



Near-surface ion distribution and buffer effects during electrochemical reactions

MIR@W day: Modelling and simulation
of electrochemical flows in Lithium-ion
batteries

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MIR@W day
Zeeman Building, University of Warwick
Coventry CV4 7AL, United Kingdom
30th November, 2015



The Beauty of Thermochemical Simulations

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The Steels Processing Group



Prof. S. Seetharaman
Physical Metallurgy



C. Davis
Mechanics



B. Shollock
Coatings



R. Dashwood
Director



P. Srirangam
in-situ

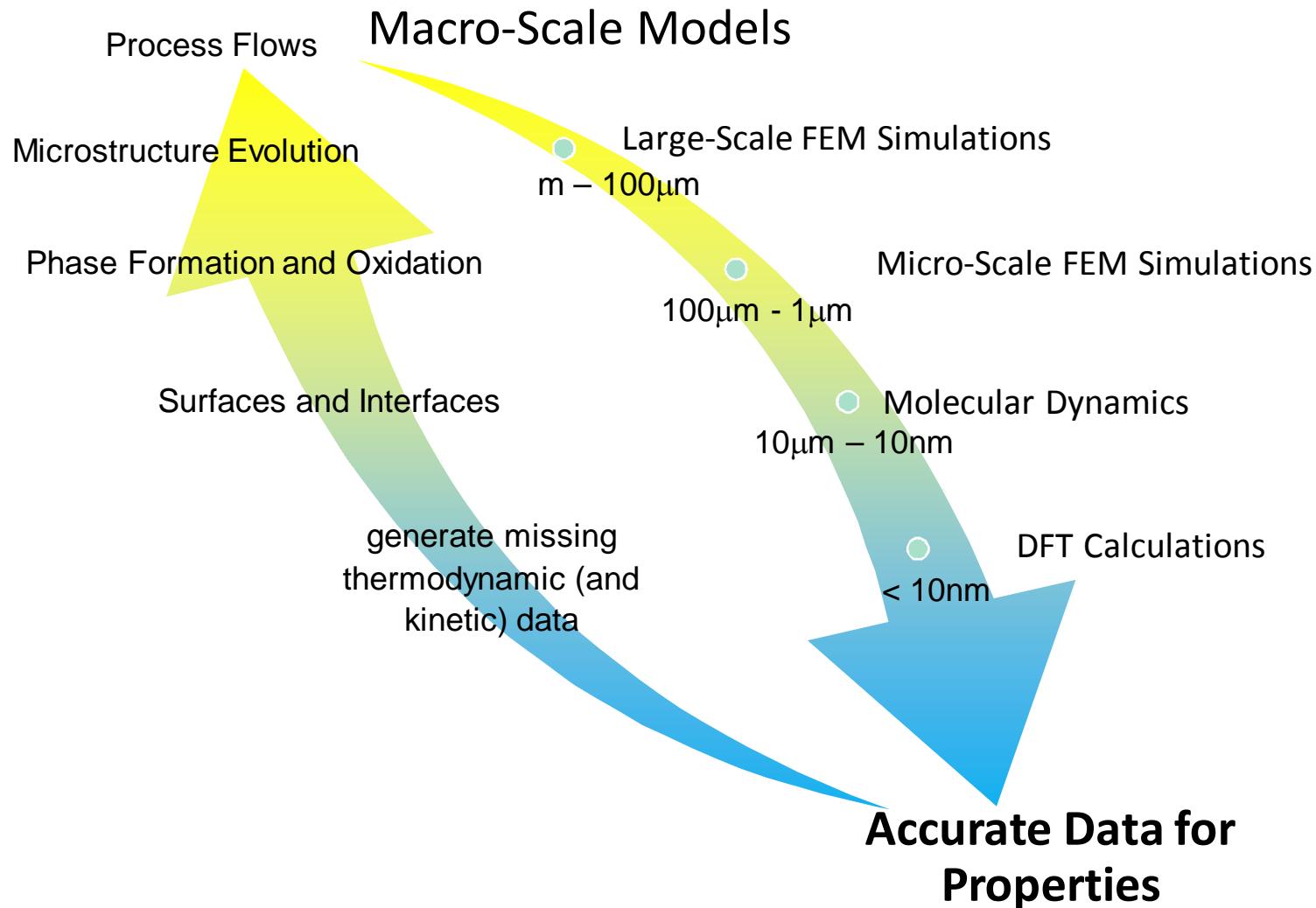


R. Bhagat
EChem.



M. Auinger
Modelling

The Hierarchy of Modelling



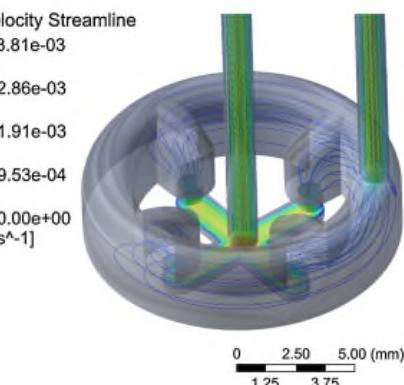
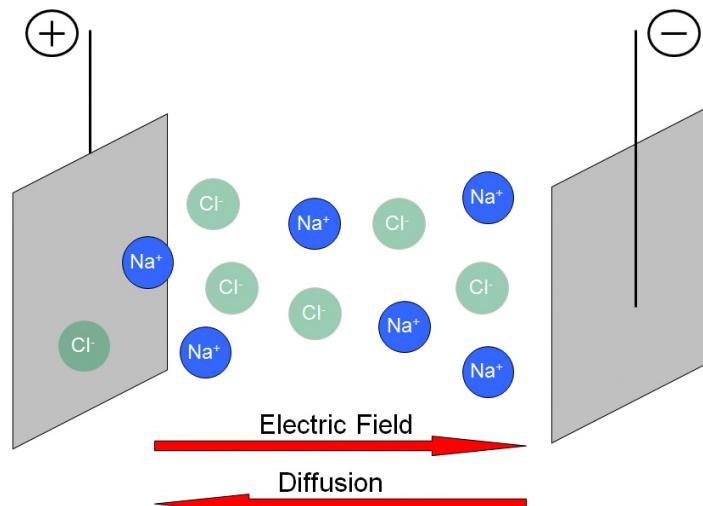
Theoretical Model and Discussion

$$\left\{ \frac{\partial c_i}{\partial t} = \operatorname{div} \left(D_i \nabla c_i + \frac{D_i z_i e_0}{k_B T} c_i \nabla \varphi + c_i v_i \right) \right\} \quad (i = A, B, C, D)$$

