

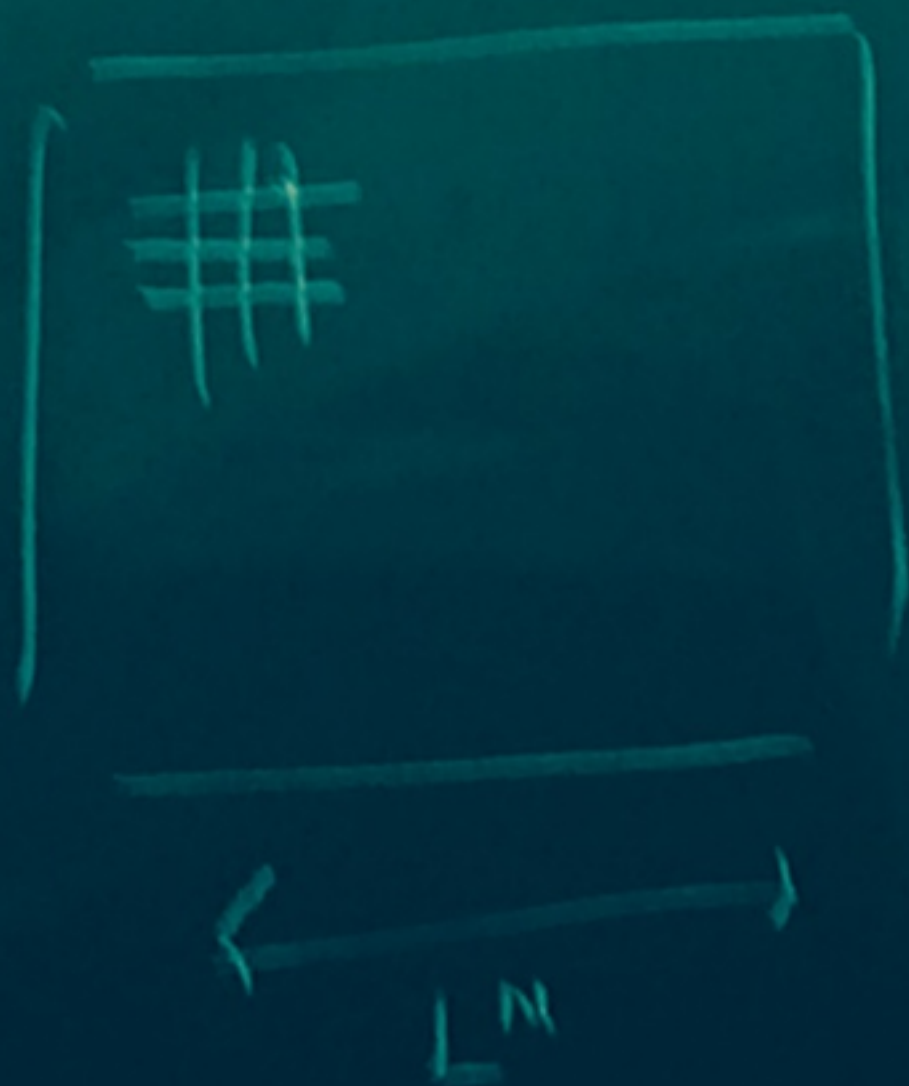
$|\varphi|^4$  spin model in 4 dimensions

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1 Model

$$\Lambda = \Lambda_N = \mathbb{Z}^d / L^N \mathbb{Z}^d = (\varphi_x^i)_{i=1}^n$$

