A novel SEXY approach to conquer poor resolution in Solid-State NMR using Saturation Exchange Spectroscopy

Ruben Tomas^a, Trent Franks^a, Peter Gierth^b and Józef Lewandowski^a

^a Department of Chemistry, The University of Warwick, Coventry, UK

^b Bruker UK Limited, Banner Lane, Coventry, UK

Introduction

- Solid-state NMR provides information on the structure and dynamics of various biomolecules at atomic resolution¹.
- **Spectral resolution** limits the amount of site-specific information extractable from an NMR spectrum².
- Saturation exchange spectroscopy (SEXY) is a novel approach being developed to allow information to be extracted from extensively broadened peaks.

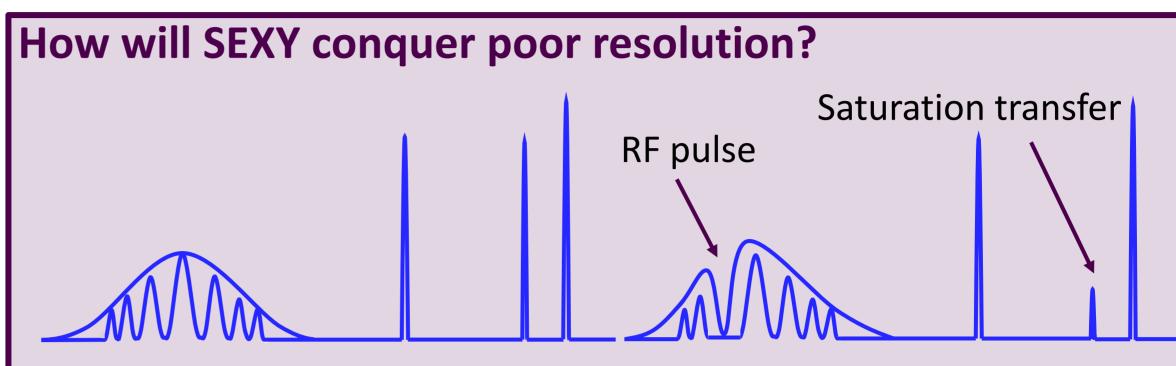


Figure 1. A radio frequency (RF) pulse **selectively saturates** a broadened peak. Saturation is transferred to additional peaks through **dipolar coupling** (through space interactions).

Methods: Proof of Concept

MLF was packed into a 1.3 mm triple-resonance probe. All spectra were obtained at a ¹H Larmor frequency of 600 MHz and a magic angle spinning frequency of 60 KHz.

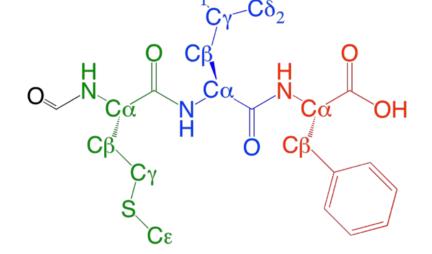


Figure 2. Fully labelled N-formyl-Met-Leu-Phe-OH (MLF).