ion diffusion

migration in an electric field

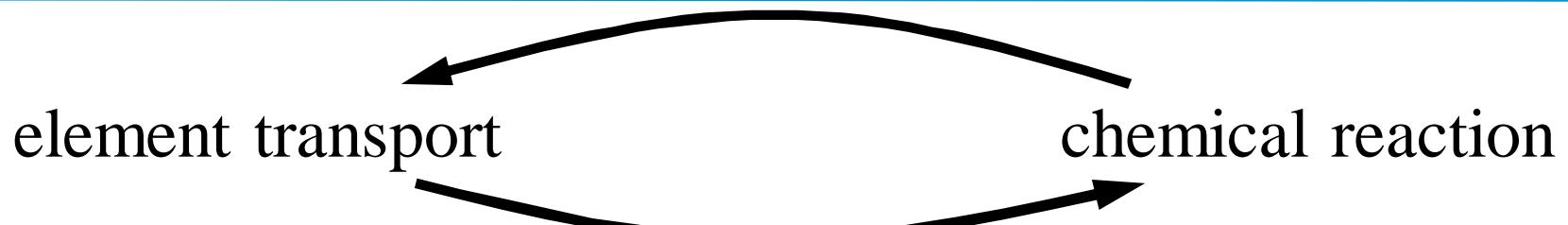
$$K = \frac{c_C c_D}{c_A c_B}$$



convection

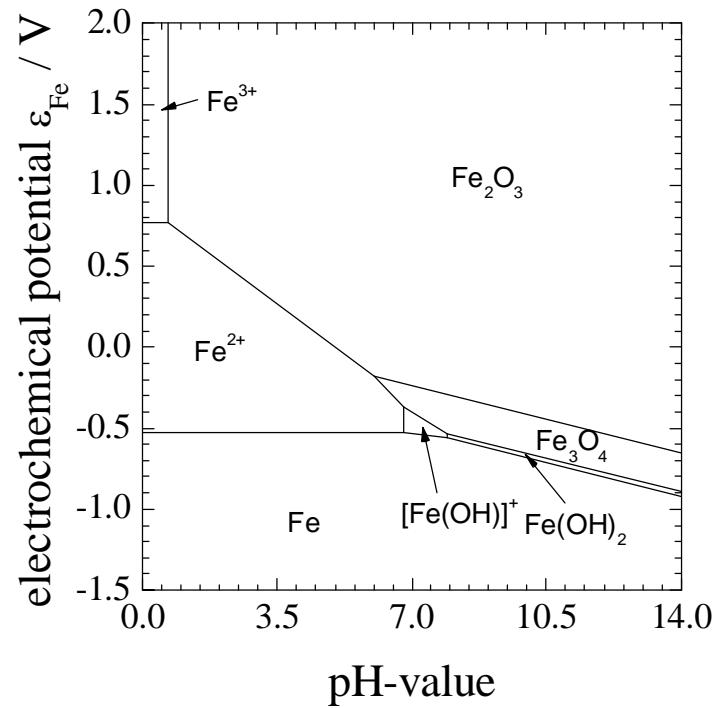
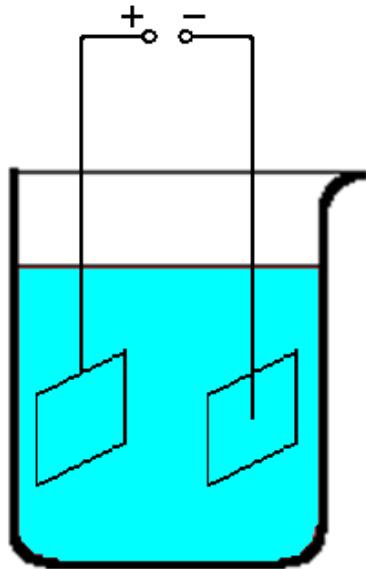
P. Skladal, *Analytica Chimica Acta*
727 (2012) 41– 46.

Programme Algorithm

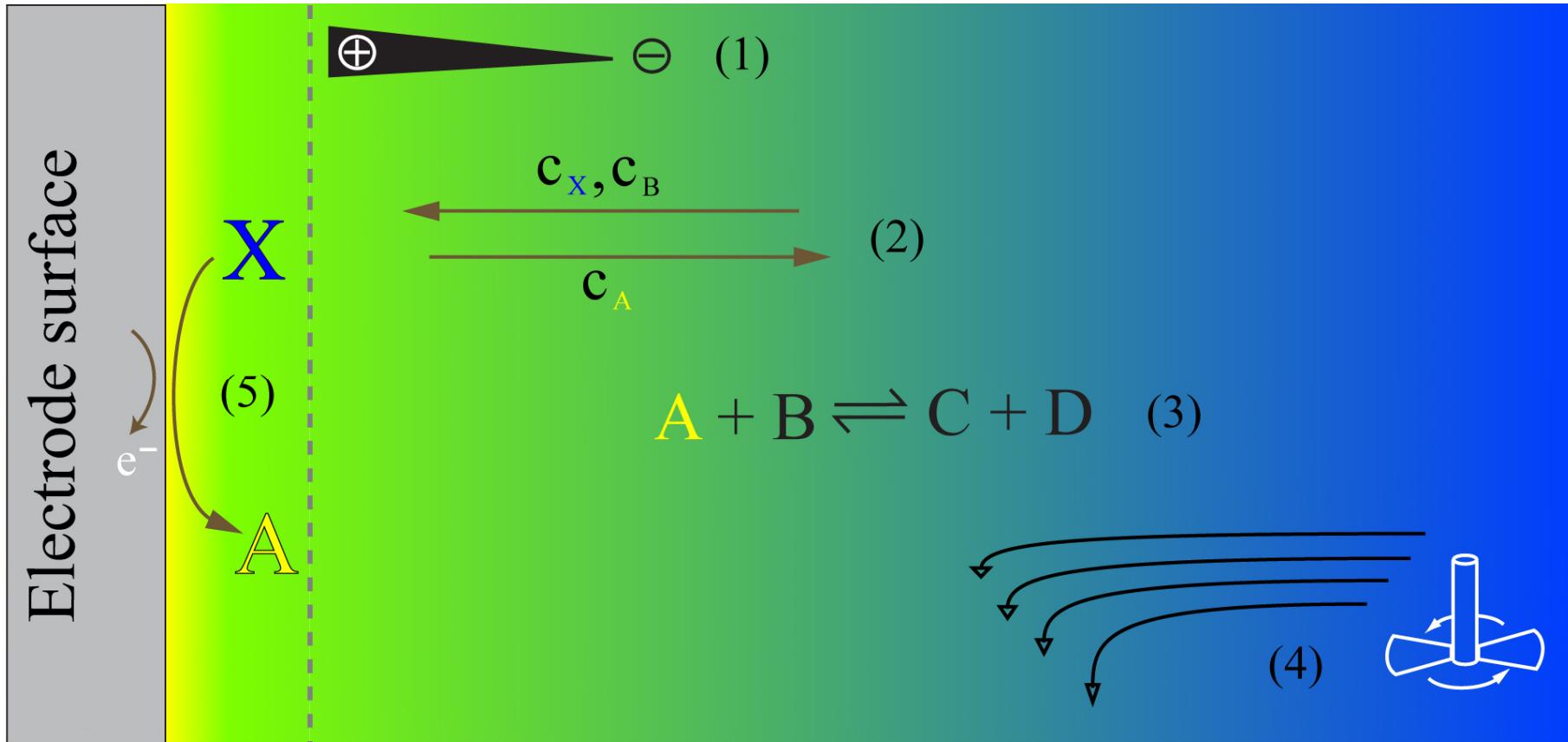


$$\frac{dc_{i(x,t)}}{dt} = \operatorname{div}\left(D_{i(x,T)} \cdot \nabla c_{i(x,t)} + z_i \cdot \mu_{i(x,T)} \cdot c_{i(x,t)} \cdot \nabla \phi_{(x,t)}\right)$$

