

The Approved List of biological agents

Advisory Committee on Dangerous Pathogens

The Approved List of biological agents and associated guidance are prepared by the Advisory Committee on Dangerous Pathogens (ACDP) at the request of the Health and Safety Executive.

The Approved List provides the approved classification of biological agents as referred to in COSHH. It is relevant to risk assessment for work with biological agents and the application of appropriate control measures.

It is for use by people who deliberately work with biological agents, especially those in research, development, teaching or diagnostic laboratories and industrial processes, or those who work with humans or animals who are (or are suspected to be) infected with such an agent in health and animal care facilities.

This edition includes the following changes:

- some previously unlisted viruses have been classified and added to the list;
- the hazard group classification for existing agents has been reviewed and reclassified where appropriate;
- further information has been included to clarify the classification of some agents;
- if a biological agent has also been assigned a classification under the Specified Animal Pathogens Order (SAPO) is now indicated on the list;
- advice on available vaccines has been updated;
- improvements to style and structure.

The following corrections have been made to this Third edition since its publication:

- Legionella pneumophila is in hazard group 2
- Hendra virus is classified under SAPO
- The viruses listed under Genus Lyssavirus are all classified under SAPO
- Vesicular stomatitis virus is classified under SAPO

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The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 refer to an 'approved classification of a biological agent', which means the classification of that agent approved by the Health and Safety Executive (HSE). This list is approved by HSE for that purpose.

This edition of the Approved List has effect from 1 July 2013. On that date the previous edition of the list approved by the Health and Safety Commission on the 2 March 2004 will cease to have effect. This list will be reviewed periodically, the next review is due in February 2018.

The Advisory Committee on Dangerous Pathogens (ACDP) prepares the Approved List included in this publication. ACDP advises HSE, and Ministers for the Department of Health and the Department for the Environment, Food & Rural Affairs and their counterparts under devolution in Scotland, Wales & Northern Ireland, as required, on all aspects of hazards and risks to workers and others from exposure to pathogens.

The guidance in this document accompanies the Approved List.

This guidance is issued by the Health and Safety Executive. Following the guidance is not compulsory, unless specifically stated, and you are free to take other action. But if you do follow the guidance you will normally be doing enough to comply with the law. Health and safety inspectors seek to secure compliance with the law and may refer to this guidance.

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Notice of Approval

The Health and Safety Executive has on 21 June 2013 approved the publication of this document, *The Approved List of biological agents*, for the purposes of the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002/2677).

This edition of the Approved List shall have effect from 1 July 2013.

On that date, the previous edition of the list approved by the Health and Safety Commission on 2 March 2004 shall cease to have effect.

Signed

Judith Hackitt

Chair of the Health and Safety Executive

Preface

This edition of the Approved List represents the fifth update of the official classification since it was first published in the *Categorisation of biological agents according to hazard and categories of containment* in 1995.

Changes to this edition include:

- Lujo and Chapare are previously unlisted viruses classified as Hazard Group 4 as they can cause severe human disease and there is usually no effective prophylaxis or treatment available.
- Alkhurma haemorrhagic fever, Andes, Banna, Ngari, Central European tick-borne encephalitis and Severe fever with thrombocytopenia are previously unlisted viruses classified as Hazard Group 3 as they can cause severe human disease but treatment may be available and/or the risk of further spread is low.
- La Crosse and Snowshoe hare virus are previously unlisted viruses classified as Hazard Group 3 based on evidence of human infection.
- Arcobacter butzleri, Dugbe, Ganjam, Human bocavirus, Human partetravirus, Nairobi sheep disease virus, Other New World arenaviruses, Parechoviruses, Punta Toro, Whitewater Arroyo and Xenotropic murine leukaemia virus-related are previously unlisted viruses – classified at Hazard Group 2.
- Existing hazard group classification has been clarified, for example by insertion of named examples. These are Other LCM Lassa complex, Other hantaviruses and Tai Forest ebolavirus.
- Akabane and the Armstrong strain of Lymphocytic choriomeningitis have both been reduced from Hazard Group 3 to Hazard Group 2.
- Ibaraki has been removed from the list as this agent does not cause human disease.
- If a biological agent has also been assigned a classification under the Specified Animal Pathogens Order (SAPO), this is now indicated on the list, as proposed by the Advisory Committee on Dangerous Pathogens (ACDP).
- Advice on available vaccines has been updated.
- There have been a number of changes to the style and structure of the list:
 - the explanatory notes now provide more information on taxonomic changes by listing previous species names;
 - biological agents are now listed alphabetically under the headings bacteria, fungi, helminths and protozoans (the latter two were not separated in the previous version);
 - prions are subdivided into lists of human and animal forms;
 - the viruses section now reflects the taxonomic structure given in the International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses (ICTV) list.

Enquiries relating to the Approved List may be addressed to the ACDP Secretariat at HSE, Redgrave Court, Merton Road, Bootle, Merseyside L20 7HS or via email: acdp.secretariat@hse.gsi.gov.uk.

What is the Approved List?

- 1 The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (COSHH), make reference to the 'approved classification' of a biological agent, which is defined as the classification of that agent approved by HSE. The Approved List is the list of classifications of biological agents approved by HSE for this purpose. Biological agents are bacteria, viruses, parasites and fungi which can cause harm to human health, usually due to infection (some are toxic or can cause an allergy).
- 2 COSHH implements, for Great Britain, the European Directive 2000/54/EC on the protection of workers from risks related to exposure to biological agents at work. That Directive requires Member States to classify biological agents that are or may be a hazard to human health. Annex III to the Directive contains a list of the Community Classifications of biological agents and the Approved List is based on that.
- 3 The Approved List is relevant to risk assessment for work with biological agents and the application of appropriate control measures. Your risk assessment under COSHH of work likely to expose any employees to biological agents should include consideration of the approved classification of any biological agent (regulation 6(2)(k)). The risk assessment must identify the steps you will take to adequately control exposure to biological agents (where it is not reasonably practicable to prevent exposure), taking into account the hazard(s) that they present (regulations 6 and 7).
- 4 The Approved List is intended to be used by people who work with biological agents, especially those in research, development, teaching or diagnostic laboratories and industrial processes, and people working with animals or humans who are, or who are suspected of being, infected with such an agent.
- 5 The classifications in the Approved List assign each biological agent listed to a hazard group according to its level of risk of infection to humans, where Hazard Group 1 agents are not considered to pose a risk to human health and Hazard Group 4 agents present the greatest risk. The full definition of each hazard group is in the Information Box below. Only agents in Groups 2, 3 and 4 are listed.
- 6 ACDP has made the relevant classification of a biological agent having considered evidence as to:
- the likelihood that it will cause disease by infection or toxicity in humans;
- how likely it is that the infection would spread to the community;
- the availability of any prophylaxis* or treatment.
- 7 The Approved List indicates in the taxonomy/notes column which biological agents are toxigenic or an allergen, or for which a vaccine was readily available at the time of publication.

