Teti Dragas Interview Summary (SM)

SM outlines project.

[01:45] Background CELTA in 1998, then taught general English in Durham; DELTA in 2003, worked in UK and abroad; trained up in 2006 and took over CELTA at Durham, running it with a colleague for 3 years, until it closed for financial reasons. EAP was growing, so worked on EAP and presessionals and on MA programmes - one MA for low experience/pre-service teachers (MA TESOL), the other MA for teachers who have 2 or more years' experience (MA Applied Linguistics for TESOL). MA Director since 2011 and added a practice element. Important to have practice, even if MA is largely theory; on the TESOL MA most students are and want to be teachers. Use reflective practice, rather than competencies, as assessment. Influenced by IATEFL talk – students do it all by themselves on the module (no input) – all learning comes from TP. SM: More like a CPD process. TD: Tutors still focus on points in feedback.

[11.09] On the other module (for inexperienced or pre-service teachers) tutors video TP and students can go back and review. One assignment is reflective - though only loosely, because mainly pre service teachers, with little experience of reflection. They do have group reflection after TP however and we do TP intensively in a week in small groups.

[12:32] Recorded by the tutors, usually one fixed camera, back of room (want better kit) Tutor puts up on VLE.

[14:05] Students don't have to watch video to integrate into assignment – though probably do. No analytics. The role of video is more important in ALT/experienced teachers course because they have the skills to review more reflectively and understand practice better.

[16:44] On the ALT course there is a couple of weeks of input, establishing the ground and specifically how to work through reflection and collaboration and dialogue. Working with international students approach, so there is an increasing feeling of no best method. Students teach real other international students from the university. Methodology module and other modules are going on separately and are designed to be feeding in (I teach this module too).

[21:25] Classes take place once a week and feedback a few days later. Teachers collaboratively plan the lesson, tutors video. They've done a number of different things over the years: first they had a camera, then they had two cameras, facing the teacher and facing the students; then got 2-3 webcams and the university has a programme that allows you to flick through screens (teacher, students, board) — press box to switch screens as you're watching - then went on Kaltura. Did a lot of work with IT for this and didn't always work — technological thing and practical issues — stressful! Next stage: tried swivl, which tracks one mike on the teacher, but has multiple mikes, so you can put mikes on different tables and hear different tables; you can hear — but not see — different things. Sometimes got stuck, e.g. if teacher turns their back. Didn't really like it in the end.