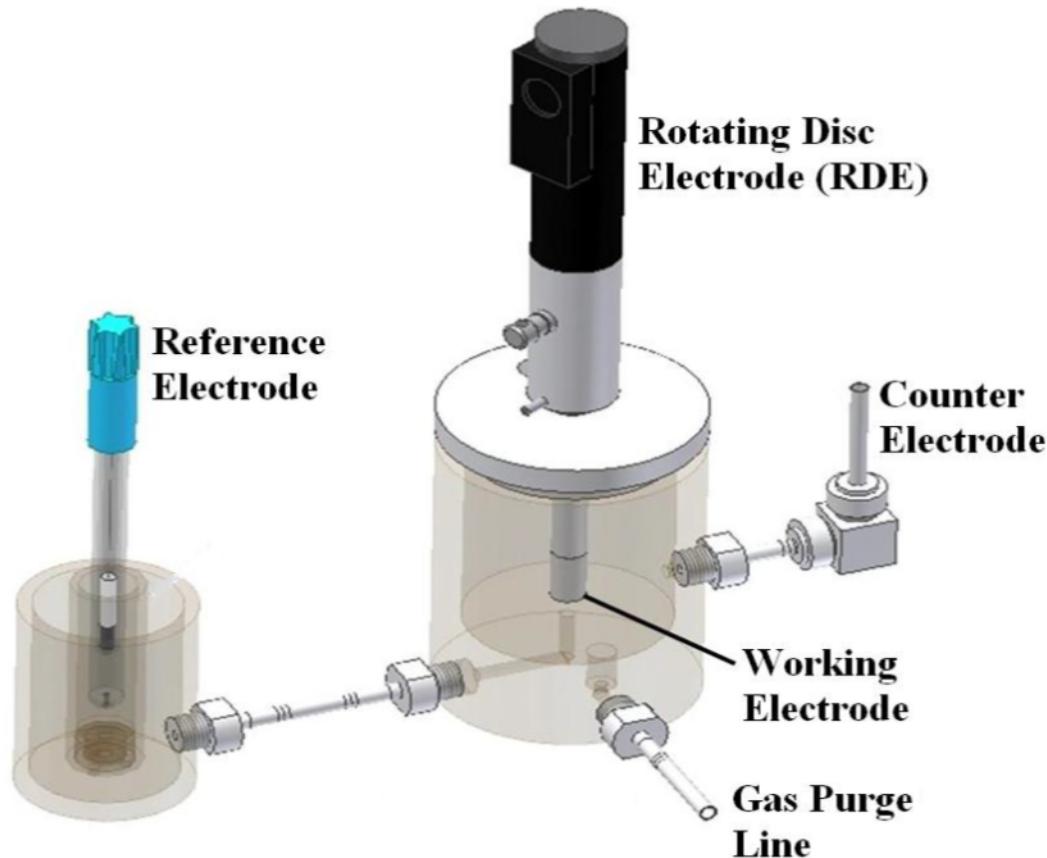
 CHEMAPP



Electrochemistry & surface pH-values



Experimental RDE-Setup



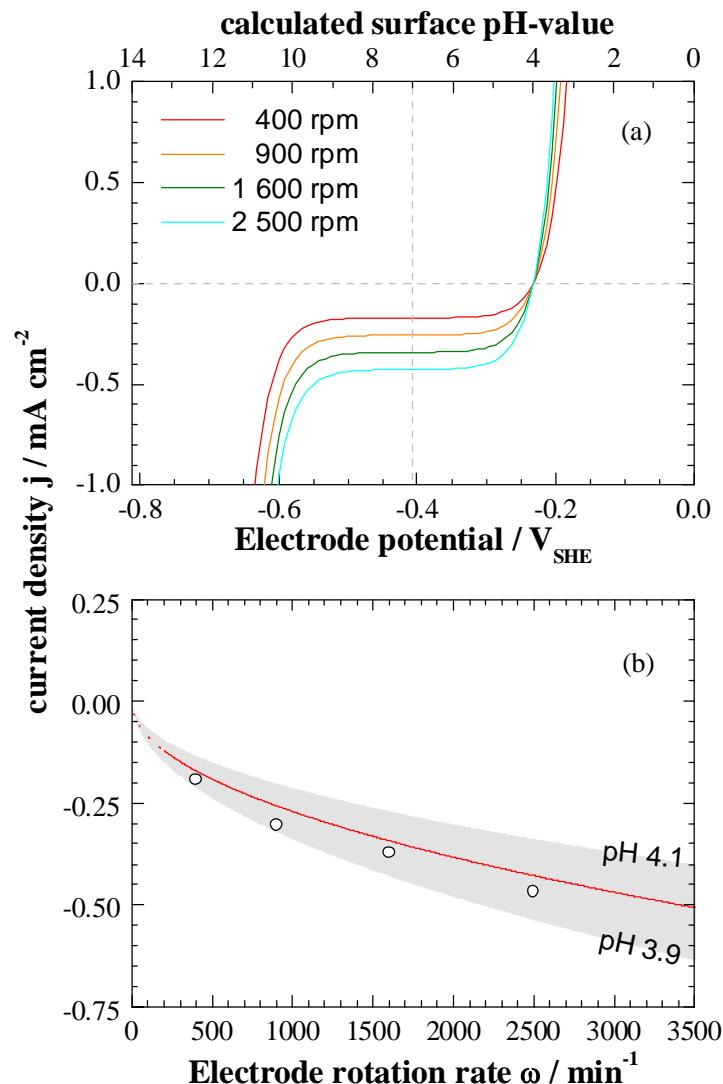
Working electrode:
polycrystalline Pt disc
(0.196 cm^2), embedded in Teflon

Counter electrode:
graphite rod

Reference electrode:
saturated Ag/AgCl

50ml Teflon 3-compartment cell
Uncompensated resistance $< 2\Omega$
parameters controlled via
LabVIEW

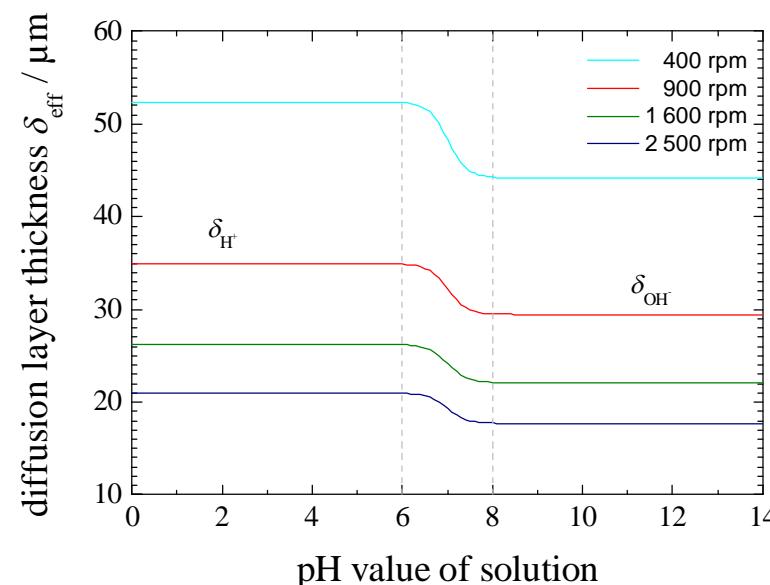
Parameters and Diffusion Layer



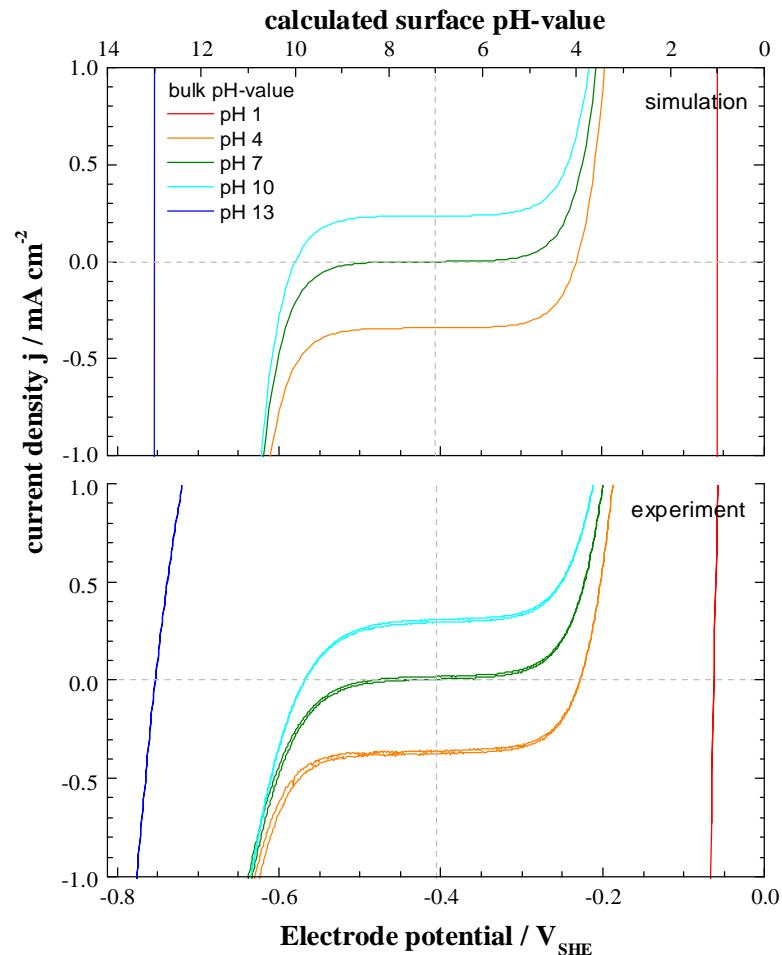
Levich Equation:

$$\delta_i = 1.6126 D_i^{\frac{1}{3}} v^{\frac{1}{6}} \omega^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\delta_{\text{eff}} = \frac{c_{\text{H}^+} \delta_{\text{H}^+} + c_{\text{OH}^-} \delta_{\text{OH}^-}}{c_{\text{H}^+} + c_{\text{OH}^-}}$$

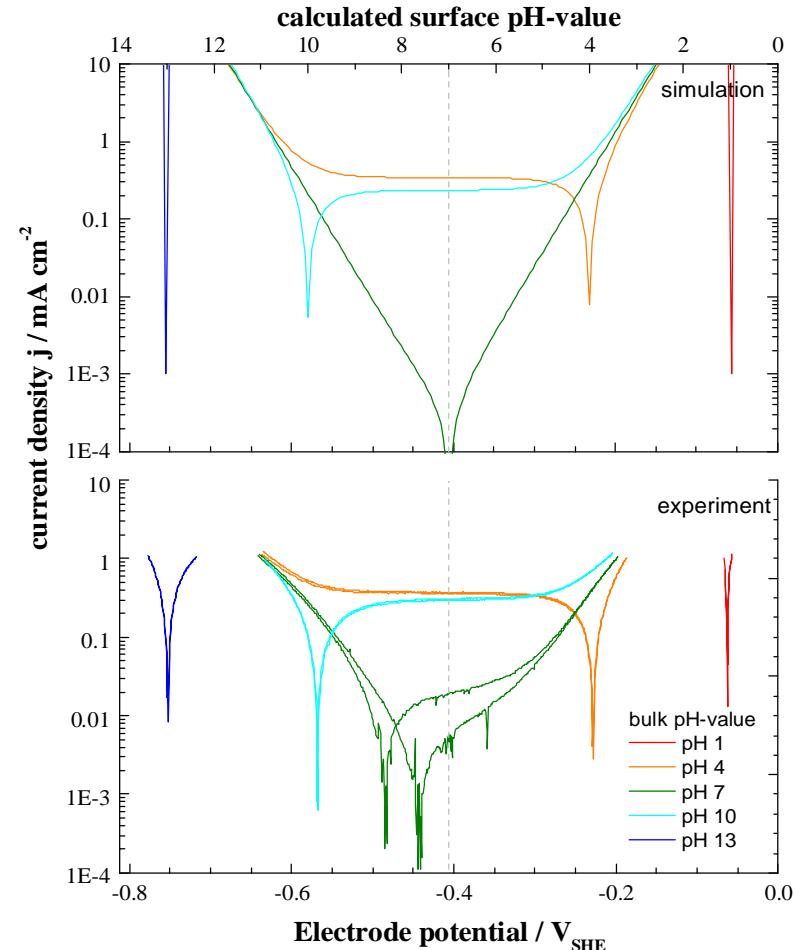


Unbuffered Aqueous Solution



unbuffered solution:

$$j_{\text{H}^+/\text{OH}^-} = \frac{F}{\delta_{\text{eff}}} \left[D_{\text{H}^+} \left(c_{\text{H}}^{\text{surface}} - c_{\text{H}}^{\text{solution}} \right) - D_{\text{OH}^-} K_w \left(\frac{1}{c_{\text{H}}^{\text{surface}}} - \frac{1}{c_{\text{H}}^{\text{solution}}} \right) \right]$$



Local Corrosion Effects

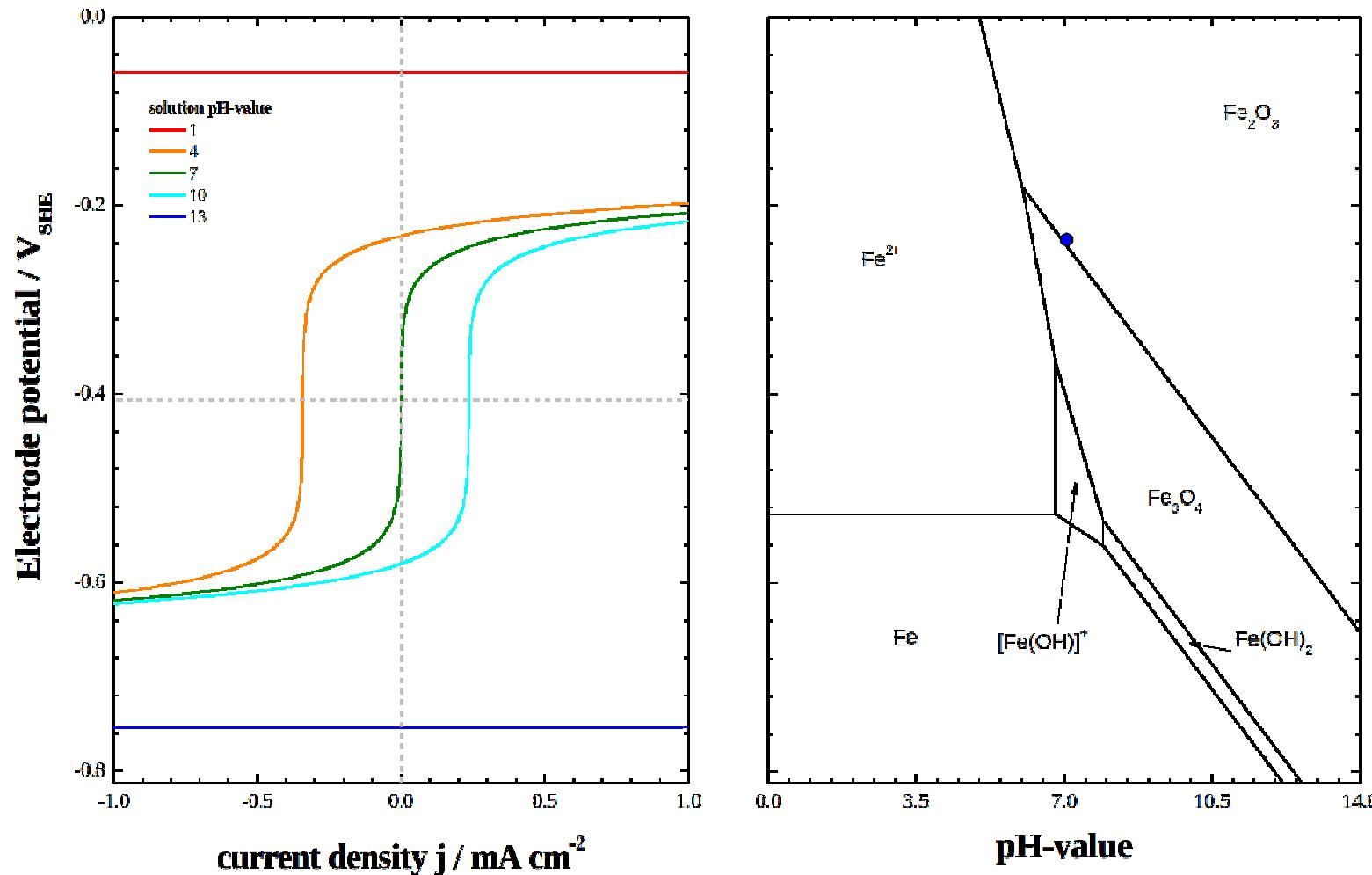


Figure: Cyclic voltammograms in unbuffered solutions of different pH-value.

Local Corrosion Effects

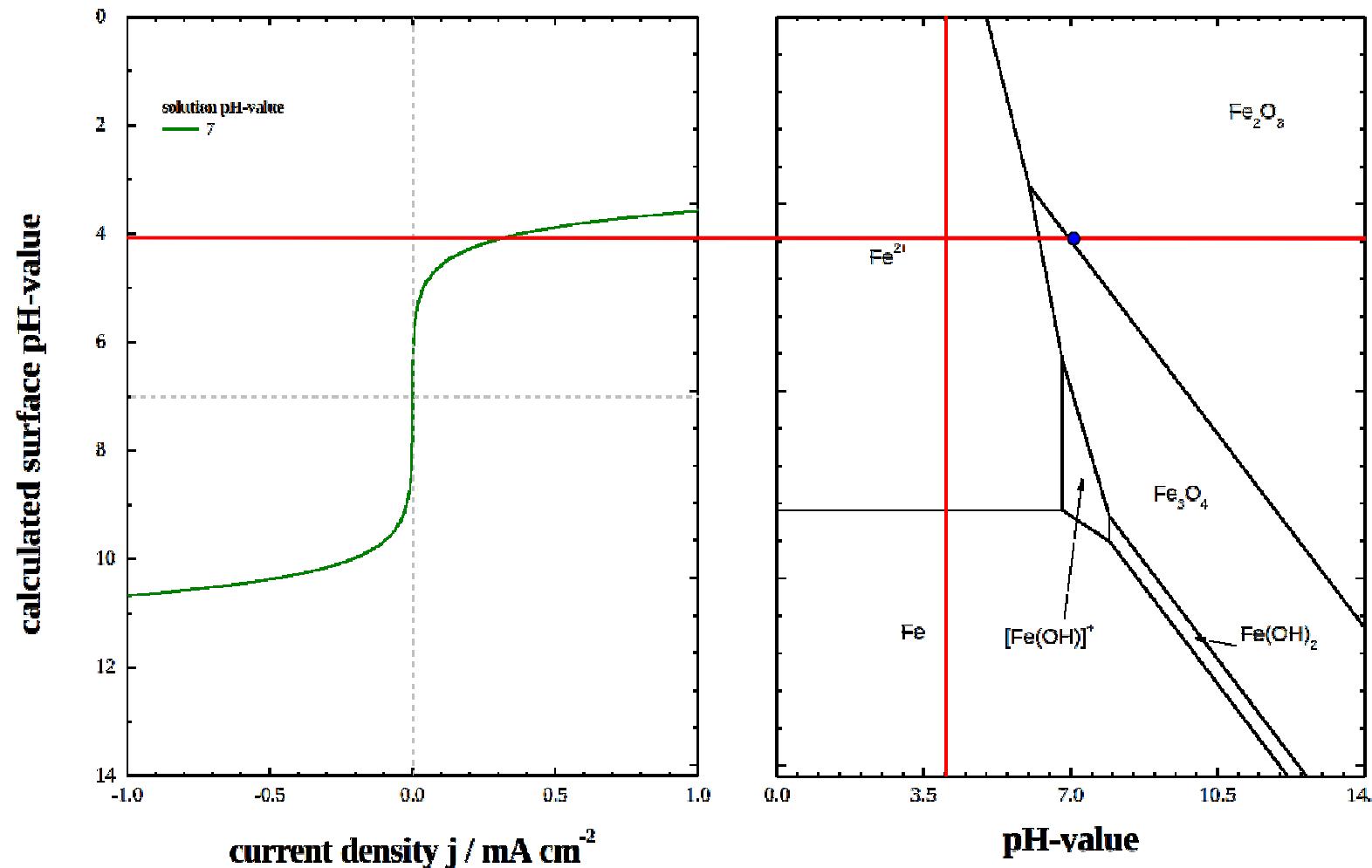


Figure: Cyclic voltammograms in unbuffered solution of pH 7.

