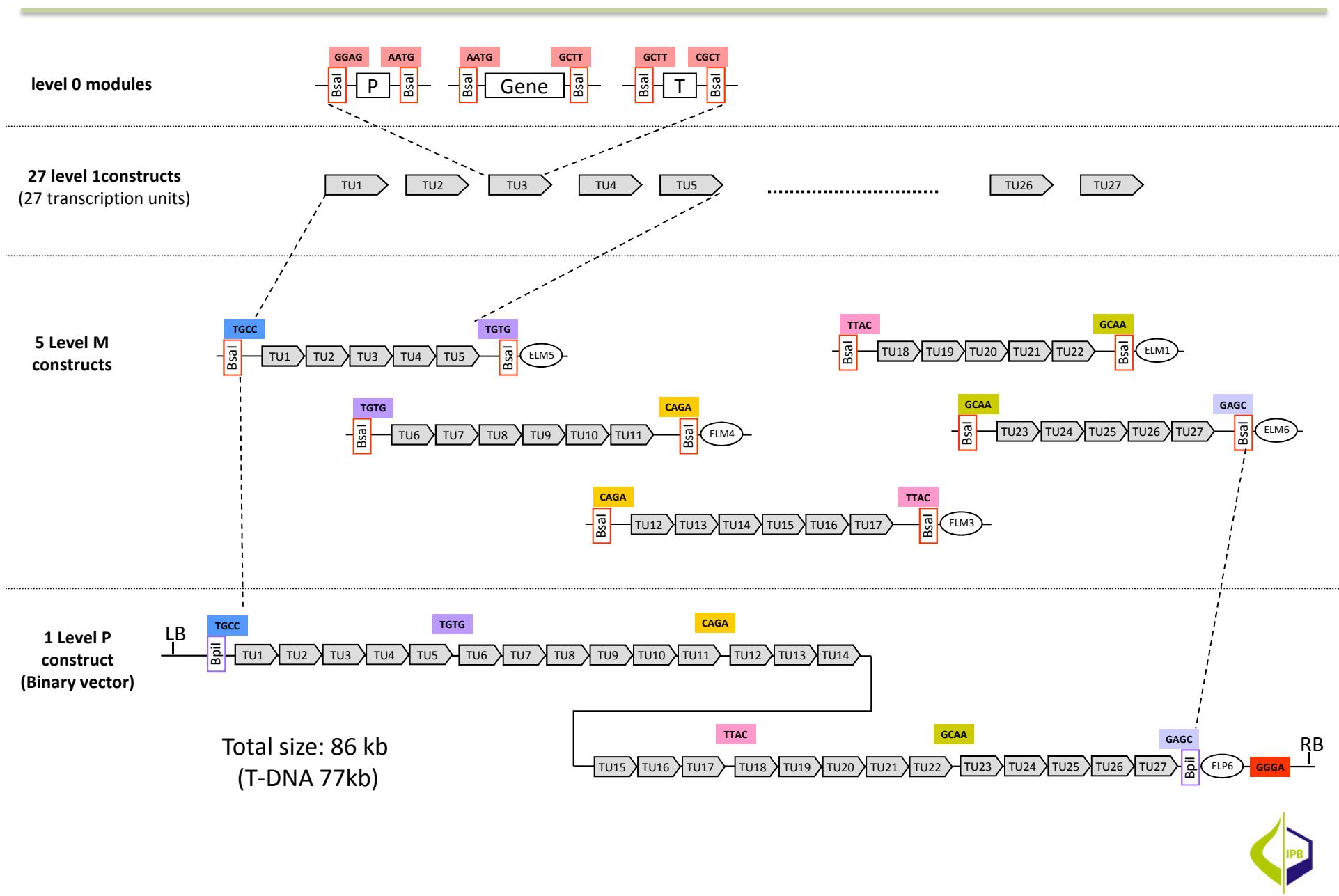
Cloning efficiency of multigene constructs

