

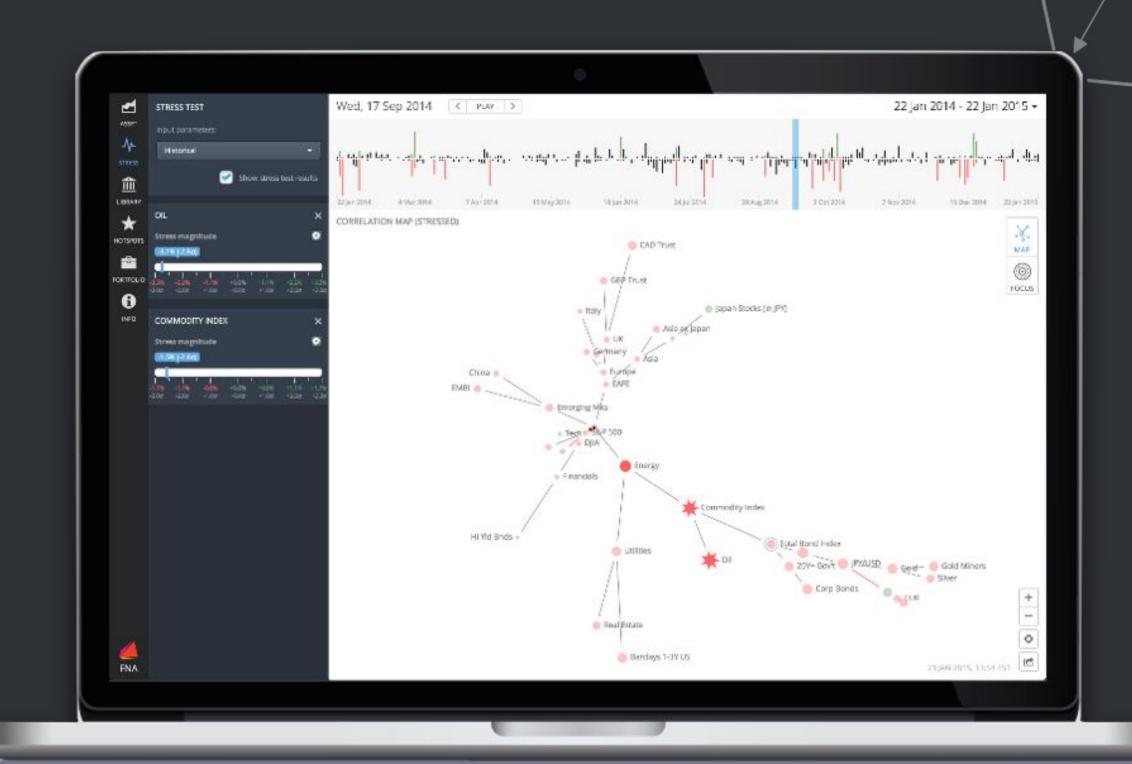
# Transactional data, analytics and algorithms.