^{*} Treatment which will prevent infection and/or may reduce the effect of an exposure or an infection. This will include vaccines.

- 8 ACDP only considers the risks to human health when deciding appropriate classification. Some listed agents can also cause disease in animals (zoonoses) and have also been assigned a hazard classification under the Specified Animal Pathogens Order (SAPO) (there are separate Orders for England, Scotland and Wales). For ease of reference, the list now indicates if an agent is also classified under SAPO at the time of this list being published. You should refer to the relevant SAPO guidance (currently Defra guidance) for the current SAPO classification and appropriate control measures.
- 9 If more than one species in any particular genus is known to be pathogenic to humans, these are generally named. There may also be a wider reference ('spp') indicating other species of the same genus may be hazardous. However, if a whole genus is indicated in this way, it is implicit that species and strains which are non-pathogenic to humans are excluded.

How biological agents are added to the list

- 10 Over time, new biological agents emerge which are found to cause disease in humans and new treatments are developed. ACDP, in consultation with other experts, periodically reviews the list. Its review considers any evidence for the addition of new agents and for any changes* to the classification of agents already listed. Also, taxonomic changes may be made to agents. Where new species names now exist, recently-used previous names are also included in the Taxonomy/notes column with the relevant cross-reference.
- 11 In the event of a significant new biological agent requiring an urgent classification, ACDP can make provision for a review and an initial classification to be made. However, this would only be appropriate where the indications are that the initial classification will be in Hazard Group 4 or Hazard Group 3, and for which significant, urgent research is required by multiple users. Where this is done HSE will publish this classification. Also see paragraphs 23–25 for guidance on classifying a new biological agent.
- 12 Genetically modified biological agents do not appear in the Approved List, although the wild-type species from which many of them are derived will be listed. Guidance on aspects of work with genetically modified micro-organisms is given in *The SACGM Compendium of Guidance* available on HSE's biosafety web pages.

| Information box: Hazard group definitions When classifying a biological agent it should be assigned to one of the following groups according to its level of risk of infection to humans. | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Group 1 | 1 Unlikely to cause human disease. | | |
| Group 2 | Can cause human disease and may be a hazard to employees; it is unlikely to spread to the community and there is usually effective prophylaxis or treatment available. | | |
| Group 3 | Can cause severe human disease and may be a serious hazard to employees; it may spread to the community, but there is usually effective prophylaxis or treatment available. | | |
| Group 4 | Causes severe human disease and is a serious hazard to employees; it is likely to spread to the community and there is usually no effective prophylaxis or treatment available. | | |

^{*} The name and identity of the specific biological agent, according to recognised biological classification systems.

Using the Approved List to carry out risk assessments and apply control measures

- 13 The Approved List of biological agents should be read in conjunction with COSHH and ACDP guidance, available on HSE's biosafety web pages.
- 14 COSHH requires employees and any other person working with biological agents in Hazard Groups 2, 3 and 4 to assess the risk of exposure to those biological agents. One of the matters to take into account in such a risk assessment is the approved classification of the relevant biological agents. COSHH specifies four containment levels for activities which involve working with biological agents. These correspond to the classification of biological agents into Hazard Groups 1 to 4, ie Hazard Group 2 biological agents should be handled at Containment Level 2 (see paragraph 3(4) in Part I of Schedule 3 of COSHH). The containment measures required at each containment level are set out in tables in COSHH, Schedule 3, Part II and Part III.
- 15 In addition to applying the containment measures appropriate to the containment level, the risk assessment and the control measures selected should consider the other matters set out in regulation 6(2) of COSHH.
- 16 In allocating human pathogens to a hazard group, no account is taken of particular effects on those whose susceptibility to infection may be affected, for example because of pre-existing disease, medication, compromised immunity, pregnancy or breastfeeding. Any additional risks, and whether it is possible to rely on the standard containment measures to provide adequate protection for such employees, should be considered as part of the general risk assessment required by COSHH. In the case of new or expectant mothers, the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 specifically sets out requirements for assessing the risks to the mother, or to her baby, from biological agents.

Biological agents which may be used at less than minimum containment conditions

- 17 Certain Hazard Group 3 biological agents have been identified within the list of Community Classifications of biological agents as presenting a limited risk of infection for workers because they are not normally infectious by the airborne route. Those intending to work with any of these agents may not necessarily need to use all the containment measures normally required at Containment Level 3 (CL3) because of the nature of the specific activity and the quantity of the agent involved. HSE and ACDP have produced accepted procedures for reducing the containment measures for these agents. In the Approved List, the agents for which this is relevant are indicated in the hazard group column with an asterisk (*) and are listed in Annex 1.
- 18 Dispensing with control measures from CL3 does not imply that the work can be carried out at Containment Level 2 (CL2), it simply allows certain physical containment requirements (particularly those aimed at controlling airborne infection)

normally expected at CL3 to be dispensed with. All other aspects of the work, in particular supervision and training, should reflect the high standards expected at CL3.

- 19 There may be other circumstances or types of work involving biological agents not specified in the list or Annex 1 where full containment measures may not be appropriate. A specific example is work where, although there is a strong indication or likelihood that certain Hazard Group 3 agents might be present, the work will not lead to an increase in the risk of exposure to the agent. For example, blood-borne viruses (BBVs) are unlikely to infect by an airborne route during diagnostic procedures not involving propagation or concentration of the virus, eg haematology, testing of blood donations or transfusion, serology and drug assays. Providing appropriate precautions are taken, not all the stated CL3 measures may be required.
- 20 Where your risk assessment indicates that it is appropriate to dispense with the standard containment requirements, you should follow the guidance on selecting the most appropriate containment measures set out in the publications/web pages listed under further information.

Reclassifying an agent

- 21 Where a biological agent has an approved classification, but you have reason to believe the specific strain to be used presents a different risk of infection from the agent listed because it is attenuated or has lost known virulence genes, then that agent should be reclassified as if it were a new biological agent (see paragraph 23). Suitable control and containment can then be selected accordingly.
- 22 You should also take into account the type of work to be carried out, the quantity of material to be handled and the degree of exposure when determining the most appropriate control and containment measures for such agents. You will need to consult and agree with HSE that a suitable and sufficient risk assessment has been performed prior to locally reclassifying an agent, unless HSE guidance indicating what to do in specific circumstances has been published.