	cloning positions																	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4		Expected color-other	Miniprep correct	Plasmid size (kb)			
level 2-2 blue to white	T	G	C	C	G	A	A	T	T	A	C	A	T	2685-0	6/6	33.4		
	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	VP	7	VP	3	BAR	LC	HC	MP	CP	4e
	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	VP	7	VP	3	BAR	LC	HC	MP	CP	4e
	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	VP	7	VP	3	BAR	LC	HC	MP	CP	3e
	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	VP	7	VP	3	BAR	LC	HC	HC	2e	
	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	VP	7	VP	3	BAR	LC	2e			
	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	VP	7	VP	3	BAR	7e				
level 2i-1 red to blue	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	VP	7	VP	3	6e					
	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	VP	7	VP	3	Z 6e					
level 2-1 red to white	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	VP	7	VP	3	6e					
	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	VP	7	VP	3	5e					
	G	F	p	19	VP	2	VP	5	4e									
	G	F	p	19	VP	2	3e											
	G	F	p	19	2e													
level 1 blue to white	G	F	-											38 933 - 0	2/2	7.2		
			p	19										103 466 - 0	2/2	6.6		
				VP	2									32 800 - 0	2/2	8.5		
					VP	5								28 933 - 0	2/2	7.1		
						VP	7							65 733 - 0	2/2	7.2		
							VP	3						16 400 - 0	2/2	8.2		
								BAR						184 000 - 0	2/2	6.1		
									LC					26 933 - 200	2/2	5.7		
										HC				85 600 - 0	2/2	6.9		
											MP			140 000 - 166	2/2	6.4		
												CP		81 066 - 0	2/2	6.3		