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          so then we have the classes basically once a
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          week and we have feedback once a week a few days
3
          later. so thats how it work till the end of
          term. and we do a few things. the teachers have
5
          to collaboratively plan a lesson and then they
6
          come in and teach it and we video it. we have
7
          done different things with the video over the
8
          last few years. so firstly we had the camera.
          then we had two cameras. so we had camera facing
10
          teacher camera facing student so we could see.
11
          because we wanted to see the students as well.
12
          to see the participation.
     SM:
13
          yes. then we got part of the university got this
14
          programme that could flick through screens. so
15
          you could download the video get it from webcam
16
          but also be able to flick views. so you could
17
          get the projector or board with the students
18
          then the.
19
          its like a lecture captured isnt it.
     SM:
20
     TD:
          like a lecture captured but it was through the
21
          webcam and then it went onto this kaltura. weve
22
          got this kaltura. but it was a kind of programme
23
          within kaltura that allowed. so it was a little
          box on the. when you see the video it was a
24
25
          little box that you could press and you could
26
          switch screens just really easily.
27
     SM:
          yes. as youre watching.
28
          as youre watching. so you could sort of teacher
     TD:
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          view you want to see the powerpoint they use
30
          stuff sometimes or whatever. then you would
31
          want to see the students you could just press
32
          the button at the bottom and you could see.
33
          so youve got two fixed cameras that like hand
34
          handy cam work with.
35
    TD: so that was. sorry im not being very clear.
36
          that was once. we did that but we had to have two
          separate videos for that. then we tried this
37
38
          webcam thing. the webcam allowed us to use this
39
          programme where we could switch videos like
40
          through the web.
41
          but where did the videos come from there. were
     SM:
42
          they from.
43
     TD: from webcam onto a pc.
44
     SM: so in the classroom there were some cameras
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     TD: yes webcam.
46
     SM:
          webcam. and theres two or three of those in this
47
          teaching room.
48
     TD:
          yes.
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     SM:
          and is that something that comes from kaltura.
50
     TD:
          no we had to do a lot of work with i t to try
51
          and. basically were trying to find a way of doing
52
          it where we can get this capture the classroom
53
          in a way that just one back standing camera cant.
54
          in a way that didnt really show you the nuances
55
          of the classroom. just one camera at the back.
56
          and you cant move it. or you can move it but then
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          youve got to move it. its not that easy. its
          better if you can see the teacher the students
59
          the board you lose you know. also if you can
60
          switch. to be honest that didnt always work. it
61
          was a nightmare. so in principle it was lovely
62
          but actually a lot of the videos didnt always
63
          work or have all the three things. that was
64
          because i dont know if it didnt download on
65
          time or. its a technological thing. we needed
          i t to come in. i dont know what its like in
66
67
          your place. but you know classes finish. we have
68
          to quickly rush in. we have to set it up quickly
69
          and rush out because theres another class
70
          waiting. and it takes a lot of time which we
71
          dont have. that made it difficult. we then
72
          had to wait for download time. we bought a p c
73
          so we could download it. and then we had to like
74
          move the p c walk up and come through while it
85
          was downloading. so there was a lot of stress
76
          around trying to get the video to do what we
77
          wanted it to do so we could (xxxx).
78
    SM: has it got better. i mean has it reached is it
79
          fairly stable.
          well yes and no. so then the next stage this year
80
     TD:
81
          we tried this other piece of kit called swivel.
82
     SM:
          yes i know that. mushepe organised it (xxxx).
83
     TD: have you tried it.
     SM: no but im going to try and put this into the
84
85
          project somehow.
86
    TD:
          right. so this piece of kit what it does is okay
87
          so weve got an ipad and its kind of like round
88
          kind of thing. you put the ipad on and it tracks.
89
          it tracks one mike.
90
    SM: on the teacher.
91
    TD: on the teacher. but then its got multiple mikes
          which is quite nice. so you can put a mike on
93
          different tables and also you can switch between
94
          mikes. so you can hear different like just the
95
          teacher or.
96
    SM: on the recording.
97
     TD: yes on the recording.
98
     SM:
          but i understand that youve got an audio feed but
99
          surely youve got.
100
     TD: but it hasnt got a video. youve only got one.
101
     SM: its got a video which is always on the teacher.
102
     TD: yes it is.
103
          while you see a picture of the video you could
104
          go to student x whos with student y and theyre
105
          talking.
106
          yes you could hear different things but you cant
107
          see different things.
108
     SM: oh okay.
109
     TD: right. so it gave us audio but it didnt give us.
110
          and actually it sometimes stuck. so for example
          something to know is if you turn if the teacher
111
          turns their back because its on blue tooth and it
112
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113	doesnt see the signal the swivel would just stare
114	at the wall. so actually we didnt really like it
115	in the end. because it almost just using a camera
116	thats there that records seems to be the easiest
117	one. but actually its not. it doesnt give you the
118	best.

[27:49] SM: Essentially, three choices: two cameras, which gives you two videos you have to watch separately, university system with webcams – not always reliable, swivl, pretty good, but has a problem with freezing. (NB can't use two swivls – doesn't allow multiple signals.) SM: perhaps do a comparison of the three – good for other people.