Work with biological agents which have not been assigned a classification in the Approved List

- 23 If a new biological agent does not have a hazard group classification, you should not assume it is Group 1 (unlikely to cause human disease). COSHH requires that a provisional hazard grouping must be determined by the person intending to work with the biological agent, by considering any available evidence and applying the most appropriate hazard group definition (see Information Box on page 7), taking into account the relevant factors used in carrying out the risk assessment. If you are in doubt as to which of two alternative groups is most appropriate, you should use the higher of the two. If the agent subsequently appears in a later edition of the Approved List, the classification given to it in that edition takes priority.
- 24 All viruses which have been isolated from humans, but which do not have an approved classification, should be classified in Hazard Group 2 as a minimum, unless and until there is evidence that they are unlikely to cause disease in humans.
- 25 When you have classified a new biological agent you will need to consider what you need to do to comply with your duties under COSHH in relation to work involving that agent, eg consider whether the notification requirements in Schedule 3 will apply.

The Approved List of biological agents

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| BACTERIA | | |
| Arcobacter butzleri (formerly Campylobacter butzleri) | 2 | |
| Actinobacillus actinomycetemcomitans | 2 | |
| Actinomadura madurae | 2 | |
| Actinomadura pelletieri | 2 | |
| Actinomyces gerencseriae | 2 | |
| Actinomyces israelii | 2 | |
| Actinomyces pyogenes | 2 | See Arcanobacterium pyogenes |
| Actinomyces spp | 2 | |
| Alcaligenes spp | 2 | |
| Arcanobacterium haemolyticum (Corynebacterium haemolyticum) | 2 | |
| Arcanobacterium pyogenes (formerly Actinomyces pyogenes) | 2 | |
| Bacillus anthracis | 3 | Classified under SAPO Vaccine available |
| Bacillus cereus | 2 | |
| Bacteroides fragilis | 2 | |
| Bacteroides spp | 2 | |
| Bartonella bacilliformis | 2 | |
| Bartonella quintana (Rochalimaea quintana) | 2 | |
| Bartonella spp (Rochalimaea spp) | 2 | |
| Bordetella bronchiseptica | 2 | |
| Bordetella parapertussis | 2 | |
| Bordetella pertussis | 2 | Vaccine available |
| Bordetella spp | 2 | |
| Borrelia burgdorferi | 2 | |
| Borrelia duttonii | 2 | |
| Borrelia recurrentis | 2 | |
| Borrelia spp | 2 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Brachispira spp (formerly Serpulina spp) | 2 | |
| Brucella abortus | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Brucella canis | 3 | |
| Brucella melitensis | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Brucella suis | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Burkholderia cepacia | 2 | |
| Burkholderia mallei (formerly Pseudomonas mallei) | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Burkholderia pseudomallei (formerly Pseudomonas pseudomallei) | 3 | |
| Campylobacter fetus | 2 | |
| Campylobacter jejuni | 2 | |
| Campylobacter spp | 2 | |
| Cardiobacterium hominis | 2 | |
| Chlamydophila pneumoniae | 2 | |
| Chlamydophila psittaci (avian strains) | 3 | |
| Chlamydophila psittaci (non-avian strains) | 2 | |
| Chlamydophila trachomatis | 2 | |
| Clostridium botulinum | 2 | Toxigenic |
| Clostridium perfringens | 2 | |
| Clostridium spp | 2 | |
| Clostridium tetani | 2 | Toxigenic Vaccine available |
| Corynebacterium diphtheriae | 2 | Toxigenic Vaccine available |
| Corynebacterium haemolyticum | 2 | See Arcanobacterium haemolyticum |
| Corynebacterium minutissimum | 2 | |
| Corynebacterium pseudotuberculosis | 2 | |
| Corynebacterium pyogenes | 2 | See Arcanobacterium pyogenes |
| Corynebacterium spp | 2 | |
| Corynebacterium ulcerans | 2 | |
| Coxiella burnetti | 3 | |
| Edwardsiella tarda | 2 | |
| Ehrlichia sennetsu (Rickettsia sennetsu) | 3 | |
| Ehrlichia spp | 2 | |
| Eikenella corrodens | 2 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Elizabethkingia meningoseptica (formerly Flavobacterium meningosepticum) | 2 | |
| Enterobacter aerogenes/cloacae | 2 | |
| Enterobacter spp | 2 | |
| Enterococcus spp | 2 | |
| Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae | 2 | |
| Escherichia coli (with the exception of non-pathogenic strains) | 2 | |
| Escherichia coli, verocytotoxigenic strains (eg O157:H7 or O103) | 3* | Toxigenic |
| Flavobacterium meningosepticum | 2 | See Elizabethkingia meningoseptica |
| Fluoribacter bozemanae (formerly Legionella) | 2 | |
| Francisella tularensis (Type A) | 3 | |
| Francisella tularensis (Type B) | 2 | |
| Fusobacterium necrophorum | 2 | |
| Fusobacterium spp | 2 | |
| Gardnerella vaginalis | 2 | |
| Haemophilus ducreyi | 2 | |
| Haemophilus influenzae | 2 | |
| Haemophilus spp | 2 | |
| Helicobacter pylori | 2 | |
| Klebsiella oxytoca | 2 | |
| Klebsiella pneumoniae | 2 | |
| Klebsiella spp | 2 | |
| Legionella pneumophila | 2 | |
| Legionella spp | 2 | See also <i>Fluoribacter bozemanae</i> (formerly <i>Legionella</i>) |
| Leptospira interrogans (all serovars) | 2 | |
| Listeria ivanovii | 2 | |
| Listeria monocytogenes | 2 | |
| Moraxella catarrhalis | 2 | |
| Morganella morganii | 2 | |
| Mycobacterium africanum | 3 | Vaccine available |
| Mycobacterium avium/intracellulare | 2 | |
| Mycobacterium bovis | 3 | Vaccine available |
| Mycobacterium bovis (BCG strain) | 2 | |
| Mycobacterium chelonae | 2 | |
| Mycobacterium fortuitum | 2 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mycobacterium kansasii | 2 | |
| Mycobacterium leprae | 3 | Vaccine available |
| Mycobacterium malmoense | 3 | |
| Mycobacterium marinum | 2 | |
| Mycobacterium microti | 3* | |
| Mycobacterium paratuberculosis | 2 | |
| Mycobacterium scrofulaceum | 2 | |
| Mycobacterium simiae | 2 | |
| Mycobacterium szulgai | 3 | |
| Mycobacterium tuberculosis | 3 | Vaccine available |
| Mycobacterium ulcerans | 3* | |
| Mycobacterium xenopi | 2 | |
| Mycoplasma caviae | 2 | |
| Mycoplasma hominis | 2 | |
| Mycoplasma pneumoniae | 2 | |
| Neisseria gonorrhoeae | 2 | |
| Neisseria meningitidis | 2 | Vaccine available |
| Nocardia asteroids | 2 | |
| Nocardia braziliensis | 2 | |
| Nocardia farcinica | 2 | |
| Nocardia nova | 2 | |
| Nocardia otitidiscaviarum | 2 | |
| Pasteurella multocida | 2 | |
| Pasteurella spp | 2 | |
| Peptostreptococcus anaerobius | 2 | |
| Peptostreptococcus spp | 2 | |
| Plesiomonas shigelloides | 2 | |
| Porphyromonas spp | 2 | |
| Prevotella spp | 2 | |
| Proteus mirabilis | 2 | |
| Proteus penneri | 2 | |
| Proteus vulgaris | 2 | |
| Providencia alcalifaciens | 2 | |
| Providencia rettgeri | 2 | |
| Providencia spp | 2 | |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa | 2 | |
| Pseudomonas mallei | 3 | See Burkholderia mallei |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Pseudomonas pseudomallei | 3 | See Burkholderia pseudomallei |
| Rhodococcus equi | 2 | |
| Rickettsia akari | 3* | |
| Rickettsia canada | 3* | |
| Rickettsia conorii | 3 | |
| Rickettsia montana | 3* | |