Additive or multiplicative assembly of transcription units



A construct with 27 transcription units was made in 3 cloning steps

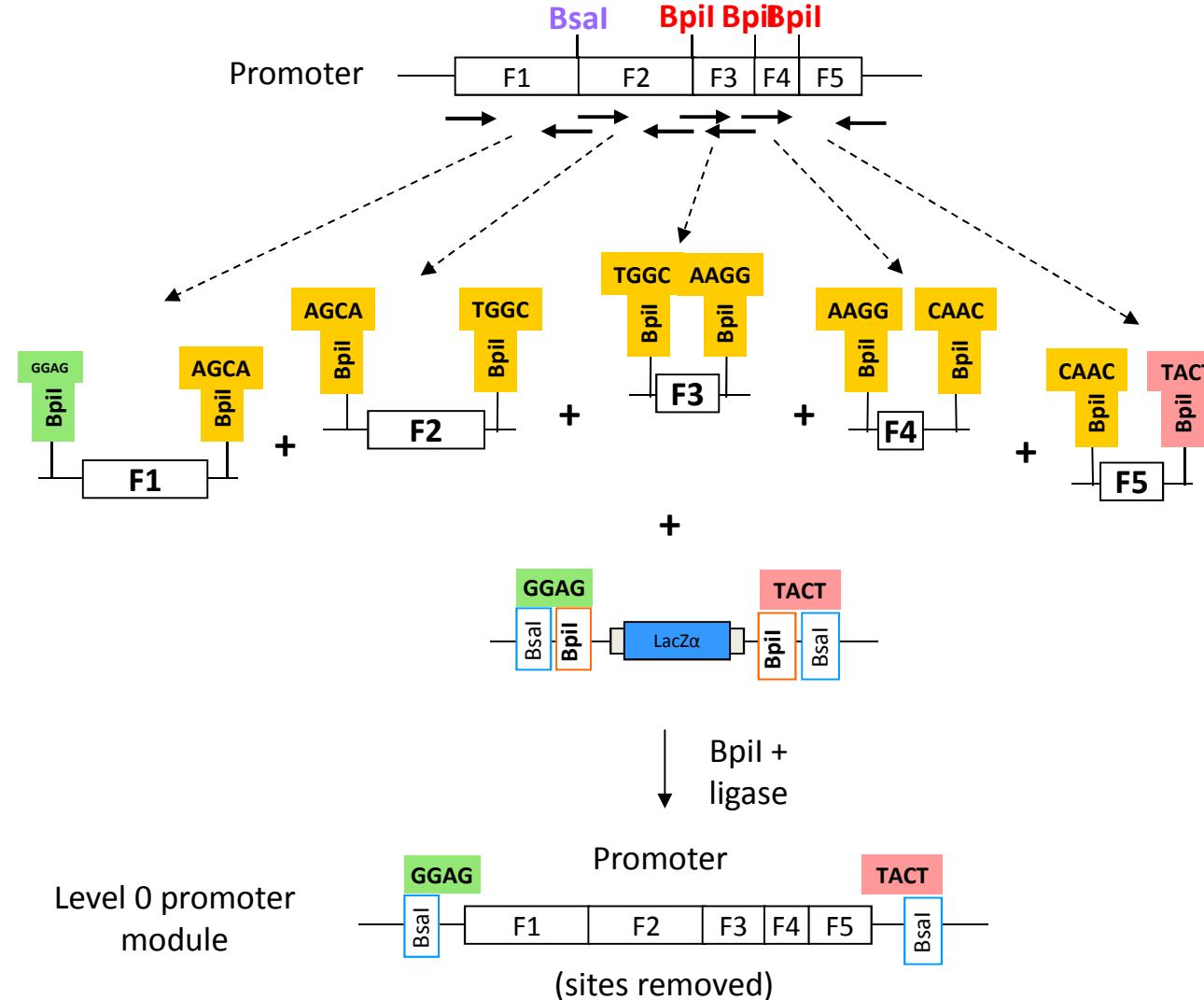


Building libraries of basic genetic elements

- Use of the MoClo system requires libraries of basic elements (promoters, UTRs, terminators, etc...)
- Each module needs to be made lacking restriction sites for the type IIS enzymes used.
- Each basic module needs to be evaluated, for example promoter strength

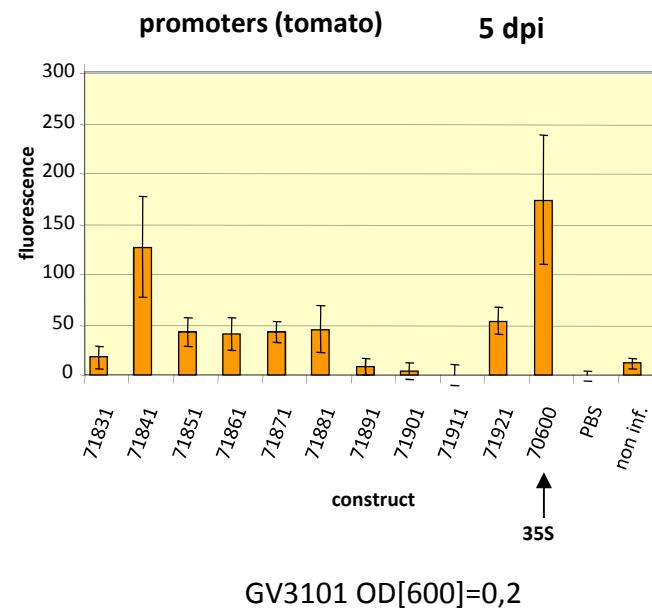
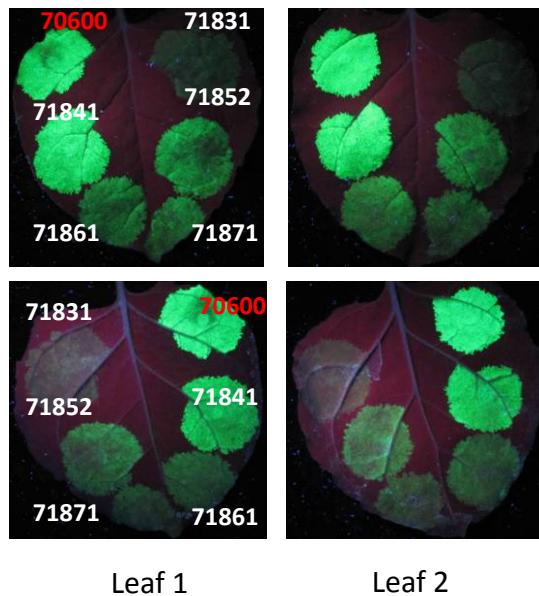


Cloning of level 0 modules, removal of Bsal and Bpil in promoter



Evaluation of level 0 modules

Transient expression in *Nicotiana benthamiana* leaves



Acknowledgements



Icon Genetics

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