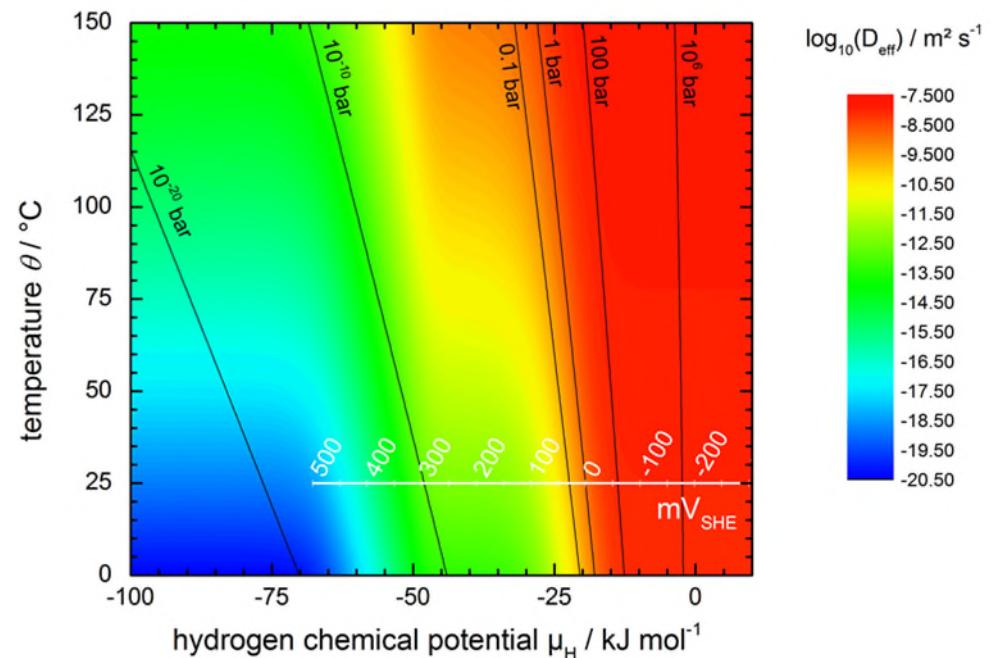
Electrochemistry & Pickling

Nernst Equation $E = E^o + \frac{RT}{zF} \ln \left(\frac{a_{Ox}}{a_{Red}} \right)$

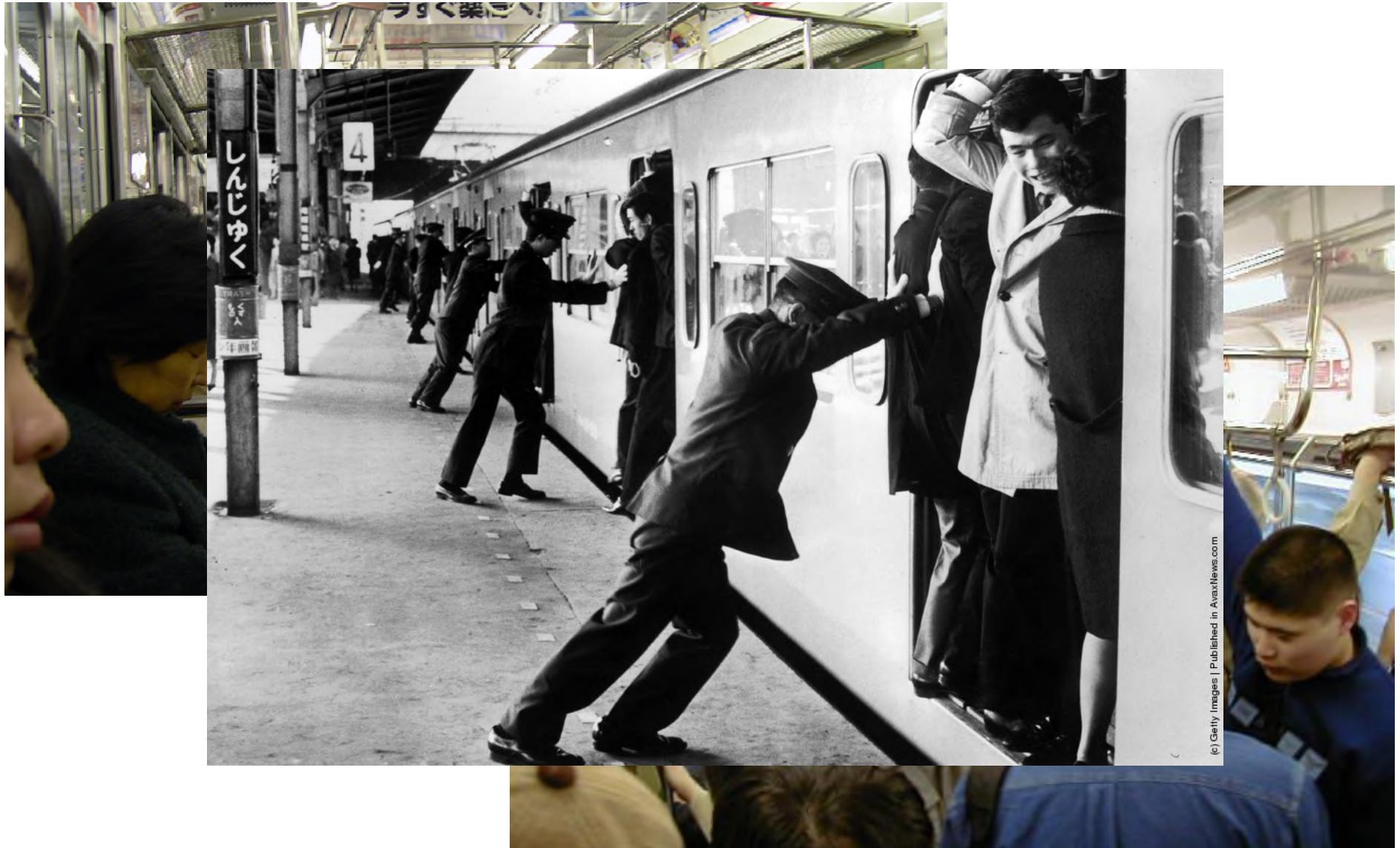
$$E = -58mV pH - (29mV \log(p(H_2)))$$

An applied voltage of -58 mV
(vs SHE) corresponds to:

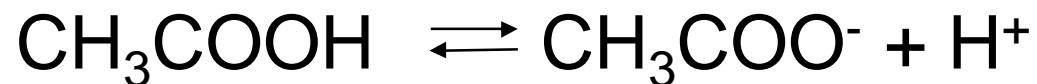
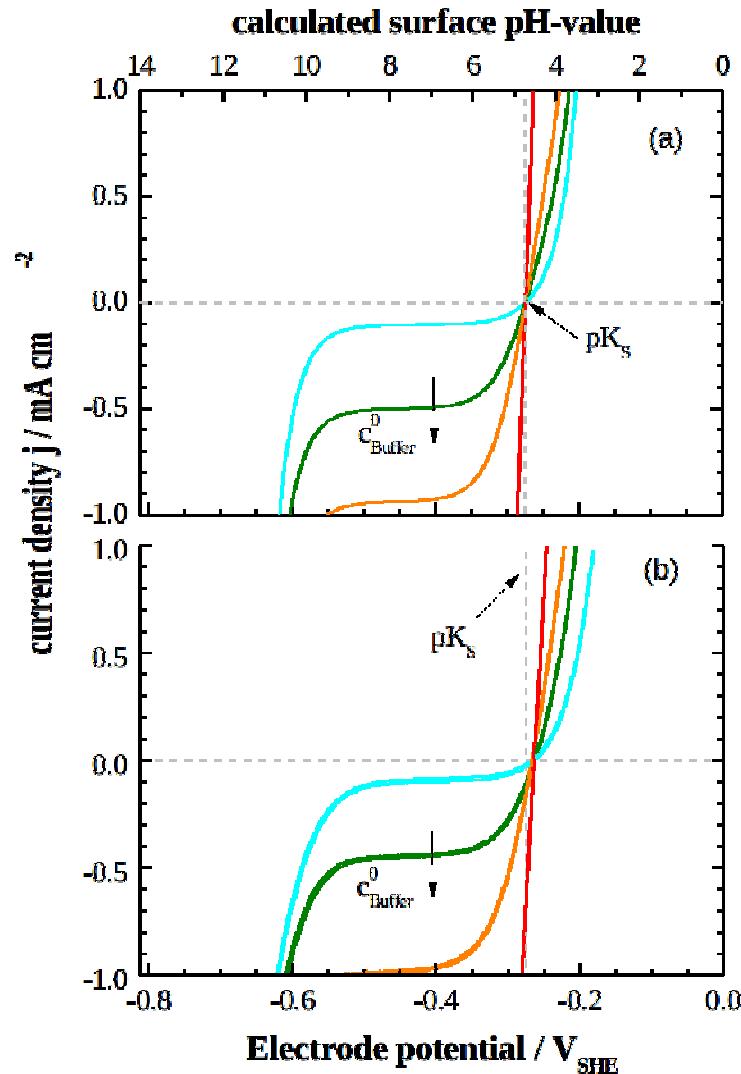
- pH = 7 and 10^{-12} bar H₂
- pH = 5 and 10^{-8} bar H₂
- pH = 1 and 1 bar H₂
- pH = 0 and 100 bar H₂