$\varphi_x \in \mathbb{R}^n$  spin,  $x \in \Lambda$

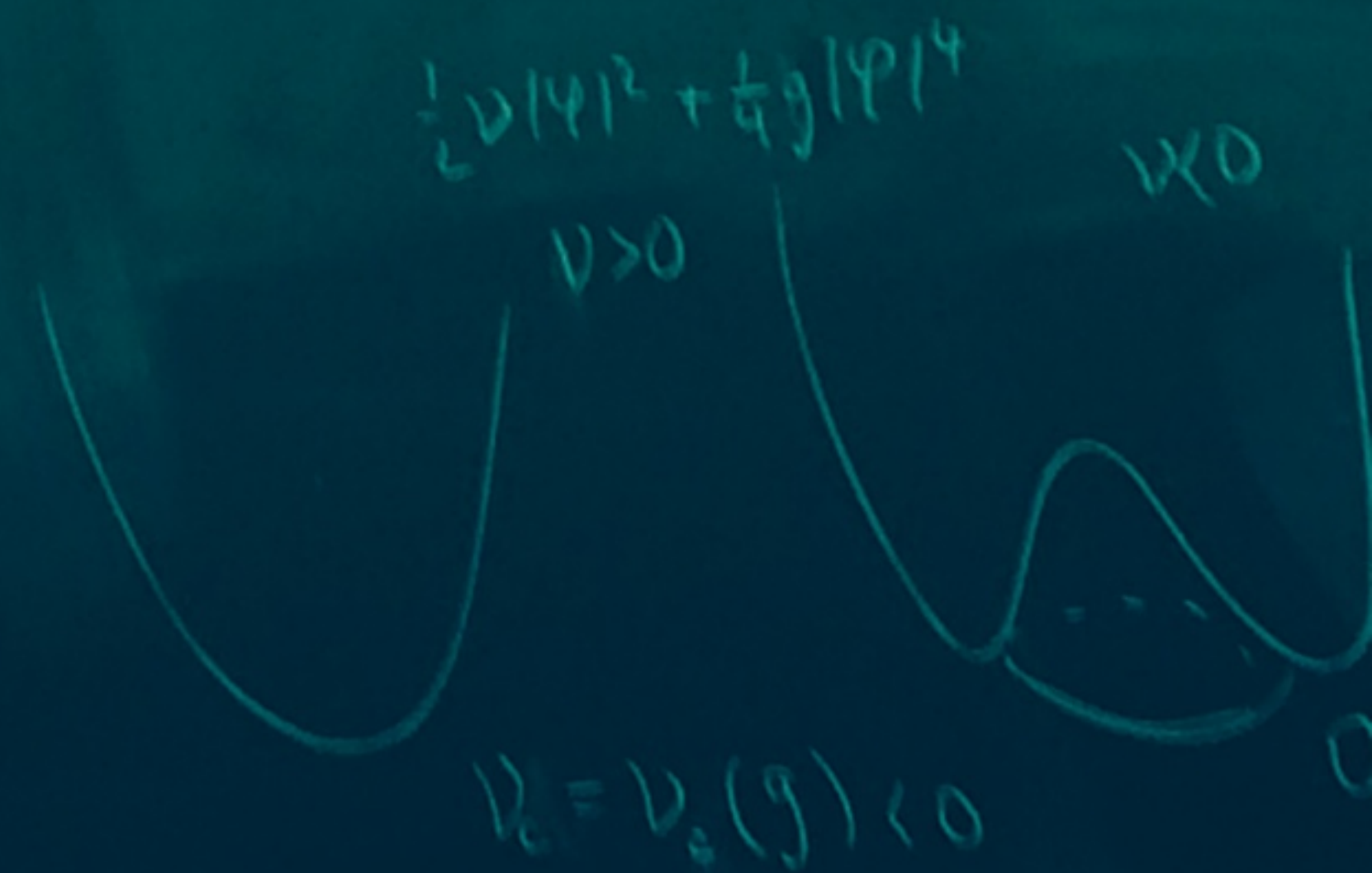


$$P_{g,v,\lambda}(d\varphi) = \frac{1}{Z_{g,v,\lambda}} e^{-\left( \sum_{x \in \Lambda} \left( \frac{1}{2} \varphi(-\Delta\varphi_x) + \frac{1}{2} v |\varphi_x|^2 + \frac{1}{4} g |\varphi_x|^4 \right) \right)} d\varphi$$

Leb. on  $\mathbb{R}^{n|\Lambda|}$

FSS '76 phase transition in  $d \geq 3, n \geq 1$

Goal study  $v = v_c, v \downarrow v_c$  in  $d=4$   
 $\rightarrow$  RG



2 type of method

correlation function:  $\Lambda_N \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^4$