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119
     SM: so essentially there are three different choices
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          for you. youve got the two cameras which the
121
          advantage is fairly easy. but they you record two
122
          separate videos which youve either got to watch
123
          separately or edit. which youd have to have time
124
          to do. youve got the university system where
125
          youve got you know the ability to work actually
126
          but its not always reliable. but when it works
127
          youve got all those different screens. and then
128
          youve got swivel which is great for the audio
129
          and pretty good for the teacher.
130
     TD: pretty good.
131
     SM: but has a problem with freezing.
132
     TD: and you cant actually have two swivels at the
133
          same time. so you cant get the student view and
134
          the teacher view.
135
     SM: no. could you not have two.
136
     TD: you cant. we did. but you cant because they just
137
          centre on that one teacher audio mike.
138
     SM: why dont you have one thats kind of to this
139
          mike and one thats to this mike.
     TD: it didnt allow it. it just goes for that signal.
140
141
          it didnt allow multiple signals in the same
142
          room. We thought of that.
143 SM:
          yes. so it sounds like youve really kind of
144
          thought about video to overly high level in terms
145
          of. so maybe ill come back to you later
146
          about whether youd be interested in sort of doing
147
          a comparison of those three things. in terms of
148
          you know it would be quite good for other people
149
          who havent kind of gone through that process. to
150
          see that these are the choices and these are the
151
          advantages and disadvantages of each one.
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[29:28] Another thing: camera video – massive files. Had to compress – took time, upload on Kaltura – took time and would freeze. What's good about swivl and webcam is immediacy – can start giving tasks.

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152 TD: the one thing i havent told you is the camera
153 video right. the files are really large. so that
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154
          created a massive problem because we then had to
155
          whats it called make them smaller. compress them.
156
          which took time. then from compressing them we
157
          had to upload them onto kaltura which took time.
158
          and sometimes it would freeze.
158
     SM: on the upload.
160
     TD: yes. and it just took ages. so it was hideous. so
161
          the really good thing about swivel and webcam is
162
          that in a way it kind of goes instantly.
163
     SM:
          and it compresses itself.
164 TD: yes. and also we want the videos to be on
165
          immediately after class. because then we start
166
          giving tasks to do with watching the videos.
167
          which if its going to take us two days to get
168
          the videos up we havent got two days because
169
          weve only got three days before feedback. weve
170
          lost half the week. so yes obviously if you had
171
          a really long of time. but you dont. so thats
172
          another problem.
173
     SM:
          okav.
174
     TD:
          they write. well we write tasks. we set tasks.
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[31:00] At the moment, students are just encouraged to reflect on what happened in the lesson – no written form. Then the tutors go off and, based on viewing the lesson, write tasks. Some ask students directly to go back and clip the video, but some are to do with other things {e.g. find some instances of this}.

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175
     SM:
          based on what youve watched. you were live in
176
          that class. its been videod and while youre
177
          watching it youre thinking of tasks. are they
178
          tagged to the video or do you give them the time
179
          in which to complete them.
     TD: so some of them are directly asking them to go to
180
181
          the video and do clipping which was what i talked
182
          about the other day.
     SM: yes. so they clip a bit of the video.
183
184 TD: to focus on something. but some of them are kind
185
          of i dont know to do with something else like if
186
          i think about this aspect of the lesson find some
187
          instances or what do you think about this. i dont
188
          know. specific points. and then they have to just
189
          watch the video with that in mind and talk about
190
          it. or just remember from the lesson. but then
191
          they can go back to the video to watch it.
192
     SM: okay so some of the.
     TD: some of the tasks. sorry. some of the tasks might
193
194
          be about the materials or might be about like
195
          you know. im just trying to think.
196
     SM: but then they go to the video and respond to that
197
          based on something theyve seen. they dont
198
          respond to it just from memory.
199
     TD: they can do cant they. they can if they want.
200
     SM: well both then.
     TD: yes they do.
201
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[33:05] SM: do they integrate examples to suggest they've viewed video in assignment? TD: Some, but can't be forced. In assignment appears as: when reviewing the video, or (the really good ones) I did some analysis from looking over the video. Re assignment: teaching teachers to be reflective practitioners – one thing, to do reflective writing – another thing, using the video to reflect - yet another thing – not sure assignment is capturing all those. Not sure all of these things work perfectly all of the time. (Discussion of this approach.)