London, 5 Feb. '16

Paytech2016
Panel discussion

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www.fna.fi





### International Payments









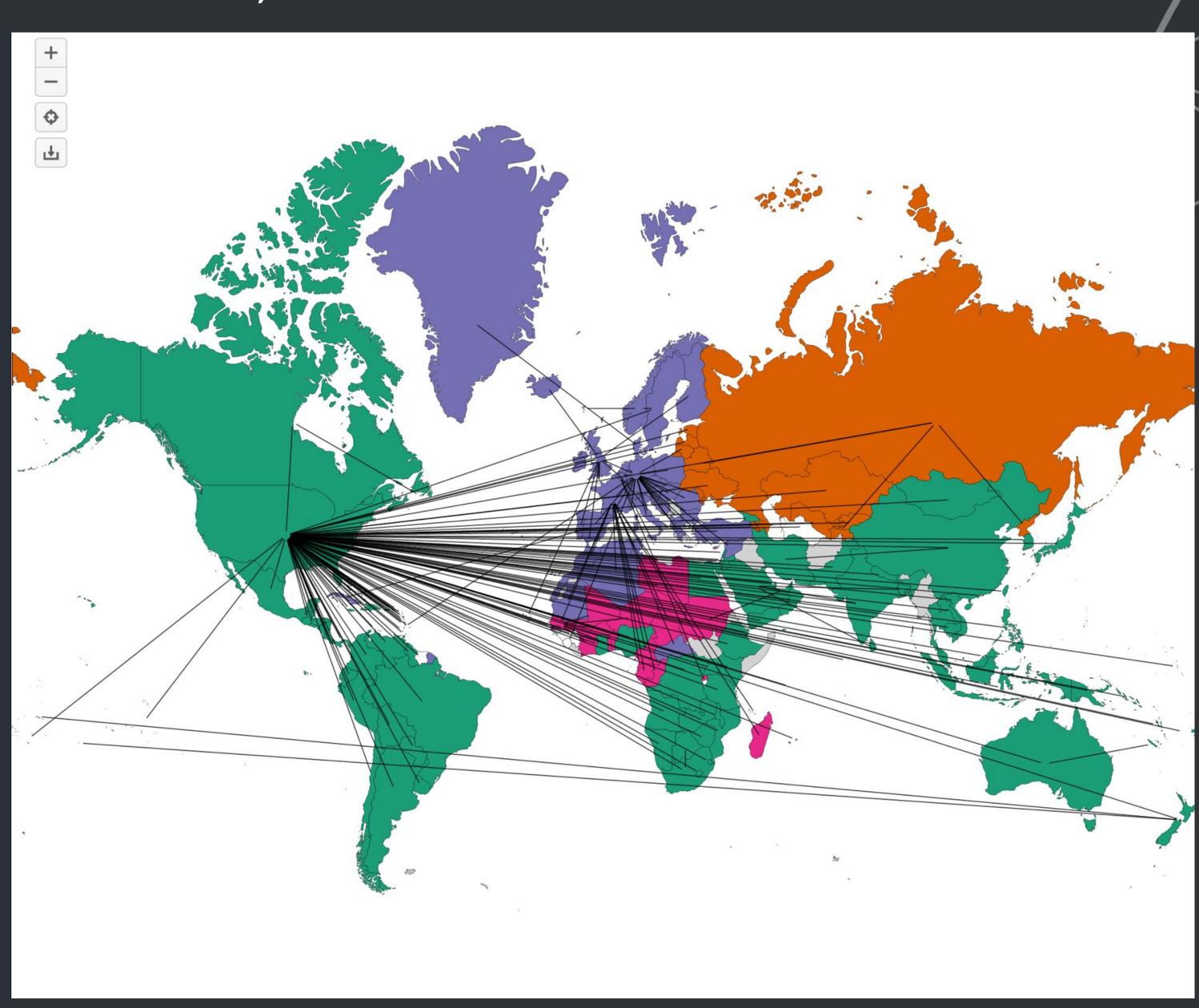


#### SWIFT Payment Flows, Communities

This visualization shows the communities defined by the flow of SWIFT MT103 messages across countries in July, 2013. Communities are defined by the algorithm of

Clauset, Newman, and Moore, and represented by colors. Greyed-out countries (e.g., Somalia and Iraq) are those for which no data is available.

The links represent the maximumspanning tree of the network defined
by number of messages sent between
countries. The maximum-spanning
tree filters down to the most important
links so that the core network
structure is more easily visible. The
countries with more than one link in
the tree tend to be "hubs," for example
Germany and the United States.







## Interbank payments











Korean Interbank Network

This visualization shows payment flows in BoK-Wire+, the Korean interbank network. Nodes denote participants, and links net payment flows between the participants. The size of the nodes scales with SinkRank, a network-based measure of systemic importance. Links represent payment flows and links widths scale with the value of payments sent.