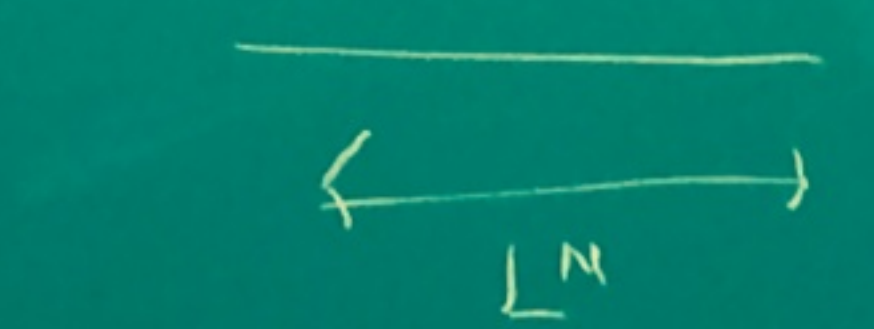
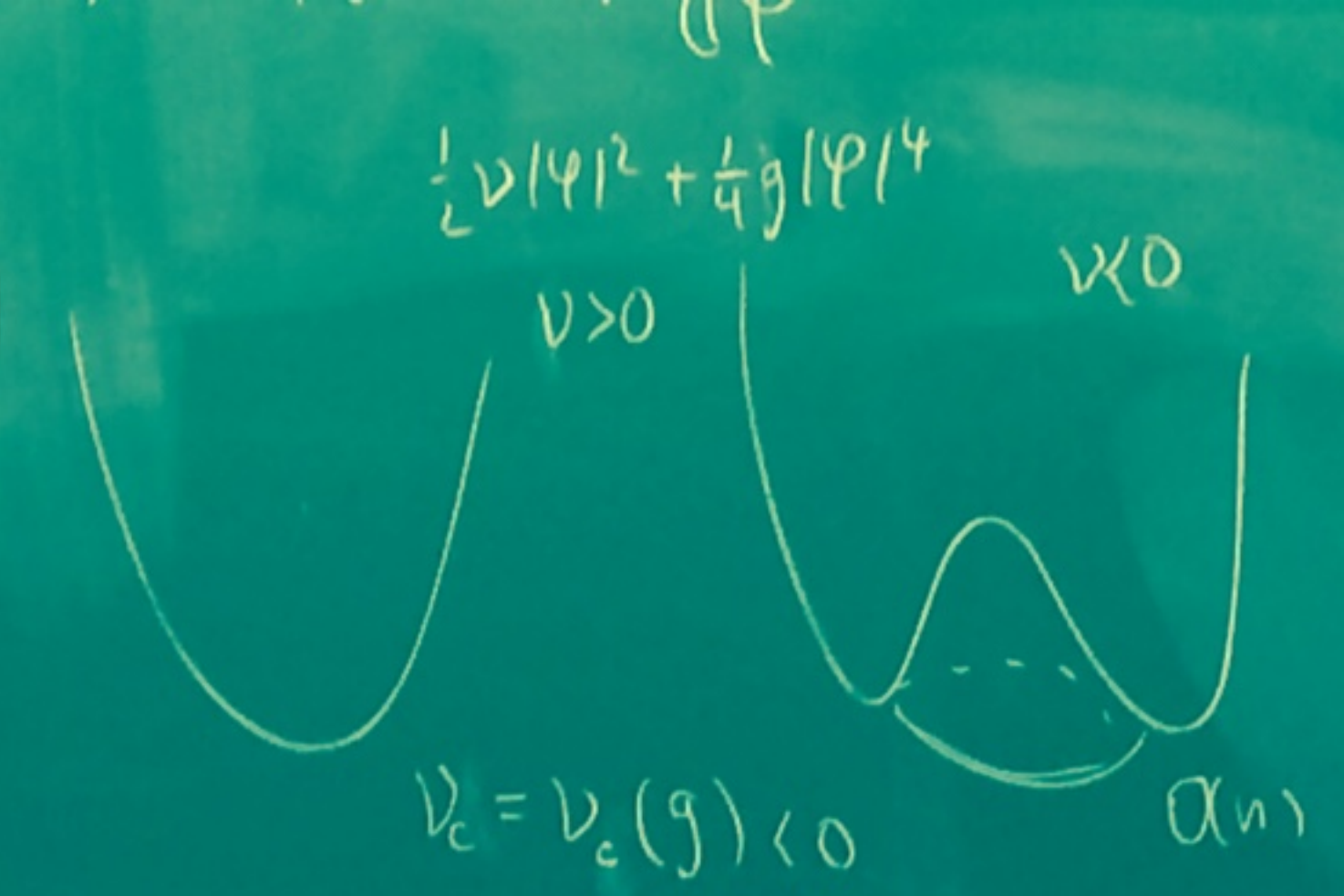
3 Approximation by EF

$$= V_{g,v,\lambda}(\varphi)$$



$\chi(g, \nu, \lambda(u)) = \sum_{g, \nu, \lambda} e^{-\lambda \chi}$   
 FISS '76 phase transition in  $d \geq 3, n \geq 1$

