


~~Artin groups~~

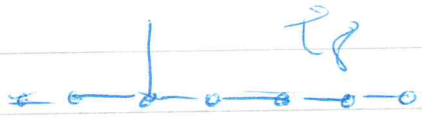
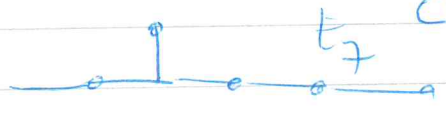
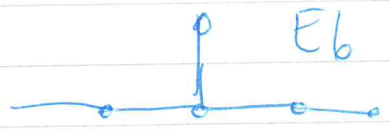
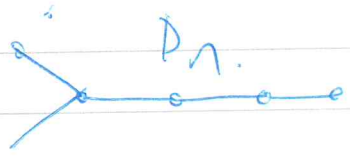
Artin Gps:

Def Small type: Finite graph Γ : 
 Vertices: v . If v_1, v_2 are not connected by an edge = $v_1 v_2 = v_2 v_1$
 Connected by an edge: $v_1 v_2 v_1 = v_2 v_1 v_2$

Ex 5: Finite type Artin gps (Brieskorn - Saito)

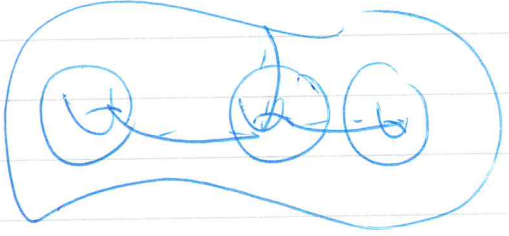
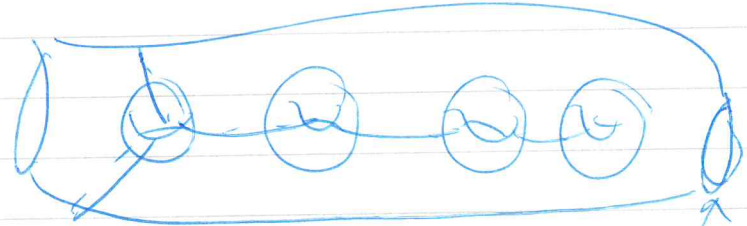
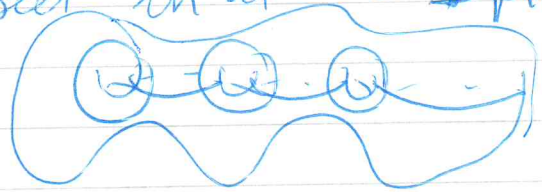
Axeter gp. defined by Γ is finite

A_n = Artin braid gp on $n+1$ strands
 = MCG of disk with $n+1$ punctures.



Take surface S (closed)

Curve diagram on S : scc C_1, \dots, C_n st C_i, C_{i+1} intersect in at most 1 pt, connects.



Included

Diagram is minimal \Leftrightarrow Cut S along diagram,
get topological disk

Give curves orientable $\Rightarrow c_i$ define basis of $H_1(S; \mathbb{Z})$

Def: Arf invt of minimal curve diagrams:

c_1, \dots, c_{2g}

we $H_1(S; \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}) \Rightarrow$ write $w = \sum a_i [c_i]$

take those $a_i = 1$.

$Q(w) =$ Euler char. of the graph, vertices c_i .

$Q(c_i) = 1$

Claim: Q is quadratic form for $H_1(S; \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}) \Rightarrow$

$$Q(a+b) = Q(a) + Q(b) + \langle a, b \rangle$$

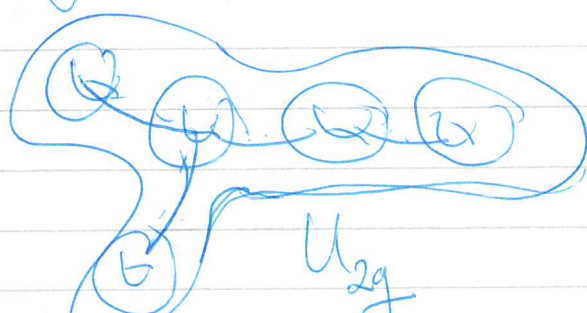
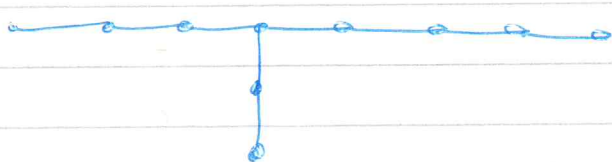
Arf invt of Q . $\underbrace{\langle a, b \rangle}_{\text{int} \# \text{ mod } 2}$