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202
     SM:
          okay. when they do their presentation. sorry when
203
          they do their assessment which you said before is
204
          pretty reflective do they tend to integrate sort
205
          of examples.
     TD: some of them have yes.
206
207
     SM: which suggests that theyve actually looked in
208
          detail at the video.
209
     TD: yes. we suggest it. thats what we say. we cant
210
         force them to do it.
211
     SM: no. what do they. how do they appear in a sense.
212
          are they kind of vignettes or little descriptions
213
          or a bit of transcription or a screen grab.
214
     TD: so some of them have said when reviewing the
215
          video. like for example they might have said i
216
          thought this da da da da about my practice or
217
          i remember this. when reviewing the video i saw
218
          that actually it was different. or i did some
219
          analysis are the really good ones from looking
220
          at the video. for example how many times i talked
221
          or whatever it was. or how long i talked over the
222
          lesson. whereas i thought that id only talked for
223
          seventy per cent i was actually talking for.
224
          sorry the other way around. for twenty per cent
225
          i was actually talking for seventy. so the really
226
          good people use it like that. but actually there
227
          is a whole thing about the assignment and
228
          reflection which i dont think. i think teaching
229
          teachers to be reflective practitioners is one
230
          thing. but actually getting them to write
231
          reflective writing is another thing. and then
232
          using the video to learn is another thing. and
233
          i dont know if all these things are capturing
234
          it actually in the assignment, thats the point
235
          of it. but I dont know if it always does.
236
          it doesn't meant that theyre not learning or
237
          theyre not getting from the video. but I
238
          dont know if all of these things work
239
          perfectly all the time. does that make sense.
240
     SM: well it does.
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[37:32] TD hasn't written about this yet, but wants to. Student are still are looking at *themselves* - didn't get collaborative thing. No formula: involves people.

[39:42] SM: Does video take us away from the memory–based/personal aspect of the thing? TD: In some ways you could argue video is very intrusive. The good thing is you are meant to record things in a factual way in tasks – you can do this objectively with video, you can look at the practice – the video doesn't lie. Although it's always intrusive and frightening and difficult to watch yourself. Anybody observing changes the way you teach. Also, we're setting classrooms up in a particular way – how authentic is it? SM: Seem to be trying on equipment and process level.

[43:35] Thinks students do think it's worthwhile, but this is not linear - maybe after the course or later. What can we aim for in teacher learning? Get teachers to start thinking in a way about their own practice – this is a skill, and once they've got it, they can continue on their development. About how you reflect on and use your experiences to shape you for the future – helps teachers in the long run.

[45:59] Next steps — what TD is talking about at IATEFL. Now developed self-study materials based on videos - (generic) reflective tasks about practice for teachers to use when reviewing own videos.

SM: Lots to write about here. First stage – want to make a community of practice.

Extra notes and developments!

Thought you might be interested to note that this year we are using yet another piece of kit for video which is part of the Encore or Panopto software (lecture capture software) that has been introduced this year at the institution. We are half way through the module and the tech has let us down again! I think it's got potential but the videos haven't receorded properly always and IT have not been able to support too much which we needed. Essentially lecturecapture has come in as an audio not video-based addition for those who need it and the video use (as far as I know) is limited to possibly only us. The potential is that you can record on various kits (mobiles, tablets, webcam through computer, laptop etc) and can join a recording session from different devices easily and this can be accessed by simply switching effortlessly on the final recording to the different screen views. It can also record ppt (if necessary). However, we again have had problems and have reverted to cameras which in the end seem to be the most reliable. Blackboard software has made it easier than previous to upload and upload times are now good but students have to watch the two different camera views separately and cannot switch screens as with the other kit.

I have also since developed the input sessions at the beginning of the ALT practice module to focus a lot more on setting up the approach and how we are going to work on the module: ie through collaborative, dialogic reflection (class discussion) and individual reflection (in the diaries). This has also been important as it has helped support students to reflect and in the feedback sessions which we have also now called 'reflection' to drive this home more clearly.

Resources:

My IATEFL talk has been filmed as part of a forum on reflection and I talk about video and clipping tasks specifically here. I thought I'd put it here in case it is useful

https://iatefl.britishcouncil.org/2016/session/forum-encouraging-teacher-reflection