Goal study  $\nu = \nu_c, \nu \downarrow \nu_c$  in  $d=4$   
 $\rightarrow$  RG



Scope of method

- Correlation function:  $\Lambda_N \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^d$
- Scaling limit:  $L^{-N} \Lambda_N \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^d / \mathbb{Z}^d$
- Thermodynamic obs

$$\chi(g, \nu) = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{x \in \Lambda_N} \langle \varphi_0' \varphi_x' \rangle$$
 — suscept

pressure, specific heat

Thm For  $g > 0$  small,  

$$\chi(g, \nu_c + \varepsilon) \underset{\varepsilon \downarrow 0}{\sim} A(g) \varepsilon^{-1} (\log \varepsilon^{-1})^{\frac{n+2}{n+8}}$$

$$\chi(0, 0 + \varepsilon) = \varepsilon^{-1}$$

2. Approximation by FF

$$e^{-V_{g, \nu, 1}(\varphi)}$$

$$V_{g, \nu, 1}(\varphi) = \sum_{x \in \Lambda} \left( \frac{1}{2} \varphi_x (-\Delta \varphi)_x + \frac{1}{2} \nu |\varphi_x|^2 + \frac{1}{4} g |\varphi_x|^4 \right)$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{1+z_0} + \frac{z_0}{1+z_0} \quad \nu = \frac{m^2}{1+z_0} + \left( \nu - \frac{m^2}{1+z_0} \right)$$

$$V_{g, \nu, 1}(\varphi) = V_{g_0, m^2, 1}((1+z_0)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \varphi) + V_{g_0, \nu_0, z_0}((1+z_0)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \varphi)$$

$$g_0 = g(1+z_0)^2$$

$$\nu_0 = \nu(1+z_0) - m^2$$

$$C = (-\Delta + m^2)^{-1}$$

$$E_C$$



$$\langle F(\varphi) \rangle_{g, \nu, \lambda} = \frac{\mathbb{E}_c(Z_0(\varphi) F((1+z_0)^{\frac{1}{2}} \varphi))}{\mathbb{E}_c(Z_0(\varphi))}, \quad Z_0(\varphi) = e^{-V_0(\varphi)}, \quad V_0(\varphi) = V_{g_0, \nu_0, \tau_0}(\varphi)$$

$$\mathbb{E}_c(e^{(f, \varphi)} Z_0(\varphi)) = e^{\frac{1}{2}(f, cf)} \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_c(Z_0(\varphi + c f))}_{Z_M(cf)}$$

$$Z_M(\varphi) = \mathbb{E}_c(Z_0(\varphi + \varphi')) = \underbrace{(\mathbb{E}_c \Theta Z_0)}_{\varphi}(\varphi)$$

### 3 Decomposition

$$\varphi \stackrel{D}{=} \varphi_1 + \dots + \varphi_M$$

$\uparrow$                        $\uparrow$   
 GFF<sub>m^2</sub>      Gauss., indep.

$$(-\Delta + m^2)^{-1} = \sum_{i=1}^M C_i$$

$$C_i(x, y) = 0 \quad \text{if } |x - y| > \frac{1}{2}L^j$$

$$\lim_{m^2 \downarrow 0} C_i(x, y) = \underbrace{L^{-(d-2)_i}}_{\nabla^\alpha} \underbrace{L^{-|x_i|_i}}_{u \in C_c^\infty} u(L^{-1}|x - y|) + \underbrace{O(L^{-1} L^{-(d-2)_i})}_{L^{-|x_i|_i}}$$



$$Z_0 = e^{-V_0(\varphi)} \xrightarrow{E_{C_1} \theta} Z_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow Z_N$$

$$Z_{j+1} = |E_{C_{j+1}} \theta Z_j$$

4 RG

Study

$$e^{-u_j} Z_j \xrightarrow{|E_{C_{j+1}} \theta} e^{-u_{j+1}} Z_{j+1}$$

normalize  $Z_j(0) = 1$



coordinates:  $Z_j = Z_j(V_j, K_j)$

- $V_j \in \mathbb{R}^3$ , detailed knowledge
- $K_j$   $\infty$ -dim, contracting  $\rightarrow$  D.B.