| Rickettsia mooseri | 3 | See Rickettsia typhi |
| Rickettsia prowazekii | 3 | |
| Rickettsia rickettsii | 3 | |
| Rickettsia sennetsu | 3 | See Ehrlichia sennetsu |
| Rickettsia spp | 3 | |
| Rickettsia tsutsugamushi | 3 | |
| Rickettsia typhi (Rickettsia mooseri) | 3 | |
| Rochalimaea quintana | 2 | See Bartonella quintana |
| Rochalimaea spp | 2 | |
| Salmonella arizonae | 2 | |
| Salmonella enterica serovar enteritidis | 2 | |
| Salmonella enterica serovar typhimurium 2 | 2 | |
| Salmonella paratyphi A | 3* | |
| Salmonella paratyphi B/java | 3* | |
| Salmonella paratyphi C/Choleraesuis | 3* | |
| Salmonella spp | 2 | Serovars other than arizonae, enterica serovar enteritidis, enterica serovar typhimurium 2, paratyphi A, B, C, typhi |
| Salmonella typhi | 3* | Vaccine available |
| Serpulina spp | 2 | See Brachispira spp |
| Shigella boydii | 2 | |
| Shigella dysenteriae (other than Type 1) | 2 | |
| Shigella dysenteriae (Type 1) | 3* | Toxigenic |
| Shigella flexneri | 2 | |
| Shigella sonnei | 2 | |
| Staphylococcus aureus | 2 | Toxigenic |
| Streptobacillus moniliformis | 2 | |
| Streptococcus agalactiae | 2 | |
| Streptococcus dysgalactiae equisimilis | 2 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Streptococcus pneumoniae | 2 | |
| Streptococcus pyogenes | 2 | |
| Streptococcus spp | 2 | |
| Streptococcus suis | 2 | |
| Treponema carateum | 2 | |
| Treponema pallidum | 2 | |
| Treponema pertenue | 2 | |
| Treponema spp | 2 | |
| Ureaplasma parvum | 2 | |
| Ureaplasma urealyticum | 2 | |
| Vibrio cholerae (including El Tor) | 2 | Toxigenic Vaccine available |
| Vibrio parahaemolyticus | 2 | |
| Vibrio spp | 2 | |
| Yersinia enterocolitica | 2 | |
| Yersinia pestis | 3 | |
| Yersinia pseudotuberculosis | 2 | |
| Yersinia spp | 2 | |
| FUNGI | | |
| Absidia corymbifera | 2 | See Lichtheimia corymbifera |
| Ajellomyces dermatitidis | 3 | See Blastomyces dermatitidis |
| Aspergillus fumigatus | 2 | Allergen |
| Aspergillus spp | 2 | |
| Blastomyces dermatitidis (Ajellomyces dermatitidis) | 3 | |
| Candida albicans | 2 | Allergen |
| Candida spp | 2 | |
| Candida tropicalis | 2 | |
| Cladophialophora bantiana (formerly Xylohypha bantiana, Cladosporium bantianum) | 3 | |
| Cladosporium bantianum (formerly Xylohypha bantiana) | 3 | See Cladophialophora bantiana |
| Coccidioides immitis | 3 | Allergen |
| Coccidioides posadasii | 3 | Allergen |
| Cryptococcus neoformans var gattii (Filobasidiella bacillispora) | 2 | Allergen |
| Cryptococcus neoformans var neoformans (Filobasidiella neoformans var neoformans) | 2 | Allergen |
| Emmonsia crescens | 2 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Emmonsia parva | 2 | |
| Epidermophyton floccosum | 2 | Allergen |
| Exophiala spp | 2 | |
| Filobasidiella bacillispora | 2 | See Cryptococcus neoformans var gattii |
| Filobasidiella neoformans var neoformans | 2 | Sexual state of Cryptococcus neoformans var neoformans |
| Fonsecaea compacta | 2 | |
| Fonsecaea pedrosoi | 2 | |
| Fusarium spp | 2 | |
| Geotrichum spp | 2 | |
| Histoplasma capsulatum var capsulatum (Ajellomyces capsulatus) | 3 | |
| Histoplasma capsulatum var duboisii | 3 | |
| Histoplasma capsulatum var farcinimosum | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Lichtheimia corymbifera | 2 | |
| Madurella grisea | 2 | |
| Madurella mycetomatis | 2 | |
| Malassezia spp | 2 | |
| Microsporum spp | 2 | Allergen |
| Neotestudina rosatii | 2 | |
| Paracoccidioides brasiliensis | 3 | |
| Penicillium marneffei | 3 | Allergen |
| Pseudallescheria boydii | 2 | See Scedosporium apiospermum |
| Rhinocladiella mackenziei (formerly Ramichloridium) | 3 | |
| Rhizomucor pusillus | 2 | |
| Rhizopus microsporus | 2 | |
| Saksenaea vasiformis | 2 | |
| Scedosporium apiospermum (Pseudallescheria boydii) | 2 | |
| Scedosporium proliferans (inflatum) | 2 | |
| Scopulariopsis brevicaulis | 2 | |
| Sporothrix schenckii | 2 | |
| Trichophyton rubrum | 2 | |
| Trichophyton spp | 2 | |
| Trichosporon spp | 2 | |
| Xylohypha bantiana | 3 | See Cladophialophora bantiana |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| HELMINTHS | | |
| Ancylostoma duodenale | 2 | |
| Angiostrongylus cantonensis | 2 | |
| Angiostrongylus costaricensis | 2 | |
| Anisakis simplex | 2 | |
| Ascaris lumbricoides | 2 | Allergen |
| Ascaris suum | 2 | Allergen |
| Brugia malayi | 2 | |
| Brugia pahangi | 2 | |
| Brugia timori | 2 | |
| Capillaria philippinensis | 2 | |
| Capillaria spp | 2 | |
| Clonorchis | 2 | See Opisthorchis |
| Contracaecum osculatum | 2 | |
| Dicrocoelium dendriticum | 2 | |
| Dipetalonema | 2 | See Mansonella |
| Diphyllobothrium latum | 2 | |
| Dracunculus medinensis | 2 | |
| Echinococcus granulosus | 3* | Classified under SAPO |
| Echinococcus multilocularis | 3* | Classified under SAPO |
| Echinococcus vogeli | 3* | |
| Enterobius vermicularis | 2 | |
| Fasciola gigantica | 2 | |
| Fasciola hepatica | 2 | |
| Fasciolopsis buski | 2 | |
| Heterophyes spp | 2 | |
| Hymenolepis diminuta | 2 | |
| Hymenolepis nana | 2 | |
| Loa loa | 2 | |
| Mansonella ozzardi | 2 | |
| Mansonella perstans | 2 | |
| Mansonella streptocerca | 2 | |
| Metagonimus spp | 2 | |
| Necator americanus | 2 | |
| Onchocerca volvulus | 2 | |
| Opisthorchis felineus | 2 | |
| Opisthorchis sinensis (Clonorchis sinensis) | 2 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Opisthorchis spp | 2 | |
| Opisthorchis viverrini (Clonorchis viverrini) | 2 | |
| Paragonimus spp | 2 | |
| Paragonimus westermani | 2 | |
| Pseudoterranova decipiens | 2 | |
| Schistosoma haematobium | 2 | |
| Schistosoma intercalatum | 2 | |
| Schistosoma japonicum | 2 | |
| Schistosoma mansoni | 2 | |
| Schistosoma mekongi | 2 | |
| Schistosoma spp | 2 | |
| Strongyloides spp | 2 | |
| Strongyloides stercoralis | 2 | |
| Taenia saginata | 2 | |
| Taenia solium | 3* | |
| Toxocara canis | 2 | |
| Toxocara cati | 2 | |
| Trichinella nativa | 2 | |
| Trichinella nelsoni | 2 | |
| Trichinella pseudospiralis | 2 | |
| Trichinella spiralis | 2 | Classified under SAPO |
| Trichostrongylus orientalis | 2 | |
| Trichostrongylus spp | 2 | |
| Trichuris trichiura | 2 | |
| Wuchereria bancrofti | 2 | |
| PROTOZOA | | |
| Acanthamoeba castellanii | 2 | |
| Acanthamoeba spp | 2 | |
| Babesia divergens | 2 | |
| Babesia microti | 2 | |
| Babesia spp | 2 | |
| Balantidium coli | 2 | |
| Blastocystis hominis | 2 | |
| Cryptosporidium hominis | 2 | |
| Cryptosporidium parvum | 2 | |
| Cryptosporidium spp | 2 | |
| Cyclospora cayetanensis | 2 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Cyclospora spp | 2 | |
| Dientamoeba fragilis | 2 | |
| Encephalitozoon cuniculi | 2 | |
| Encephalitozoon hellem | 2 | |
| Encephalitozoon intestinalis | 2 | |
| Entamoeba histolytica | 2 | |
| Enterocytozoon bieneusi | 2 | |
| Giardia lamblia (Giardia intestinalis) | 2 | |
| Isopora belli | 2 | |
| Leishmania aethiopica | 2 | |
| Leishmania brasiliensis | 3* | |
| Leishmania donovani | 3* | |
| Leishmania major | 2 | |
| Leishmania mexicana | 2 | |
| Leishmania peruviana | 2 | |
| Leishmania spp | 2 | |
| Leishmania tropica | 2 | |
| Naegleria fowleri | 3 | |