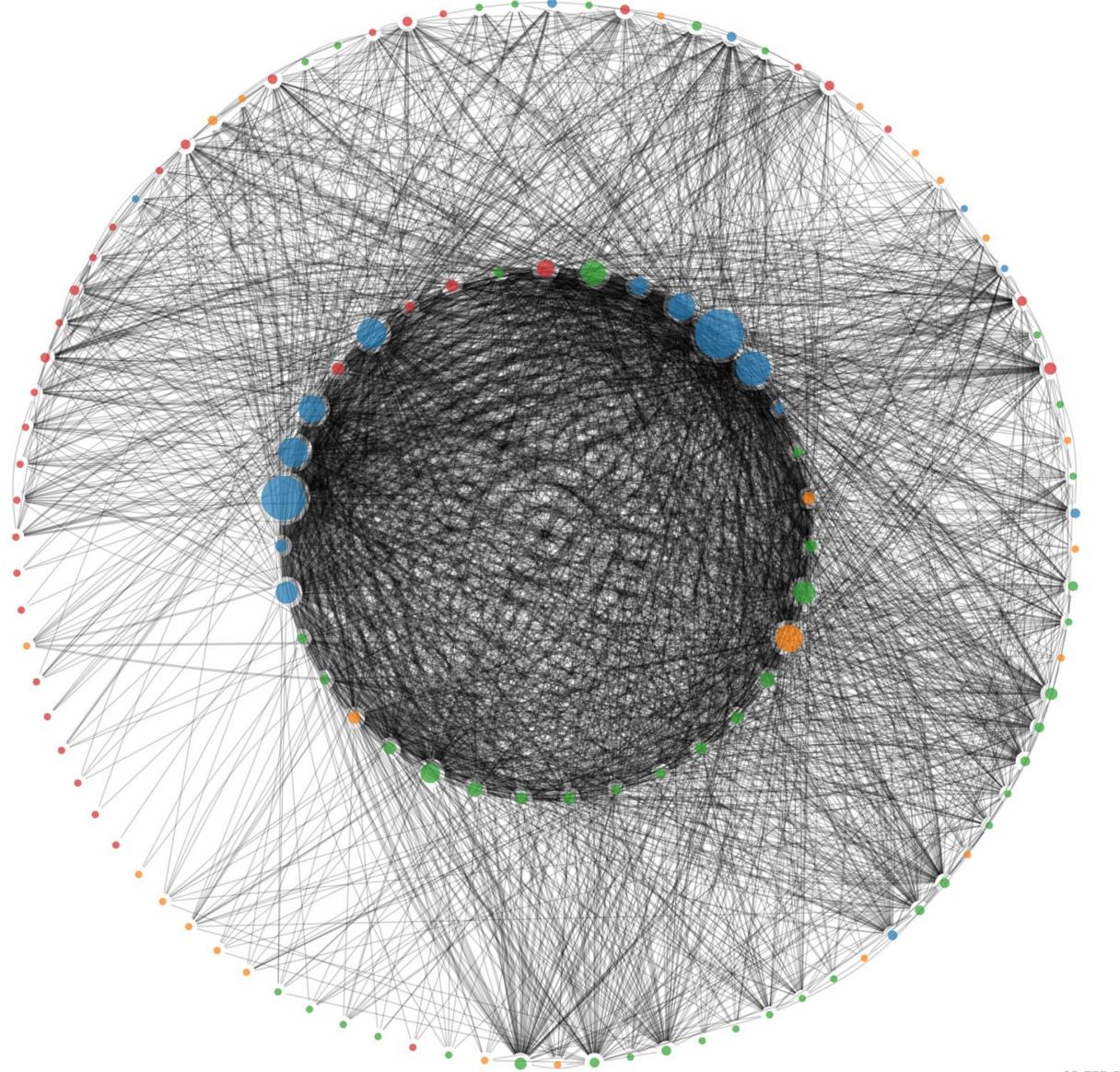
The nodes are colored according to the group that the participants belong to: Blue = Domestic banks, Red = Foreign Bank Branches, Green = Financial Investment Companies, Orange = Other.

The node layout is based on the banks' core-periphery classification. Core banks are densely connected among themselves and placed on the inner circle. Periphery banks have fewer links, mainly to core banks, and are placed on the outer circle.