$$(V_j, K_j) \mapsto (V_{j+1}, K_{j+1}) = \mathcal{F}_j(V_j, K_j)$$

$$(V_j, 0) \rightarrow$$

$$V_j = (g_j, u_j, z_j) \rightarrow V_j(\varphi) = \sum_{x \in \Lambda} \left( \frac{1}{2} z_j \varphi(-\Delta \varphi)_x + \frac{1}{2} u_j |\varphi_x|^2 + \frac{1}{2} g_j |\varphi_x|^4 \right)$$

" $K_0 = 0$ "

$$|\varphi_j(x)| \approx \sqrt{C_j(x,x)} \approx L^{-1}$$

$$\sum_{x \in B} |\varphi_j(x)|^4 \approx L^4 \cdot L^{-4} \approx 1$$

$$|\varphi_j(x)|^2 \approx L^{-2}$$

$$\sum_{x \in B} \varphi_j(-\Delta \varphi_j) \approx 1$$

All other terms  $\approx L^{-p_1}$



$$Z_0(\varphi) = I_0(V_0, \varphi), \quad I_0(V_0, \varphi) = e^{-V_0(\varphi)}$$

Prop  $E_{\varphi} I_i(V_i) = I_{i+1}(V_{i+1}) + O(V_i^3)$  where

$$I_i(V_i, \varphi) = e^{-V_i(\varphi)} (1 + W_i(V_i, \varphi))$$

rel. / mag. incl.

$$\beta_i = (n+8) \sum_{k \in \Lambda} \left( \left( \sum_{k=1}^i C_k(x) \right)^2 - \left( \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} C_k(x) \right)^2 \right)$$

$n \downarrow 0$

$j \rightarrow \infty$

$$\sim (n+8) \frac{\log L}{16 \pi^2}$$

$$\rightarrow g_{i+1} = g_i - \beta_i g_i^2 + (\dots)$$

$$\mu_{i+1} = L^2 \mu_i \left( 1 - \frac{n+2}{n+8} \beta_i g_i \right) + (\dots)$$

$$\rightarrow Z_{i+1} = Z_i - (\dots)$$




Prop. For  $m^2 \geq 0$ ,  $g_0 > 0$  small,

$$\exists v_0 = v_0^c(m^2, g_0), z_0 = z_0^c(\dots)$$

$$\text{s.t. } (V_j, K_j) = (g_j, \mu_j, z_j, K_j) \longrightarrow (g_\infty, 0, 0, 0), g_\infty > 0$$

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$$g_0 \sim \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^{m^2} \beta_j} \sim c(\log m^2)^{-1}$$



# 5 Susceptibility

$$(g, \nu) \longrightarrow (m^2, g_0, \nu_0, z_0)$$

$$\chi(g, \nu) = (1+z_0) \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{1}{m^2} + \frac{1}{m^4} \underbrace{\left[ \frac{\nu_N}{m^2} \right]}_{\sim \frac{1}{m^2}} + O\left(\frac{1}{m^4} \left[ \frac{\nu_N^2}{m^2} \right]\right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1+z_0}{m^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \chi(g, \nu)}{\partial \nu} \stackrel{m^2 \gg 0}{\sim} \frac{1}{m^4} \left[ \frac{-2N \frac{\partial \nu_N}{\partial \nu_0}}{m^2} \right] \sim \frac{c}{m^4} \left( \frac{g_0}{g_0} \right)^{1 + \frac{2N}{m^2}}$$





# 5 Susceptibility

$$(g, \nu) \rightarrow (m^2, g, \nu, z_0)$$

$$\chi(g, \nu) = (1+z_0) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{m^2} + \frac{1}{m^4} \overbrace{\left[ \mu_h \right]}^{\nu_h} + O\left( \frac{1}{m^4} \left[ \frac{z}{g} \right] \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1+z_0}{m^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} \chi(g, \nu) \stackrel{m^2 \rightarrow 0}{\sim} \frac{1}{m^4} \left[ \frac{\partial \mu_h}{\partial \mu_0} \right] \sim \frac{c}{m^4} \left( \frac{g_{\text{co}}}{g_0} \right)^{\frac{nr_2}{nr_1}} \sim \frac{c}{m^4 (\log m)^{\frac{nr_2}{nr_1}}}$$