Take symplectic basis $a_1, \dots, a_g, b_1, \dots, b_g$ for $H_1(S; \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})$;

$$\text{Arf}(Q) = \sum Q(a_i)Q(b_i)$$

Fact: Dehn twist along any scc a with $Q(a) = 1$
preserves $\text{Arf}(Q)$

• Ex: Compute $A(E_{2g}) = 0$ iff $g \equiv 0, 1 \pmod{4}$



$A(U_{2g}) = 0$ iff $g \equiv 2, 3 \pmod{4}$

$A(\Gamma)$

Fact: The LAN g_p defined by the curve diagram admits a homeomorphism $R: A(\Gamma) \rightarrow \text{Mod}(S_{g,1})$

associated to generate the corresponding Dehn twist

Fact (Peron-Vannier)

For D_n , the map R is injective

Thm (Wang) g_p

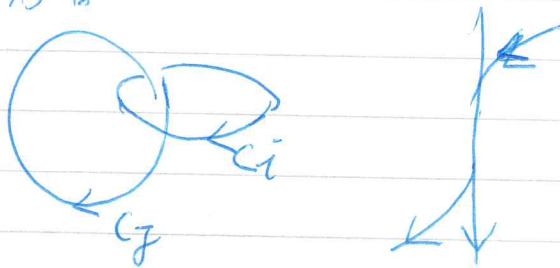
For E_6, E_7, E_8 , not inj. (kernel is inf)
 it is

Defn: A curve diagram has a consistent orientation iff

let $p \in C_i \cap C_j$, assume that orientation of $T_p S$ gives orientation given by $C'_i(p), C'_j(p)$ then for all q s.t. $C_i \cap C_j \ni q$, then $C'_i(q), C'_j(q)$ is oriented basis of $T_q S$.

$T_q S$.

Fact: If the curve diagram is a tree, then \exists a consistent orientation.



replacement with wavy intersection $pt \Rightarrow$ get a frame \mathcal{E} on S_g

Fact: A vertex cycle on \mathcal{G} is an unbroken s.c.c in \mathcal{G} (C' -embedded)
 \mathcal{G} is oriented (consistent choice)

Let $B(\mathcal{G}) \subset \text{Mod}(S_g)$ gfd by Dehn twists along all vertex cycles int.

Lemma: $B(\mathcal{G}) = R(A(\Gamma))$

Lemma: If η is obtained from \mathcal{G} by a single split, then $B(\eta) = B(\mathcal{G})$

This implies.

Let us assume \mathcal{G} is a component of stratum of Abelian diffs of S with single zero, \Rightarrow stabilizer in $\text{Mod}(S_{g,1})$ of a component of preimage in Teich space = $R(A(\Gamma))$ (\neq hyperelliptic)

E_6, E_7, E_8 :

via the homom. R these gps act with unbdd orbit on the cone graph of S .

In particular, these gps act on hyperbolic graph ~~with~~ in non-elementary way.

Harvey + H: For every finite type stratum gp, $G \curvearrowright$ hyperbolic graph with acylindrical action of G . (this graph is a quasi-free-

Bestvina's construction?

Corollary $A(E_6), A(E_7), A(E_8)$ embed ~~quest-ion~~ ^(center) into a finite product of hyp. graphs

BBF

H : handlebody of genus $g \geq 2$

Disk gr.: • Vertices: Disk banding curves
• Edge: disjointness

$H \in \mathcal{B}^-$
Quasi-Embed, not q-emb.

Hole: Rectify H as an I bundle over surface of 1 bdy comp
bdry curve γ of F curve in ∂H

Hole: set of all disks which intersect γ in precisely 2 pts