

A thick black L-shaped frame is positioned on the left and bottom right sides of the slide, framing the central text.

IT212 GRAMMAR

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If clauses

Today's class

- *Recap on Summer Exam Paper*
- *Warm up: passive*
- *Lecture: if clauses*
- *In pair or groups - exercises on if clauses*
- *Next week: revision on subjunctive, if clauses and passive voice*

Summer Exam Paper

- **ONE** translation from Italian into English: 200 words
- and
- **ONE** reading comprehension, with 5 questions in English – the text will be about 2-page long.
- Time: 90 minutes
- Dictionaries are allowed
- Past Exam Papers are ONLINE
- **REVISE vocabulary (especially fixed expressions!) and grammar**

PASSIVE VOICE

- 4 forms:
- **Essere + past participle of the verb** > the subject is the **receiver** of the action
- *La macchina è stata lavata da Marco*
- **Venire + past participle of the verb** > no real difference in terms of meaning;
> only simple tenses (including passato remoto)
- *La macchina viene lavata da Marco*
- **Andare + past participle of the verb** > different meaning: idea of necessity/duty
> only simple tenses (BUT passato remoto)
- *La macchina va lavata da Marco*
- **Si + 3rd person singular/plural of the verb** > to express common/general actions
- *Si lava la macchina (di sabato)*

Warm up...*passive voice!*

- Any questions related to the homework exercises on passive voice?
- Worksheet

IF CLAUSES

- The 'if clauses' are sentences showing a CONDITION and a RESULT (or consequence).
- *Se Carla fosse qui, io sarei molto felice*
- There are **THREE** types of 'if clauses'
 - 1st: the condition is **very close to be true**, so we use the **indicative**
 - **Se gli telefoni (present indicative), Gianni ti spiegherà (future) tutto**

IF CLAUSES

- 2nd: the condition is POSSIBLE, so we use
 - **Se + (imperfect subjunctive), (CONDITION)**
 - **(present conditional) (RESULT/CONSEQUENCE)**
-
- **Se gli telefonassi (imperfect subjunctive), Gianni ti spiegherebbe (present conditional) tutto**

IF CLAUSES

- 3rd: the condition is IMPOSSIBLE, so we use
- **Se + (past perfect subjunctive)**
+ (past conditional) (RESULT/CONSEQUENCE)
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- **Se gli avessi telefonato (past perfect subjunctive), Gianni ti avrebbe spiegato (past conditional) tutto**
- *IF the RESULT/CONSEQUENCE is related to the present, we use the present conditional*
- Worksheet

Homework exercises

- For week 10 – **Tuesday 15 March 2016**
- - Grammar topic to be discussed in class in week 10: revision (passive, if clauses, subjunctive and conditional)
- - **Homework due in class in week 10**, ex. 8-9-10 pages 79-80 (*Italian Espresso 2 - Workbook*) related to if clauses (see week 9 for reference)
- - OPTIONAL homework, related to if clauses: ex. 11-12 pages 81 (*Italian Espresso 2 - Workbook*)