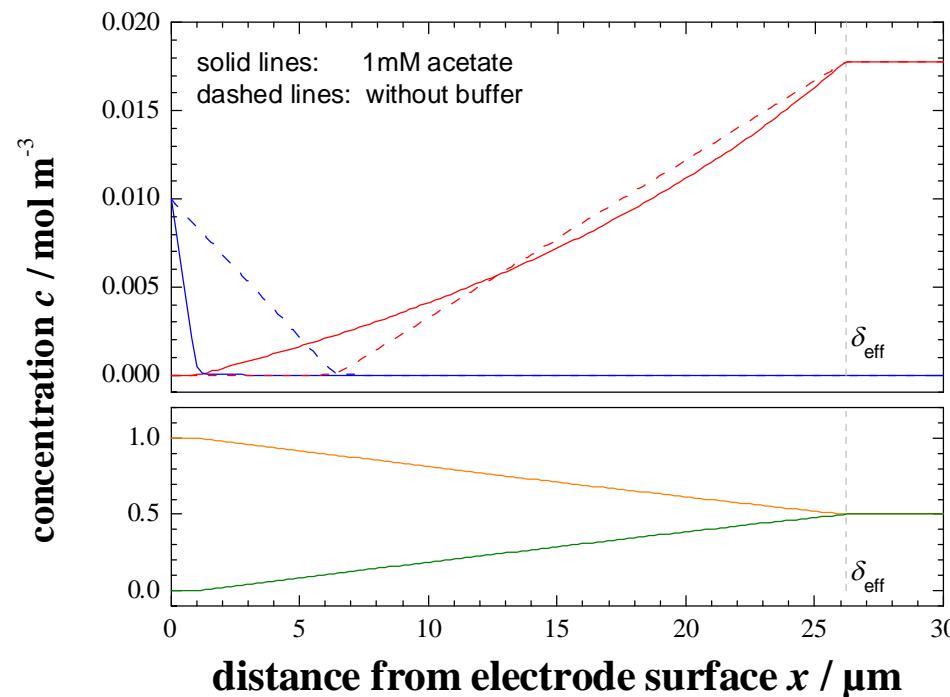
“Solubility” at extreme Conditions



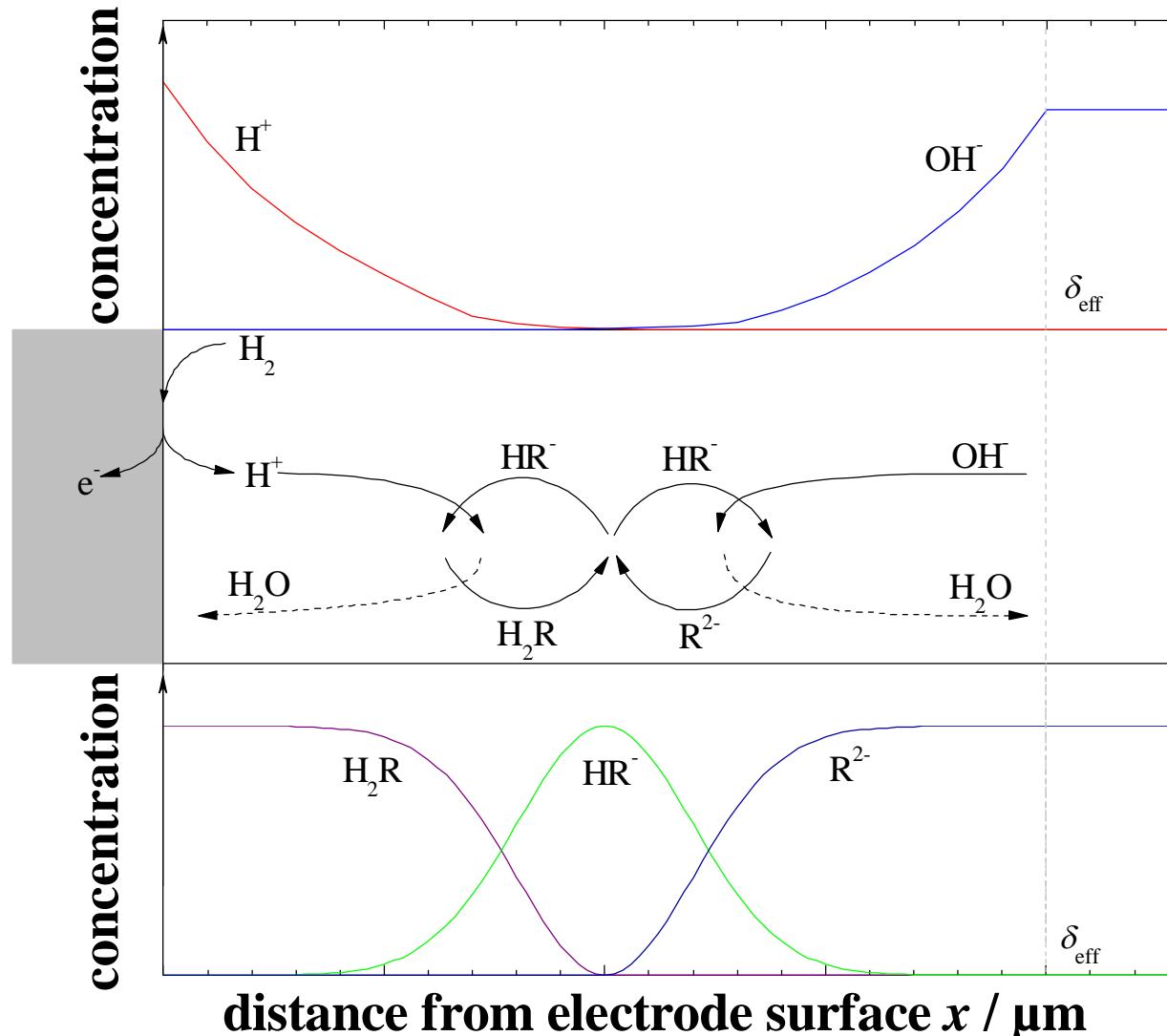
Acetate Buffered Solution



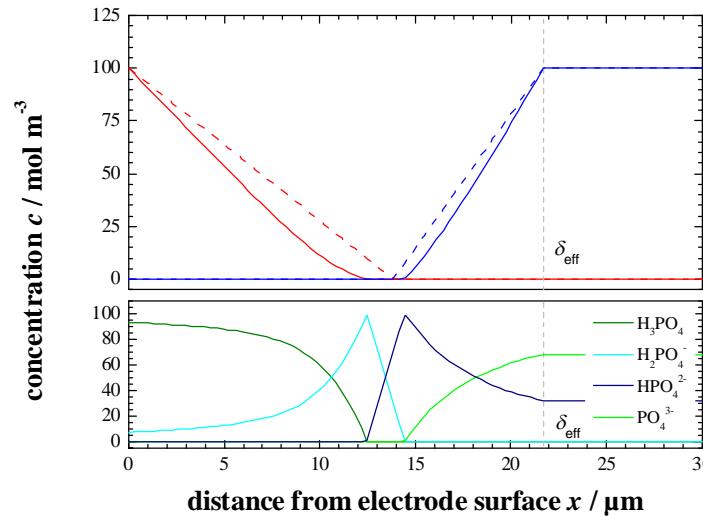
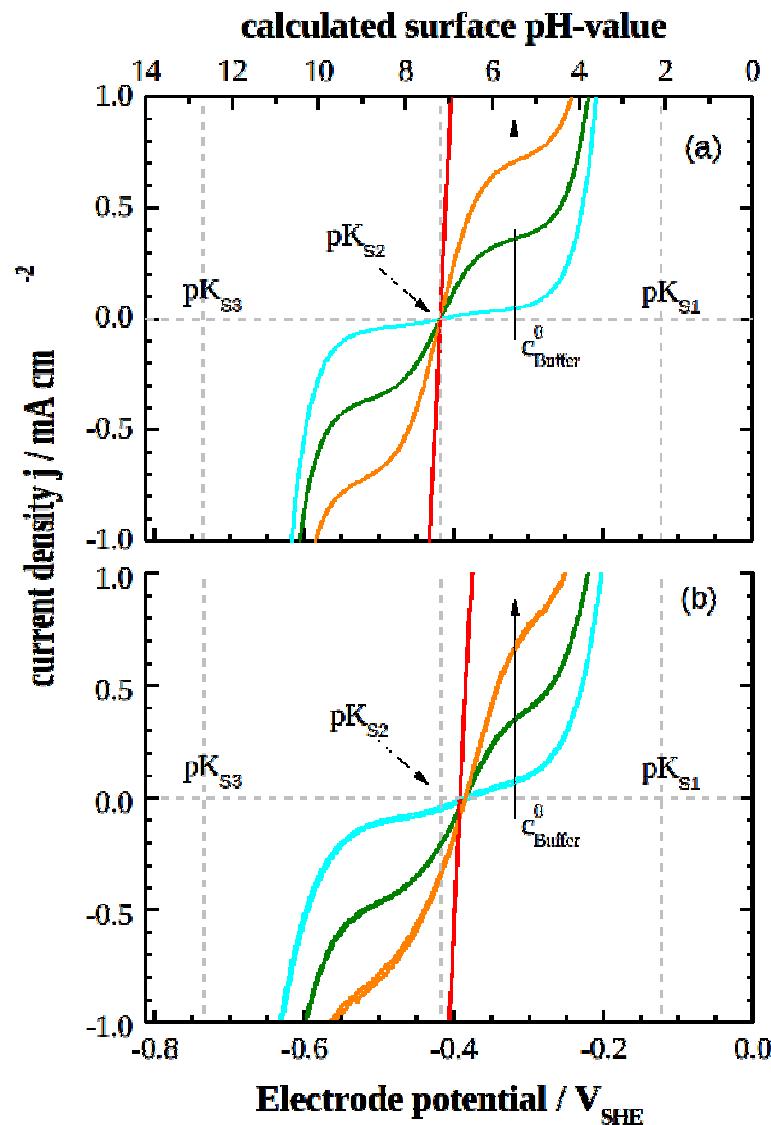
$$j = j_{\text{H}^+/\text{OH}^-} + \frac{c_{\text{Buffer}}^0 F}{\delta_{\text{eff}}} \left[\frac{D_{\text{HAc}} c_{\text{H}}^{\text{surface}} - D_{\text{Ac}^-} K_s}{K_s + c_{\text{H}}^{\text{surface}}} - \frac{D_{\text{HAc}} c_{\text{H}}^{\text{solution}} - D_{\text{Ac}^-} K_s}{K_s + c_{\text{H}}^{\text{solution}}} \right]$$



General Transport Scheme



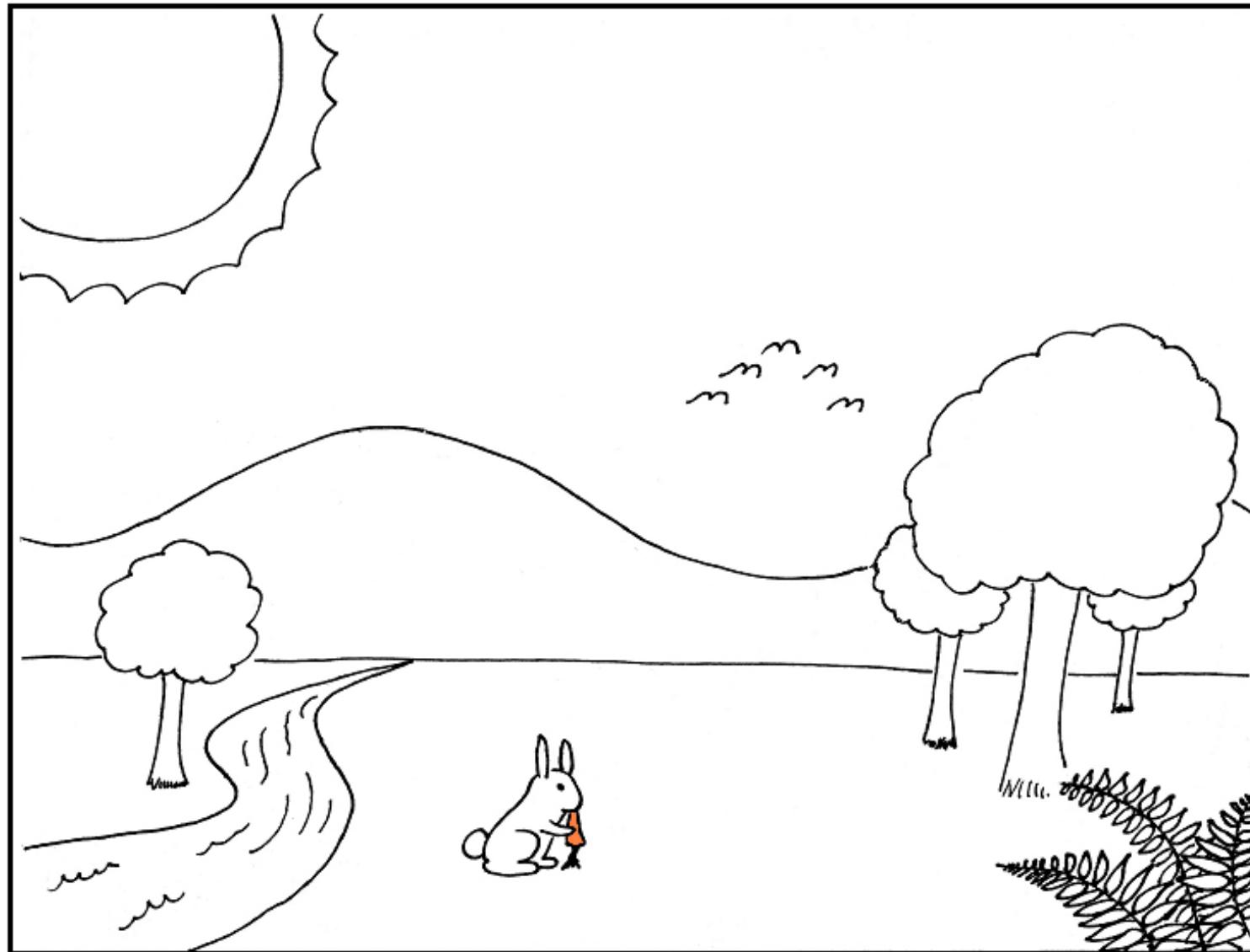
Phosphate Buffered Solution



$$j = j_{\text{H}^+/\text{OH}^-} + j_{\text{Buffer}}$$

$$j_{\text{Buffer}} = \frac{c^0_{\text{Buffer}} F}{\delta_{\text{eff}}} \left(\frac{3D_1 + D_2 \frac{K_{s1}}{c_{(x), \text{H}^+}} - D_3 \frac{K_{s1} K_{s2}}{c_{(x), \text{H}^+}^2} - 3D_4 \frac{K_{s1} K_{s2} K_{s3}}{c_{(x), \text{H}^+}^3}}{1 + \frac{K_{s1}}{c_{(x), \text{H}^+}} + \frac{K_{s1} K_{s2}}{c_{(x), \text{H}^+}^2} + \frac{K_{s1} K_{s2} K_{s3}}{c_{(x), \text{H}^+}^3}} \right) \Big|_{x=0}^{x=\delta_{\text{eff}}}$$