| Plasmodium falciparum | 3* | |
| Plasmodium spp (human & simian) | 2 | |
| Sarcocystis suihominis | 2 | |
| Toxoplasma gondii | 2 | |
| Trichomonas vaginalis | 2 | |
| Trypanosoma brucei brucei | 2 | Classified under SAPO |
| Trypanosoma brucei gambiense | 2 | |
| Trypanosoma brucei rhodesiense | 3* | |
| Trypanosoma cruzi | 3 | |
| PRIONS – unconventional agents ass encephalopathies (TSEs) | sociated with t | ransmissible spongiform |
| Human TSEs | | |
| Sporadic forms of human TSE: | | |
| Sporadic Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease agent | 3* | |
| Sporadic fatal insomnia agent | 3* | |
| Variably protease-resistant prionopathy agent | 3* | |
| Genetic forms of human TSE: | | |
| Familial Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease agent | 3* | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Fatal familial insomnia agent | 3* | |
| Gerstmann-Sträussler-Scheinker syndrome agent | 3* | |
| Acquired forms of human TSE: | | |
| Variant Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease agent | 3* | |
| latrogenic Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease agent | 3* | |
| Kuru agent | 3* | |
| Animal TSEs | | |
| Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) agent and other related animal TSEs | 3* | |
| All strains related to or derived from BSE (including feline spongiform encephalopathy agent and spongiform encephalopathy agent in exotic ungulates) | 3* | |
| H-type BSE agent | 3* | |
| L-type BSE agent | 3* | |
| Scrapie and scrapie-related agents | 2 | |
| Atypical scrapie agent | 2 | |
| Chronic Wasting Disease agent | 2 | |
| Laboratory strains of TSEs | | |
| Any strain propagated in primates, mice expressing PrP gene or mice encoding human familial mutations in PrP | 3* | |
| Human strains propagated in any species | 3* | |
| VIRUSES | | |
| Order Herpesvirales | | |
| Family Herpesviridae | | |
| Subfamily Alpha-herpesvirinae | | |
| Genus Simplexvirus : | | |
| B virus | 4 | See Macacine herpesvirus 1 |
| Herpesvirus simiae | 4 | See Macacine herpesvirus 1 |
| Human herpes simplex viruses 1 and 2 | 2 | |
| Macacine herpesvirus 1 | 4 | Synonyms: Herpesvirus simiae; B virus |
| Genus Varicellovirus: | | |
| Human herpesvirus 3 | 2 | Synonym: Varicella-zoster virus |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Varicella-zoster virus | 2 | See Human herpesvirus 3 |
| Subfamily Beta-herpesvirinae | | |
| Genus Cytomegalovirus: | | |
| Human herpesvirus 5 | 2 | Synonym: Human cytomegalovirus |
| Human cytomegalovirus | 2 | See Human herpesvirus 5 |
| Genus Roseolavirus: | | |
| Human herpesvirus type 6 – HHV6 | 2 | |
| Human herpesvirus type 7 – HHV7 | 2 | |
| Subfamily Gamma-herpesvirinae | | |
| Genus Lymphocryptovirus : | | |
| Human herpesvirus 4 | 2 | Synonym: Epstein-Barr virus |
| Epstein-Barr virus | 2 | See Human herpesvirus 4 |
| Genus Rhadinovirus : | | |
| Human herpesvirus type 8 – HHV8 (Kaposi's sarcoma-associated herpesvirus) | 2 | |
| Order Mononegavirales | | |
| Family Bornaviridae | | |
| Genus Bornavirus : | | |
| Borna disease virus | 3 | |
| Family Filoviridae | | |
| Genus Ebolavirus : | | |
| Bundibugyo ebolavirus | 4 | |
| Reston ebolavirus | 4 | Includes strain Siena |
| Sudan ebolavirus | 4 | |
| Tai Forest ebolavirus | 4 | Previously known as Ebola Cote d'Ivoire virus |
| Zaire ebolavirus | 4 | |
| Genus Marburgvirus : | | |
| Marburg marburgvirus | 4 | |
| Family Paramyxoviridae | | |
| Subfamily Paramyxovirinae | | |
| Genus Avulavirus : | | |
| Newcastle disease virus | 2 | Classified under SAPO |
| Genus Henipavirus : | | |
| Hendra virus (formerly equine morbillivirus) | 4 | Classified under SAPO |
| Nipah virus | 4 | Classified under SAPO |
| Genus Morbillivirus: | | |
| Measles virus | 2 | Vaccine available |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Genus Respirovirus : | | |
| Human parainfluenza virus (Types 1 and 3) | 2 | |
| Genus Rubulavirus : | | |
| Mumps virus | 2 | Vaccine available |
| Human parainfluenza virus (Types 2 and 4) | 2 | |
| Subfamily Pneumovirinae | | |
| Genus Metapneumovirus : | | |
| Human metapneumovirus | 2 | |
| Genus Pneumovirus : | | |
| Human respiratory syncytial virus | 2 | |
| Family Rhabdoviridae | | |
| Genus Lyssavirus : | | |
| Australian bat lyssavirus | 3 | Classified under SAPO Rabies vaccine provides protection |
| Duvenhage virus | 3 | Classified under SAPO Rabies vaccine provides protection |
| European bat lyssaviruses 1 and 2 | 3 | Classified under SAPO Rabies vaccine provides protection |
| Lagos bat virus | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Mokola virus | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Rabies virus | 3* | Classified under SAPO Vaccine available |
| Other Lyssavirus species not listed above | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Genus Vesiculovirus : | | |
| Piry virus | 3 | |
| Vesicular stomatitis virus | 2 | Classified under SAPO |
| Order Nidovirales | | |
| Family Coronaviridae | | |
| Subfamily Coronavirinae | | |
| Genus Alphacoronavirus : | | |
| Human coronavirus 229E | 2 | |
| OC43 virus | 2 | |
| Genus Betacoronavirus: | | |
| SARS-related coronavirus | 3 | |
| Subfamily Torovirinae | | |
| Genus Torovirus : | | |
| Bovine torovirus subspecies Breda virus | 2 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Equine torovirus subspecies Berne virus | 2 | |
| Human torovirus | 2 | |
| Porcine torovirus | 2 | |
| Other Coronaviridae | 2 | |
| Order Picornavirales | | |
| Family Picornaviridae | | |
| Genus Enterovirus : | | |
| Acute haemorrhagic conjunctivitis virus (AHC) | 2 | Synonyms: Coxsackievirus CA24 (A24); Enterovirus 70 |
| Coxsackieviruses (A and B) | 2 | See Human enteroviruses A and B |
| Echoviruses | 2 | Subspecies of Human enterovirus B |
| Human enteroviruses A and B | 2 | Synonym: Coxsackieviruses A and B |
| Human enterovirus C | 2 | Synonym: Poliovirus Vaccine available |
| Human rhinoviruses | 2 | |
| Polioviruses | 2 | See Human enterovirus C |
| Genus Hepatovirus : | | |
| Hepatitis A virus (human enterovirus type 72) | 2 | Vaccine available |
| Genus Parechovirus : | | |
| Parechoviruses | 2 | |
| Virus Families not assigned to an C | Order | |
| Family Adenoviridae | | |
| Adenoviridae | 2 | |
| Family Anelloviridae | | |
| Genus Alphatorquevirus : | | |
| Torque teno virus (TTV) | 2 | Previously listed as Transfusion Transmitted virus |
| Transfusion transmitted virus | 2 | See Torque teno virus (TTV) |
| Family Arenaviridae | | |
| Genus Arenavirus : | | |
| Amapari virus | 2 | |
| Chapare virus | 4 | |
| Flexal virus | 3 | |
| Guanarito virus | 4 | |
| lppy virus | 2 | |
| Junin virus | 4 | |
| Lassa fever virus | 4 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Latino virus | 2 | |
| Lujo virus | 4 | |
| Lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus LCMV (all strains other than Armstrong) | 3 | |
| Lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus LCMV (Armstrong strain) | 2 | |
| Machupo virus | 4 | |
| Mobala virus | 3 | |
| Mopeia virus | 2 | |
| Parana virus | 2 | |
| Pichinde virus | 2 | |