Results 1: Finding Saturation Frequencies

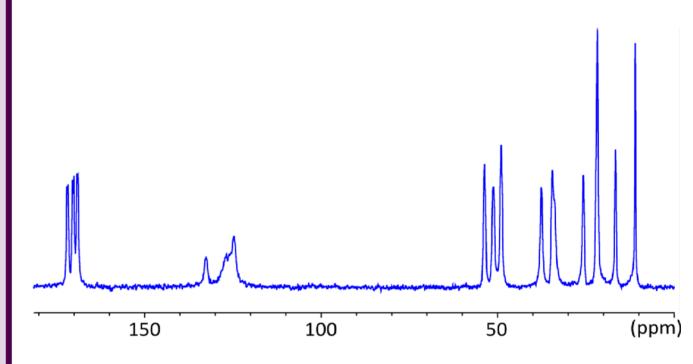
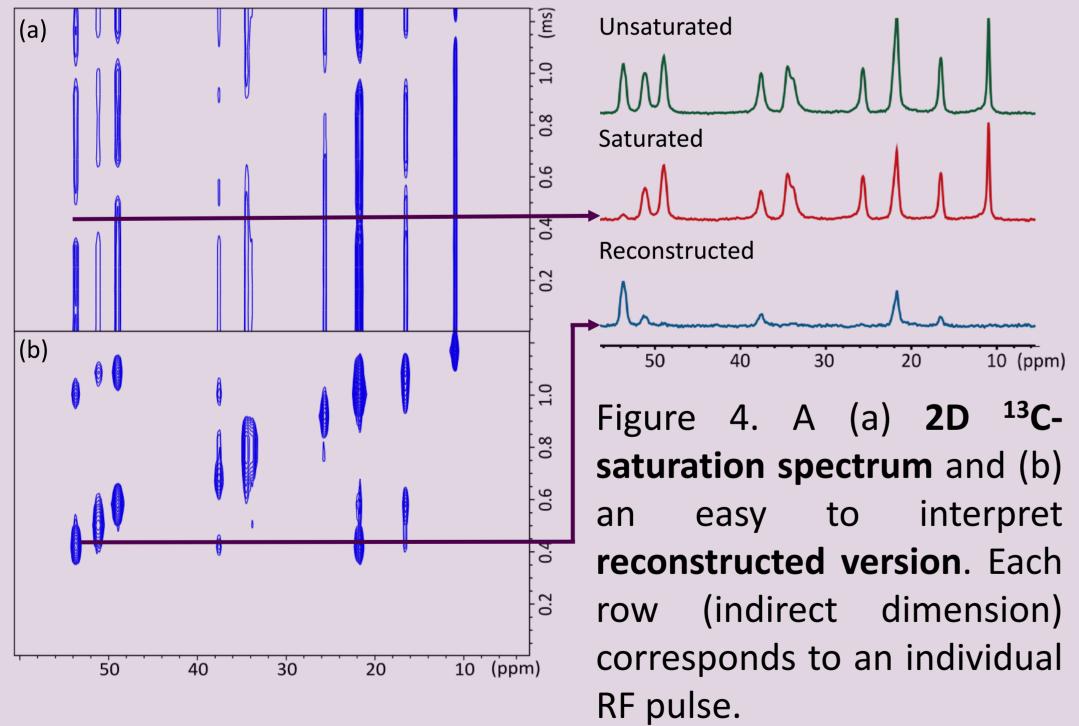


Figure 3. A 1D ¹³C spectrum of MLF with no saturation was used to obtain a list of RF pulse frequencies.

Results 2: MLF Saturation

What does a SEXY 2D spectrum look like?



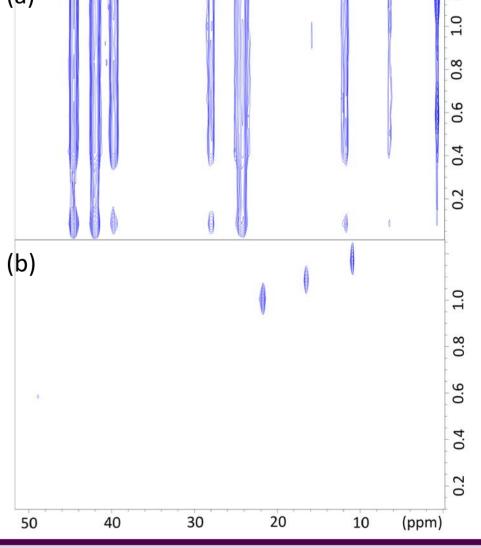
Making and interpreting a reconstructed SEXY 2D spectrum

- 1) Subtract each row of the 2D saturated spectrum (indirect dimension) by a 1D unsaturated spectrum.
- 2) 180° phase correction.
- 3) Peaks along the same row indicate saturation transfer.

How does saturation time (a) affect SEXY?

 Longer saturation times increases the time for saturation transfer.

Figure 5. Reconstructed 2D ¹³C-saturation spectra illustrating the effect of (a) **long** (4.5 s) and (b) **short** (0.01 s) **saturation times.**



Conclusion and Future Work

- SEXY is a novel approach that has presented possible uses in extracting useful information from extensively broadened peaks.
- Saturating MLF using RF pulses of varying frequencies and novel methods of reconstructing 2D NMR spectra have provided proof of concept.
- SEXY will now be used to analyse complex systems with inhomogeneous broadening and to study slow motions.

References and Acknowledgments

- 1. J. Lamley, *et al.*, Am. Chem. Soc., 2014, 136, 16800–16806.
- 2. S. Ashbrook and S. Sneddon, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2014, 136, 15440–15456.