The Use of Mathematics



The Use of Mathematics

$$^{1H} + ^1H \rightarrow ^2H + ^2e^+$$

$$^{2H} + ^1H \rightarrow ^2He + ^1H$$

$$^2He + ^3He \rightarrow ^4He + ^2H$$

$$\nabla \cdot E = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \rho$$

$$\nabla \cdot B = 0$$

$$\nabla \times E + \frac{\partial B}{\partial t} = 0$$

$$F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} R g_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi G T_{\mu\nu} - \mu c^2 \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial B}{\partial t}$$

$$P + \frac{1}{2} \rho v^2 + \rho gh = C$$

$$nCO_2 + nH_2O \xrightarrow{hv} (CH_2O)_n + nO_2$$

$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^N (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$

$$\left[\frac{-\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 + V \right] \psi = i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mu_i + \sum_{j=1}^n u_j$$

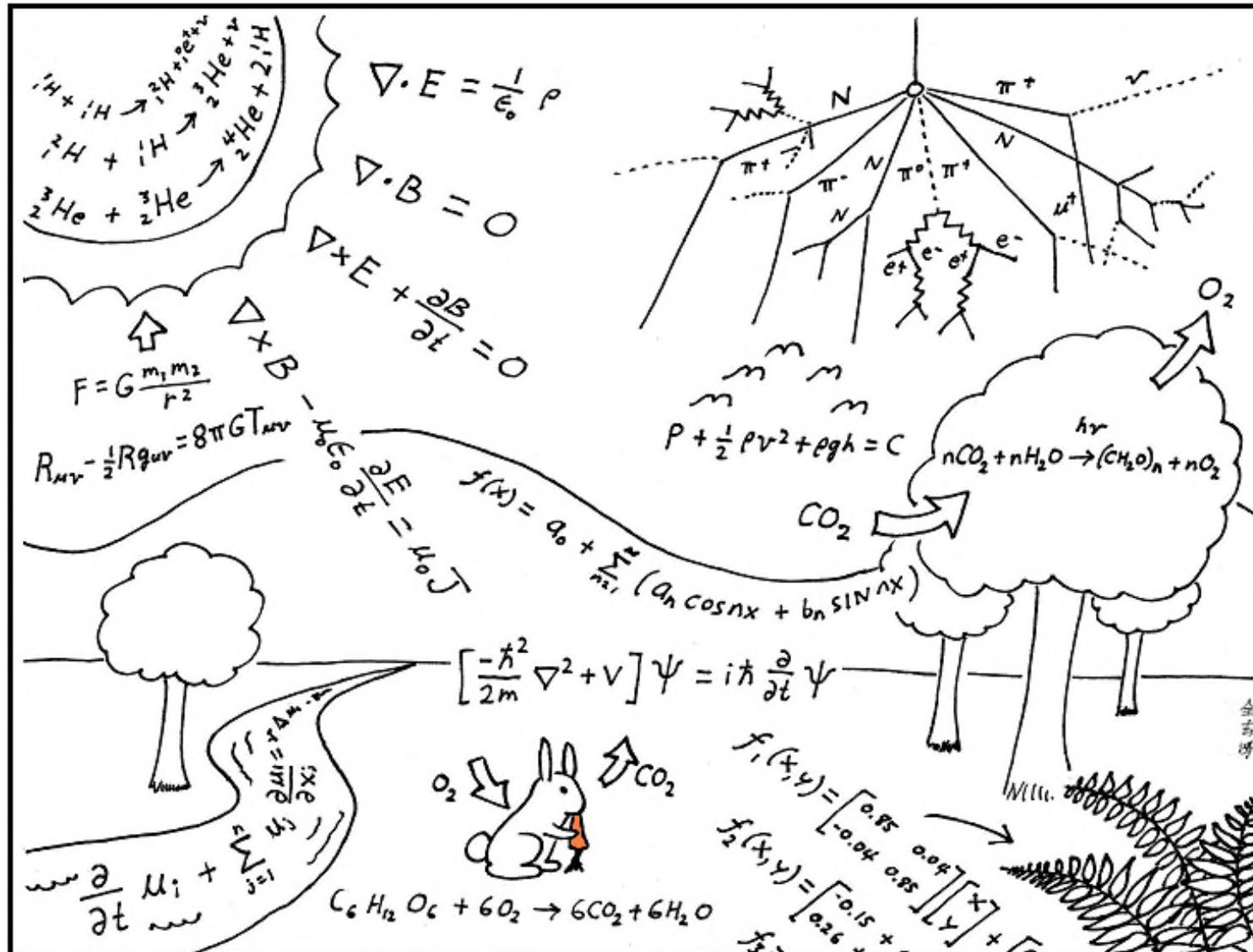
$$\frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j}$$

$$C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 \rightarrow 6CO_2 + 6H_2O$$

$$f_{ij}(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.95 & 0.04 & 0.04 \\ 0.04 & 0.95 & 0.04 \\ 0.04 & 0.04 & 0.95 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f_{ij}(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.15 & 0.25 & 0.25 \\ 0.25 & 0.15 & 0.25 \\ 0.25 & 0.25 & 0.15 \end{bmatrix}$$

The Use of Mathematics

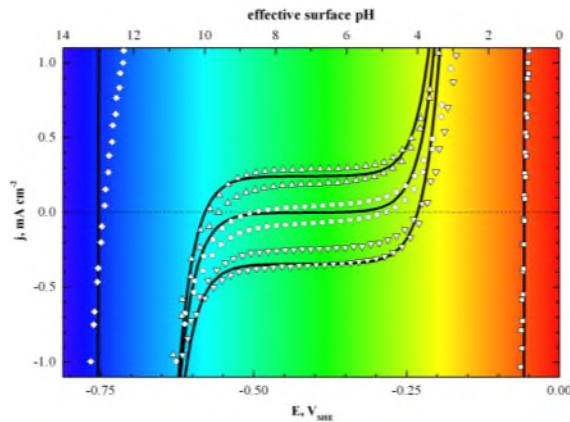
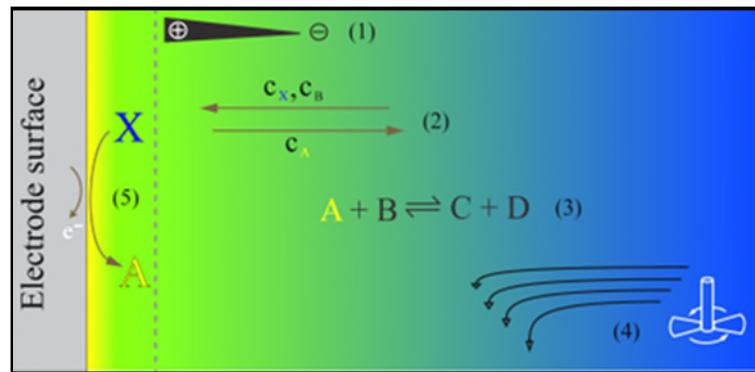


Summary

Near-surface ion distribution and buffer effects during electrochemical reaction

M. Auinger, I. Katsounaros, J.C. Meier, S.O. Klemm,
P.U. Biedermann, A.A. Topalov, M. Rowherder,
K.J.J. Mayrhofer

PCCP 13 (2011) 16384-16394.



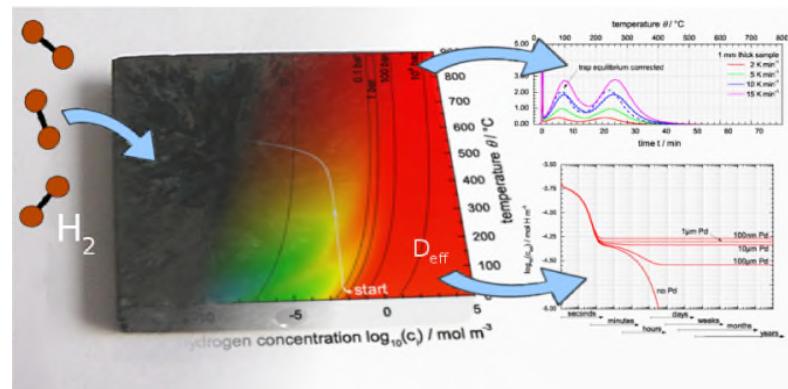
The effective surface pH during reactions at the solid-liquid interface

I. Katsounaros, J.C. Meier, S.O. Klemm, A.A. Topalov,
P.U. Biedermann, M. Auinger, K.J.J. Mayrhofer

Electrochim. Commun. 13 (2011) 634-637.

Hydrogen Transport in non-ideal Crystalline Materials

M. Auinger, Chem. Phys. Chem. 15 (2014) 2893-2902.



Acknowledgement

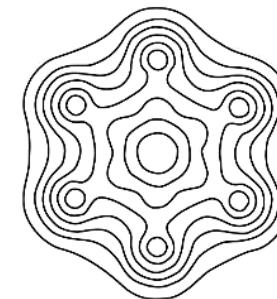


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Christian Doppler
Forschungsgesellschaft



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