| Sabia virus | 4 | |
| Tamiami virus | 2 | |
| Whitewater Arroyo virus | 2 | |
| Other LCM-Lassa complex viruses | 2 | Includes Kodoko, Morogoro, Merino Walk viruses |
| Other New World arenaviruses | 2 | Includes Allpahuayo, Bear Canyon, Cupixi, Oliveros, Pirital, Tacaribe |
| Family Astroviridae | 2 | |
| Family Bunyaviridae | | |
| Genus Hantavirus : | 1 | <u>, </u> |
| Andes virus | 3 | |
| Belgrade (Dobrava) virus | 3 | |
| Hantaan virus (Korean haemorrhagic fever) | 3 | |
| Prospect Hill virus | 2 | |
| Puumala virus | 2 | |
| Seoul virus | 3 | |
| Sin Nombre virus (formerly Muerto Canyon) | 3 | |
| Genus Nairovirus : | ĭ | |
| Crimean/Congo haemorrhagic fever virus | 4 | |
| Dugbe virus | 2 | |
| Ganjam virus | 2 | Variant of Nairobi Sheep Disease virus |
| Hazara virus | 2 | Subspecies of Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever virus |
| Nairobi Sheep Disease virus | 2 | Subspecies of Dugbe virus |
| Genus Orthobunyavirus : | | |
| Akabane virus | 2 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Bunyamwera virus | 2 | | |
| Bunyavirus germiston | 3 | Synonym: Germiston virus Subspecies of Bunyamwera virus | |
| California encephalitis virus | 2 | | |
| Germiston virus | 3 | See Bunyavirus germiston | |
| La Crosse virus | 3 | Subspecies of California encephalitis virus | |
| Ngari virus | 3 | Subspecies of Bunyamwera virus | |
| Oropouche virus | 3 | | |
| Snowshoe hare virus | 3 | Subspecies of California encephalitis virus | |
| Genus Phlebovirus: | | | |
| Punta Toro virus | 2 | | |
| Rift Valley fever virus | 3 | Classified under SAPO | |
| Sandfly fever Naples virus | 2 | | |
| Toscana virus | 2 | Subspecies of Sandfly fever Naples virus | |
| Unclassified Phlebovirus : | | | |
| Bhanja virus | 3 | | |
| Severe fever with thrombocytopoenia syndrome virus (SFTS) | 3 | | |
| Other Bunyaviridae not listed above | 2 | | |
| Family Caliciviridae | | | |
| Genus Norovirus : | | | |
| Noroviruses | 2 | Synonyms: Norwalk calicivirus, human calicivirus, human calicivirus NLV | |
| Genus Sapovirus : | | | |
| Sapporo viruses | 2 | Synonym: Human calicivirus NLV | |
| Other Caliciviridae | 2 | | |
| Family Flaviviridae | | | |
| Genus Flavivirus: | | | |
| Absettarov virus | 3 | Strain of Central European tick-borne encephalitis virus (Far Eastern subgroup) | |
| Alkhurma haemorrhagic fever virus | 3 | Subspecies of Kyasanur Forest disease virus | |
| Central European tick-borne encephalitis virus | 3 | Vaccine available European subtype of tick-borne encephalitis virus also including Siberian tick-borne encephalitis virus | |
| Dengue viruses types 1-4 | 3 | | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Far Eastern tick-borne encephalitis virus | 4 | Vaccine available See Russian spring-summer encephalitis virus |
| Hanzalova virus | 3 | Vaccine available Strain of Central European tick-borne encephalitis virus |
| Hypr virus | 3 | Vaccine available Synonym: Tick-borne encephalitis virus strain Hypr |
| Israel turkey meningitis meningoencephalomyelitis virus | 3 | |
| Japanese encephalitis virus | 3 | Classified under SAPO Vaccine available |
| Kumlinge virus | 3 | Species in Tick-borne encephalitis virus group |
| Kyasanur Forest disease virus | 4 | |
| Louping ill virus | 3* | |
| Murray Valley encephalitis virus | 3 | |
| Negishi virus | 3 | Species in Tick-borne encephalitis virus group |
| Omsk haemorrhagic fever virus | 4 | |
| Powassan virus | 3 | |
| Rocio virus | 3 | Subspecies of Ilheus strain of mosquito-borne virus |
| Russian spring-summer encephalitis virus | 4 | Synonym: Far Eastern tick-borne encephalitis virus; subtype of Tick-borne encephalitis virus |
| Sal Vieja virus | 3 | |
| San Perlita virus | 3 | |
| Siberian tick-borne encephalitis virus | 3 | Vaccine available See Central European tick-borne encephalitis virus |
| Spondweni virus | 3 | Subspecies of Zika virus |
| St Louis encephalitis virus | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Tick-borne encephalitis virus | 3 | |
| Wesselsbron virus | 3* | |
| West Nile fever virus | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Yellow fever virus | 3 | Vaccine available |
| Zika virus | 3 | See Spondweni virus |
| Genus Hepacivirus : | | |
| Hepatitis C virus | 3* | |
| Unclassified Flaviviridae | | |
| Genus Pegivirus : | | |
| Human pegivirus | 3* | Formerly known as GB virus C; or Hepatitis G virus |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Other Flaviviridae known to be pathogenic | 2 | |
| Family Hepadnaviridae | | |
| Genus Orthohepadnavirus : | | |
| Hepatitis B virus | 3* | Vaccine available |
| Hepatitis D virus (delta) | 3* | Vaccine available Synonym: Deltavirus Hepatitis delta virus |
| Family Hepeviridae | | |
| Genus Hepevirus : | | |
| Hepatitis E virus | 3* | |
| Family Orthomyxoviridae | | |
| Genus Influenzavirus A | | |
| Genus Influenzavirus B | | |
| Genus Influenzavirus C | | |
| Influenza types A, B and C | 2 | Vaccine available Potentially pandemic strains Classified under SAPO For work with emerging potentially pandemic strains refer to ACDP guidance 'Advice on Experimental working with Influenza Viruses of Pandemic Potential' http://www.hse. gov.uk/biosafety/diseases/acdpflu.pdf |
| Genus Thogotovirus : | | |
| Dhori virus | 2 | |
| Thogoto virus | 2 | |
| Family Papillomaviridae | | |
| Human papillomaviruses | 2 | |
| Family Parvoviridae | | |
| Subfamily Parvovirinae | | |
| Genus Bocavirus : | | |
| Human bocavirus | 2 | |
| Genus Erythrovirus : | | |
| Human parvovirus B19 | 2 | |
| Genus Parvovirus | | |
| Unclassified Parvovirus: | | |
| Human parvoviruses 4 and 5 | 2 | Synonyms: Human partetravirus (Parv4/Parv5) |
| Family Polyomaviridae | | |
| Genus Polyomavirus : | | |
| BK polyomavirus | 2 | |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| JC polyomavirus | 2 | |
| Simian virus 40 (SV40) | 2 | |
| Unclassified Polyomavirus: | | |
| KI polyomavirus | 2 | |
| WU polyomavirus | 2 | |
| Family Poxviridae | | |
| Subfamily Chordopoxvirinae | | |
| Genus Molluscipox : | | |
| Molluscum contagiosum virus | 2 | |
| Genus Orthopox : | | |
| 'Buffalopox' Vaccinia virus | 2 | |
| Cowpox virus | 2 | |
| Monkeypox virus | 3 | Vaccine available Vaccinia virus |
| Variola virus (major and minor) | 4 | Vaccine available All strains including Whitepox virus |
| Genus Parapox : | | |
| Orf virus | 2 | |
| Pseudocowpox virus (Milker's nodes virus) | 2 | |
| Genus Yatapox : | | |
| Tanapox virus | 2 | |
| Yaba monkey tumour virus | 2 | |
| Family Reoviridae | | |
| Subfamily Sedoreovirinae | | |
| Genus Orbivirus : | | |
| Orbiviruses | 2 | |
| Genus Rotavirus: | | |
| Human rotaviruses A, B and C | 2 | Vaccine available for group A |
| Genus Seadornavirus : | | |
| Banna virus | 3 | |
| Subfamily Spinareovirinae | • | |
| Genus Coltivirus : | | |
| Colorado tick fever virus | 2 | |
| Genus Orthoreovirus : | • | |
| Mammalian orthoreoviruses 1 to 3 | 2 | Synonyms: Mammalian orthoreovirus; subspecies Mammalian orthoreovirus 1 to 3; Reovirus types 1 to 3 |
| Reoviruses types 1 to 3 | 2 | See Mammalian orthoreoviruses 1 to 3 |