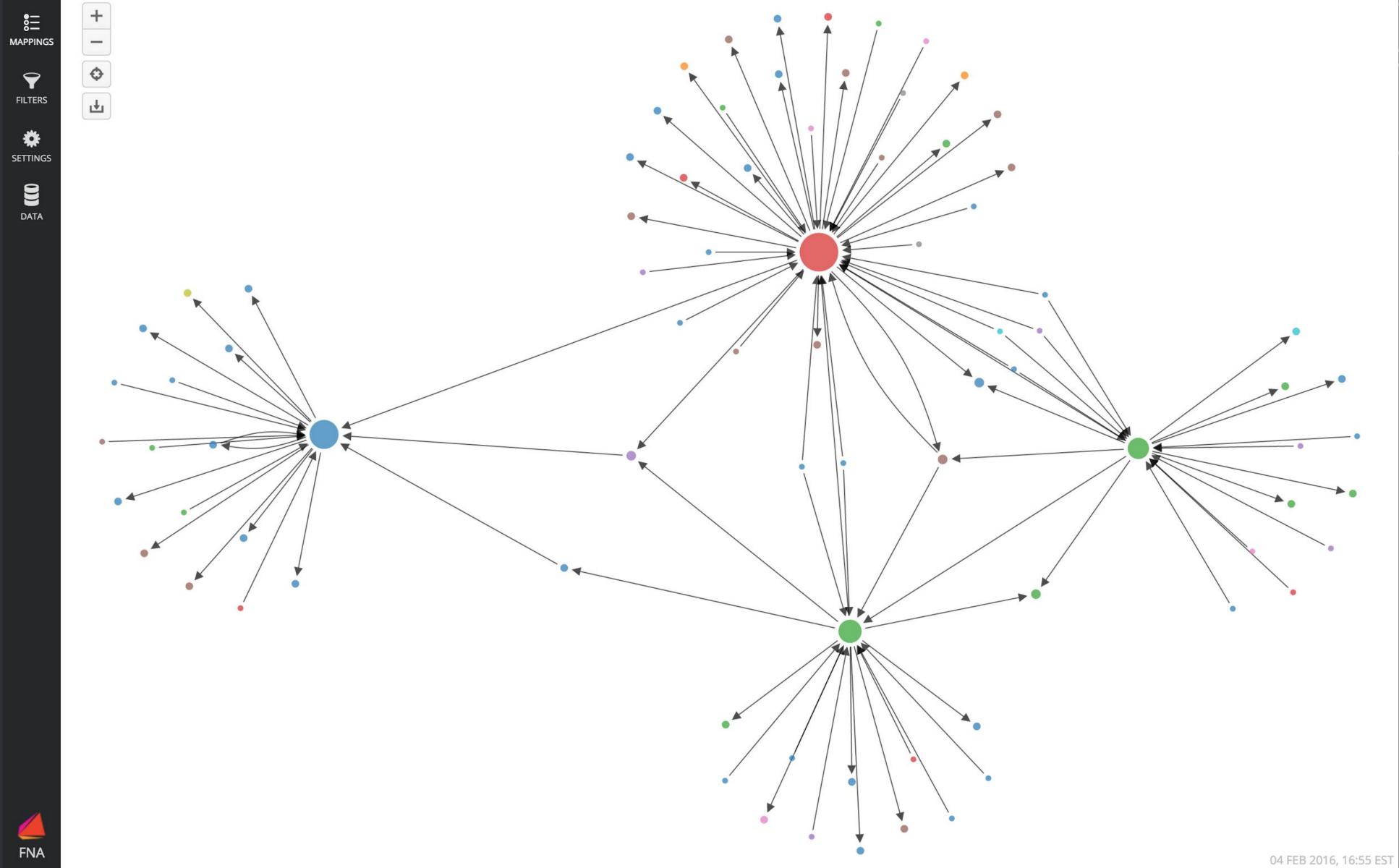








# Intercompany Payments







Mapping Financial Networks

Thank You!

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