| Biological agent | Human pathogen hazard group | Taxonomy/notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Family Retroviridae | | |
| Subfamily Orthoretrovirinae | | |
| Genus Deltaretrovirus : | | |
| Primate T-cell lymphotropic viruses types 1 and 2 | 3* | Synonyms: Human T-cell lymphotropic viruses (HTLV) types 1 and 2 |
| Genus Gammaretrovirus : | | |
| Xenotropic murine leukaemia virus- related virus | 2 | |
| Genus Lentivirus : | | |
| Human immunodeficiency viruses | 3* | |
| Simian immunodeficiency virus | 3* | |
| Family Togaviridae | | |
| Genus Alphavirus : | | |
| Bebaru virus | 2 | |
| Chikungunya virus | 3* | |
| Eastern equine encephalomyelitis encephalitis virus | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Everglades virus | 3* | |
| Getah virus | 3 | |
| Mayaro virus | 3 | |
| Middelburg virus | 3 | |
| Mucambo virus | 3* | |
| Ndumu virus | 3 | |
| O'nyong-nyong virus | 2 | |
| Ross River virus | 2 | |
| Sagiyama virus | 3 | Subspecies of Ross River virus |
| Semliki Forest virus | 2 | |
| Sindbis virus | 2 | |
| Tonate virus | 3* | |
| Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Western equine encephalitis virus | 3 | Classified under SAPO |
| Other known alphaviruses | 2 | |
| Genus Rubivirus : | | |
| Rubella virus | 2 | Vaccine available |

Annex 1: Biological agents which may be used at less than the minimum containment conditions

This annex provides a list of biological agents that are human pathogens which may be used at less than the minimum containment conditions required by the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (COSHH).

Whether any of the applicable containment measures can be dispensed with in relation to work with the biological agents listed will depend on the particular activity undertaken. Please refer to guidance paragraphs 17 and 18 for further information.

Bacteria

- 1 Escherichia coli, vero-cytotoxigenic strains (eg O157:H7 or O103)
- 2 Mycobacterium microti
- 3 Mycobacterium ulcerans
- 4 Rickettsia akari
- 5 Rickettsia canada
- 6 Rickettsia montana
- 7 Salmonella typhi
- 8 Salmonella paratyphi A, B, C
- 9 Shigella dysenteriae (Type 1)

Unconventional agents associated with TSEs

- 10 The agent of bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) and other related animal TSEs
- 11 The agents of Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
- 12 The agents of variant Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease

Viruses

- 13 Chikungunya virus
- 14 Everglades virus
- 15 Hepatitis B virus
- 16 Hepatitis C virus
- 17 Hepatitis D virus
- 18 Hepatitis E virus
- 19 Human pegivirus (Hepatitis G)
- 20 Human immunodeficiency viruses
- 21 Primate T-cell lymphotropic viruses
- 22 Louping ill virus
- 23 Mucambo virus
- 24 Rabies virus
- 25 Simian immunodeficiency virus
- 26 Tonate virus
- 27 Wesselsbron virus

Parasites

- 28 Echinococcus granulosus
- 29 Echinococcus multilocularis
- 30 Echinococcus vogeli
- 31 Leishmania braziliensis
- 32 Leishmania donovani
- 33 Plasmodium falciparum
- 34 Taenia solium
- 35 Trypanosoma brucei rhodesiense

Further information

HSE and ACDP publications give advice on various aspects of work with biological agents. General and sector-specific guidance for work with biological agents published by HSE, ACDP and with links to guidance from other government departments is available on HSE website at:

www.hse.gov.uk/biosafety/information.htm

Guidance that should be consulted, as appropriate, when deciding on containment measures:

TSE: Safe working and the prevention of infection webarchive.nationalarchives.gov. uk/+/www.dh.gov.uk/ab/ACDP/TSEguidance/index.htm

Blood-borne virus web pages www.hse.gov.uk/biosafety/blood-borne-viruses/ index.htm

Advisory Committee on Dangerous Pathogens Biological agents: Managing the risks in laboratories and healthcare premises HSE 2005 www.hse.gov.uk/biosafety/biologagents.pdf see 'Part 3 Working in the laboratory' and 'Appendix 3.2 Working with Hazard Group 3 parasites'

For information about health and safety, or to report inconsistencies or inaccuracies in this guidance, visit www.hse.gov.uk/. You can view HSE guidance online and order priced publications from the website. HSE priced publications are also available from bookshops.

This Approved List is available online at www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/misc208.htm